Please refer to the definition file.

- 1. The taste of the food is good.
- 2. This building existed for two years.
- 3. The remaining eggs are on the table.
- 4. She is a working student.
- 5. Her awareness of the weather is helpful.
- 6. The problem is still existing.
- 7. She is relaxing.
- 8. I am showing you my book.
- 9. She is aware of the news.

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1.food
- 2.good
- 3.blue
- 4. water
- 5. fine
- 6. taste

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. The taste of the food is good.
- 2. The taste of the egg is good.
- 3. The taste of the egg is fine.
- 4. The taste of the water is fine.
- 5. The taste of the water is sweet.
- 6. The taste of the milk is sweet.
- 7. The taste of the sandwich is sweet.

- 1. She is a working student. Repeat.
- 2. She is a working student. Change: he. --- [He is a working student.]
- 3. He is a working student. Change: father. --- [He is a working father.]
- 4. He is a working father. Change: they. --- [They are working fathers.]
- 5. They are working fathers. Change: good. ---- [They are good fathers.]

- 1. I am a working student.
- 2. My brother and I are working students.
- 3. My brother and I are working students in the school.
- 4. My brother and I are working students in the school library.

- 1. She is a working student. Repeat.
- 2. She is a working student. Transform: not. --- [She is not a working student.]
- 3. The taste of the food is good. Repeat.
- 4. The taste of the food is good. Transform: not. --- [The taste of the food is not good.]
- 5. I am playing basketball for an hour. Repeat.
- 6. I am playing basketball for an hour. Transform: how long. --- [How long are you playing basketball?]
- 7. The teacher is showing the book to the student. Repeat.
- 8. The teacher is showing the book to the student. Transform: what. --- [What is the teacher showing to the student?]
- 9. They are saving their money. Repeat.
- 10. They are saving their money. Transform: what. --- [What are they saving?]

Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. She is relaxing. Repeat.
- 2. She is relaxing. Change: dance. --- [She is dancing.]
- 3. She is dancing. Change: sing. --- [She is singing.]
- 4. She is singing. Change: cook. --- [She is cooking.]
- 5. She is cooking. Change: he. --- [He is cooking.]
- 6. 6. He is cooking. Change: they. --- [They are cooking.]

Sound (Phoneme) Identification Drill

Listen to the teacher, repeat, and tick the correct sound.

	/u/	/ប/	/aɪ/	/ει/
1. <u>goo</u> d				
2. f <u>oo</u> d				
3. f <u>i</u> ne				
4. bl <u>ue</u>				
5. <u>eig</u> ht				
6. fly				
7. taste				

- 1. good [/ʊ/]
- 2. food [/u/]
- 3. fine [/aɪ/]
- 4. blue [/u/]
- 5. eight [/ ϵ I/]
- 6. fly [/aɪ/]
- 7. taste [/εɪ/]

- 1. Are you a working student? Were you a working student?
- 2. Is it helpful to be aware of the weather? Why or why not?
- 3. Do you relax your body? How? Why or why not?
- 4. Do you like the taste of tea?
- 5. Are you aware of the news today?

F

-
- 1. We watch a car race.
- 2. She likes horse racing.
- 3. He makes a good shot.
- 4. He quits basketball.
- 5. They practice football every day.

- 6. The basketball practice is on Monday.
- 7. The players train for basketball every day.
- 8. He throws the ball.
- 9. Some examples of modern technologies are computers, cellphones, and CDs.

F

- 1. She is studying at the moment.
- 2. I am feeling the pain now.
- 3. I am playing basketball for an hour.
- 4. She is dreaming of me tonight.
- 5. The mother is monitoring her children.
- 6. He is digging up the land.
- 7. They are saving their money.
- 8. She is texting at the moment.
- 9. She is pushing the desk.

F

- 1. The taste of the food is good.
- 2. This building existed for two years.
- 3. The remaining eggs are on the table.
- 4. She is a working student.
- 5. Her awareness of the weather is helpful.
- 6. The problem is still existing.
- 7. She is relaxing.
- 8. I am showing you my book.
- 9. She is aware of the news.

- 1. The players train for basketball every day. Repeat.
- 2. The players train for basketball every day. Change: football. --- [The players train for football every day.]
- 3. The players train for football every day. Change: soccer. --- [The players train for soccer every day.]
- 4. The players train for soccer every day. Change: every Saturday. --- [The players train for soccer every Saturday.]
- 5. The players train for soccer every Saturday. Change: they. --- [They train for soccer every Saturday.]

Phoneme Practice Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. race
- 2. practice
- 3. park
- 4. car
- 5. basketball
- 6. watch

- 1. She is digging up.
- 2. She is digging up the land.
- 3. She is digging up the land in the park.
- 4. She is digging up the land in the park now.

Sentence Intonation Drill

Listen and practice the intonation of these questions.

- 1. Are you cooking now?
- 2. Is he playing soccer now?
- 3. Am I speaking French now?
- 4. Are we eating dinner now?

- 1. Are you cooking now? →
- 2. Is he playing soccer now? →
- 3. Am I speaking French now? →
- 4. Are we eating dinner now? →

- 1. She is a working student. Repeat.
- 2. She is a working student. Transform: not. --- [She is not a working student.]
- 3. The taste of the food is good. Repeat.
- 4. The taste of the food is good. Transform: not. --- [The taste of the food is not good.]
- 5. I am playing basketball for an hour. Repeat.
- 6. I am playing basketball for an hour. Transform: how long. --- [How long are you playing basketball?]
- 7. The teacher is showing the book to the student. Repeat.
- 8. The teacher is showing the book to the student. Transform: what. --- [What is the teacher showing to the student?]
- 9. They are saving their money. Repeat.
- 10. They are saving their money. Transform: what. --- [What are they saving?]

- 1. I am a working student.
- 2. My brother and I are working students.
- 3. My brother and I are working students in the school.
- 4. My brother and I are working students in the school library.

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. food
- 2. good
- 3. blue
- 4. water
- 5. fine
- 6. taste

- 1. She is digging up the land. Repeat.
- 2. She is digging up the land. Transform: not. --- [She is not digging up the land.]
- 3. She is digging up the land in the park. Repeat.
- 4. She is digging up the land in the park. Transform: where. --- [Where is she digging up the land?]
- 5. I am playing basketball for an hour. Repeat.
- 6. I am playing basketball for an hour. Transform: how long. --- [How long are you playing basketball?]
- 7. The teacher is showing the book to the student. Repeat.
- 8. The teacher is showing the book to the student. Transform: what. --- [What is the teacher showing to the student?]

- 9. They are saving their money. Repeat.
- 10. They are saving their money. Transform: what. --- [What are they saving?]
- 11. They are saving their money. Transform: not. --- [They are not saving their money.]
- 12. I am feeling the pain now. Repeat.
- 13. I am feeling the pain now. Transform: who. --- [Who is feeling the pain now?]
- 14. I am feeling the pain now. Transform: not. --- [I am not feeling the pain now.]

R.E.M.S METHOD REV 2.12

F

Sound (Phoneme) Identification Drill

Listen to the teacher, repeat, and tick the correct sound.

	/u/	/ប/	/aɪ/	/EI/
1. <u>goo</u> d				
2. f <u>oo</u> d				
3. f <u>i</u> ne				
4. bl <u>ue</u>				
5. <u>eig</u> ht				
6. fl <u>y</u>				
7. t <u>a</u> ste				

- 1. good [/ʊ/]
- 2. food [/u/]
- 3. fine [/aɪ/]
- 4. blue [/u/]
- 5. eight [/εɪ/]
- 6. fly [/aɪ/]
- 7. taste [/ɛɪ/]

- 1. They practice football every day. Repeat.
- 2. They practice football every day. Transform: when. --- [When do they practice football?]
- 3. They practice football every day. Transform: not. --- [They do not practice football every day.]
- 4. She likes horse racing. Repeat.
- 5. She likes horse racing. Transform: not. --- [She doesn't like horse racing.]
- 6. She likes horse racing. Transform: who. --- [Who likes horse racing?]
- 7. He makes a good shot. Repeat.
- 8. He makes a good shot. Transform: not. --- [He doesn't make a good shot.]
- 9. Some examples of modern technologies are computers, cellphones, and CDs. Repeat.
- 10. Some examples of modern technologies are computers, cellphones, and CDs. Transform: what. --- [What are some examples of modern technologies?]

Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. She is relaxing. Repeat.
- 2. She is relaxing. Change: dance. --- [She is dancing.]
- 3. She is dancing. Change: sing. --- [She is singing.]
- 4. She is singing. Change: cook. --- [She is cooking.]
- 5. She is cooking. Change: he. --- [He is cooking.]
- 6. He is cooking. Change: they. --- [They are cooking.]

- 1. They practice football every day.
- 2. My sister and I are studying at the moment in the park.
- 3. The taste of the sandwich is sweet.
- 4. She watches a basketball practice.
- 5. Her awareness of the weather is helpful.
- 6. My brother and I are working students in the school library.

Please refer to the definition file.





Asking About What People Do 1

Do Questions

Page 115

We use the word "do" to make questions in the simple present tense.

This is the pattern:

Do + subject + verb?

Do + I/you/we/they + go ...?

For example:

Do you work in the office?

Do they play basketball?

Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. Do you work in the army?
- 2. Do princesses work in a school?
- 3. Do professors teach?
- 4. Do models work at a farm?
- 5. Where do professors work?
- 6. Where do princes live?
- 7. Do priests cook?
- 8. Do police officers work at night?
- 9. Do soldiers wear uniforms?
- 10. Do farmers grow vegetables?

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. Do you work as a soldier?
- 2. Do you work as a model?
- 3. Do you work as a farmer?
- 4. Do you work as a priest?
- 5. Do you work as an officer?
- 6. Do you work as a teacher?

- 1. Do you work as a soldier? Repeat.
- 2. Do you work as a soldier? Change: model. --- [Do you work as a model?]
- 3. Do you work as a model? Change: farmer. --- [Do you work as a farmer?]
- 4. Do you work as a farmer? Change: at the farm. --- [Do you work at the farm?]
- 5. Do you work at the farm? Change: school. --- [Do you work at the school?]

Vowel Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. work /3₁/
- 2. farm /a₁/
- 3. farmer /aɹ/ , /əɹ/
- 4. army /a₁/
- 5. worker /3』/, /ə』/

- 1. Where do professors work?
- 2. Where do professors and models work?
- 3. Where do professors, models, and farmers work?
- 4. Where do professors, models, farmers and soldiers work?

Transformation Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. They work as models. Repeat.
- 2. They work as models. Transform: do. --- [Do they work as models?]
- 3. Professors teach in a university. Repeat.
- 4. Professors teach in a university. Transform: where. --- [Where do professors teach?]
- 5. Farmers grow vegetables. Repeat.
- 6. Farmers grow vegetables. Transform: what. --- [What do farmers grow?]
- 7. Police officers work at night. Repeat.
- 8. Police officers work at night. Transform: do. --- [Do police officers work at night?]
- 9. Princes live in a palace. Repeat.
- 10. Princes live in a palace. Transform: where. --- [Where do princes live?]

Question and Answer with Prompt Drill

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- Do you work in the army? --- Yes, I work ... [Yes, I work in the army.]/ No, I don't ... [No, I don't ... work in the army.]
- 2. Do you work at a farm? --- Yes, I work ... [Yes, I work at a farm]/ No, I don't work ... [No, I don't work at a farm.]
- 3. Where do farmers work? --- Farmers work ... [Farmers work at a farm.]
- 4. What do farmers grow? --- Farmers grow ... [Farmers grow vegetables.]
- 5. Do police officers work at night? --- Yes, police officers work ... [Yes, police officers work at night.]/ No, police officers ... [No, police officers don't work at night.]
- 6. Do professors teach? --- Yes... [Yes, professors teach.]
- 7. Do soldiers wear uniforms in your country? --- Yes, soldiers ... [Yes, soldiers wear uniforms in my country.]

Open Questions Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 1. What do you do?
- 2. Where do you work?
- 3. Do you like your work? Why or why not?
- 4. Do you wear a uniform in your office?
- 5. Do you work from Monday to Friday?

Please refer to the definition file.



Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

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- 1. The shop has a large membership.
- 2. She joins the conference.
- 3. She has a collection of Haruki Murakami's books.
- 4. She has a lot of credit in her bank.
- 5. The duty of a teacher is to teach.
- 6. He was fired from his work.

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Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 7. She sends an email message.
- 8. I earn \$4,000 a month.
- 9. She is writing on the form.
- 10. He prints the picture.
- 11. The print is not clear.
- 12. The printer printed many pictures.

F

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. She joins the conference.
- 2. She joins the class.
- 3. She joins the practice.
- 4. He joins the practice.
- 5. They join the practice.

- 1. He prints the picture. Repeat.
- 2. He prints the picture. Change: she. --- [She prints the picture.]
- 3. She prints the picture. Change: they. --- [They print the picture.]
- 4. They print the picture. Change: book. --- [They print the book.]
- 5. They print the book. Change: read. --- [They read the book.]

- 1. She joins the conference.
- 2. She joins the conference and the practice.
- 3. She joins the basketball conference and the tennis practice.
- 4. She joins the basketball conference and the tennis practice in the park.

Transformation Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. She joins the conference. Repeat.
- 2. She joins the conference. Transform: not. --- [She does not join the conference.]
- 3. The printer printed the pictures. Repeat.
- 4. The printer printed the pictures. Transform: not. --- [The printer did not print the pictures.]
- 5. I earn \$4,000 a month. Repeat.
- 6. I earn \$4,000 a month. Transform: how much. --- [How much do you earn a month?]
- 7. He prints the picture. Repeat.
- 8. He prints the picture. Transform: what. --- [What does he print?]
- 9. The duty of the teacher is to teach the students. Repeat.
- 10. The duty of the teacher is to teach the students. Transform: what. --- [What is the duty of the teacher?]

- 1. Do you have credit in your bank account?
- 2. Is it good to have credit? Why or why not?
- 3. Do you have a credit card? How many?
- 4. How much do people in your country earn a month?
- 5. Do you join conferences at your company? What kind of conferences?

Please refer to the definition file.

R.E.M.S METHOD F9







- 1. There is a sale in the shop on Monday.
- 2. The company's sales this year are big.
- 3. She quits her work.
- 4. She is in the studio for dance practice.
- 5. The website provides pictures of the company.
- 6. Her business is growing.
- 7. The sales of the business remain the same.
- 8. She has some savings for her son.
- 9. The lady owns the studio.

- 1. The company's sales this year are big.
- 2. The company's sales this year are high.
- 3. The shop's sales this year are high.
- 4. The shop's sales this year are low.

- 1. She has some savings for her son. Repeat.
- 2. She has some savings for her son. Change: he. --- [He has some savings for his son.]
- 3. He has some savings for his son. Change: daughter. --- [He has some savings for his daughter.]
- 4. He has some savings for his daughter. Change: they. --- [They have some savings for their daughter.]
- 5. They have some savings for their daughter. Change: money. --- [They have some money for their daughter.]

- 1. The lady owns the studio.
- 2. The lady in white owns the studio.
- 3. The lady in white owns the studio and the shop.
- 4. The lady in white owns the studio and the shop in the park.

Transformation Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. She quits her work. Repeat.
- 2. She quits her work. Transform: not. --- [She does not quit her work.]
- 3. Her business is growing. Repeat.
- 4. Her business is growing. Transform: what. --- [What is growing?]
- 5. There is a sale in the shop on Monday. Repeat.
- 6. There is a sale in the shop on Monday. Transform: when. --- [When is there a sale in the shop?]
- 7. She has savings for her son. Repeat.
- 8. She has savings for her son .Transform: what. --- [What does she have for her son?]
- 9. The company's sales for this year are big. Repeat.
- 10. The company's sales for this year are big. Transform: not. --- [The company's sales for this year are not big.]

- 1. Do you have savings? Why or why not?
- 2. Is it good to have savings? Why or why not?
- 3. Do you want to have a business? Why or why not?
- 4. What kind of business do you want to have?
- 5. How often do shops in your country have sales?

- 1. Do you work in the army?
- 2. Do princesses work in a school?
- 3. Do professors teach?
- 4. Do models work at a farm?
- 5. Where do professors work?

- 6. Where do princes live?
- 7. Do priests cook?
- 8. Do police officers work at night?
- 9. Do soldiers wear uniforms?
- 10. Do farmers grow vegetables?

- 1. The shop has a large membership.
- 2. She joins the conference.
- 3. She has a collection of Haruki Murakami's books.
- 4. She has a lot of credit in her bank.
- 5. The duty of a teacher is to teach.
- 6. He was fired from his work.

- 7. She sends an email message.
- 8. I earn \$4,000 a month.
- 9. She is writing on the form.
- 10. He prints the picture.
- 11. The print is not clear.
- 12. The printer printed many pictures.

R.E.M.S METHOD REV 3.3

READING EXERCISE

F

- 1. There is a sale in the shop on Monday.
- 2. The company's sales this year are big.
- 3. She quit her work.
- 4. She is in the studio for dance practice.
- 5. The website provides pictures of the company.
- 6. Her business is growing.
- 7. The sales of the business remain the same.
- 8. She has some savings for her son.
- 9. The lady owns the studio.

- 1. The company's sales this year are big.
- 2. The company's sales this year are high.
- 3. The shop's sales this year are high.
- 4. The shop's sales this year are low.

Vowel Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. work /з./
- 2. farm /a₁/
- 3. farmer /aɹ/ , /əɹ/
- 4. army /a₁/
- 5. worker /3』/, /ə』/

- 1. They work as models. Repeat.
- 2. They work as models. Transform: do. --- [Do they work as models?]
- 3. Professors teach in a university. Repeat.
- 4. Professors teach in a university. Transform: where. --- [Where do professors teach?]
- 5. Farmers grow vegetables. Repeat.
- 6. Farmers grow vegetables. Transform: what. --- [What do farmers grow?]
- 7. Police officers work at night. Repeat.
- 8. Police officers work at night. Transform: do. --- [Do police officers work at night?]
- 9. Princes live in a palace. Repeat.
- 10. Princes live in a palace. Transform: where. --- [Where do princes live?]

- 1. Do you work in the army? Repeat.
- 2. Do you work in the army? Change: model. --- [Do you work as a model?]
- 3. Do you work as a model? Change: farmer. --- [Do you work as a farmer?]
- 4. Do you work as a farmer? Change: at the farm. --- [Do you work at the farm?]
- 5. Do you work at the farm? Change: school. --- [Do you work at the school?]

- 1. She joins the conference. Repeat.
- 2. She joins the conference. Transform: not. --- [She does not join the conference.]
- 3. The printer printed the pictures. Repeat.
- 4. The printer printed the pictures. Transform: not. --- [The printer did not print the pictures.]
- 5. I earn \$4,000 a month. Repeat.
- 6. I earn \$4,000 a month. Transform: how much. --- [How much do you earn a month?]
- 7. He prints the picture. Repeat.
- 8. He prints the picture. Transform: what. --- [What does he print?]
- 9. The duty of the teacher is to teach the students. Repeat.
- 10. The duty of the teacher is to teach the students. Transform: what. --- [What is the duty of the teacher?]

- 1. She joins the conference.
- 2. She joins the conference and the practice.
- 3. She joins the basketball conference and the tennis practice.
- 4. She joins the basketball conference and the tennis practice in the park.

- 1. He prints the picture. Repeat.
- 2. He prints the picture. Change: she. --- [She prints the picture.]
- 3. She prints the picture. Change: they. --- [They print the picture.]
- 4. They print the picture. Change: book. --- [They print the book.]
- 5. They print the book. Change: read. --- [They read the book.]

Transformation Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. She quits her work. Repeat.
- 2. She quits her work. Transform: not. --- [She does not quit her work.]
- 3. Her business is growing. Repeat.
- 4. Her business is growing. Transform: what. --- [What is growing?]
- 5. There is a sale in the shop on Monday. Repeat.
- 6. There is a sale in the shop on Monday. Transform: when. --- [When is there a sale in the shop?]
- 7. She has savings for her son. Repeat.
- 8. She has savings for her son .Transform: what. --- [What does she have for her son?]
- 9. The company's sales for this year are big. Repeat.
- 10. The company's sales for this year are big .Transform: not. --- [The company's sales for this year are not big.]

- 1. She has some savings for her son. Repeat.
- 2. She has some savings for her son. Change: he. --- [He has some savings for his son.]
- 3. He has some savings for his son. Change: daughter. --- [He has some savings for his daughter.]
- 4. He has some savings for his daughter. Change: they. --- [They have some savings for their daughter.]
- 5. They have some savings for their daughter. Change: money. --- [They have some money for their daughter.]

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

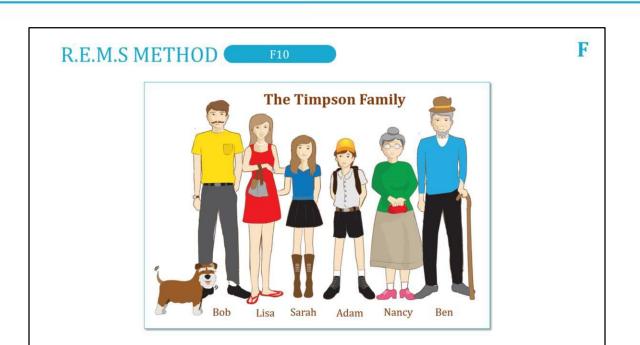
Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. Do you work as a soldier?
- 2. Do you work as a model?
- 3. Do you work as a farmer?
- 4. Do you work as a priest?
- 5. Do you work as an officer?
- 6. Do you work as a teacher?

- 1. What do you do?
- 2. Where do you work?
- 3. Do you like your work? Why or why not?
- 4. Do you wear a uniform in your office?
- 5. Do you work from Monday to Friday?

- 1. Do farmers grow vegetables?
- 2. She joins the conference.
- 3. The company's sales this year are high.
- 4. Where do professors, models, farmers and soldiers work?
- 5. Do you have credit in your bank account?
- 6. She has some savings for her son.

Please refer to the definition file.



Asking About What People Do 2

Anybody, somebody and nobody

Page 160

1. We use anybody in questions and negative sentences. Anybody can refer to any person.

Examples: Does anybody in your family work at the farm?

I don't know anybody in the office.

2. We use somebody in positive sentences.

Example: Clearly somebody opened my door.

3. Nobody means "no person".

Examples: I knew nobody at the party.

Nobody in my family works at the farm.

- 1. Nobody in my company is married.
- 2. Does anybody want coffee?
- 3. Nobody in this room works in the business field.
- 4. She is somebody's lover.
- 5. Nobody provides us with the form.
- 6. Does anybody here work in an office?
- 7. Nobody knows that he is my friend.
- 8. Nobody knows where her parents are.
- 9. She is an animal lover.
- 10. Parents work hard for their children.
- 11. I go out for dinner with my friends.

F

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. Nobody in my company is married.
- 2. Nobody in my company is teaching.
- 3. Somebody in my company is teaching.
- 4. Somebody in my company is a professor.
- 5. Somebody in my company is a manager.
- 6. Somebody in my house is a manager.

R.E.M.S METHOD EXERCISE F10.P1

Sentence Intonation Drill

Listen and practice the intonation of these sentences and questions.

- 1. Does anybody want coffee?
- 2. Nobody wants coffee.
- 3. Is anybody here going to the mall?
- 4. Yes, somebody here is going to the mall.
- 5. No, nobody here is going to the mall.

- 1. Does anybody want coffee? →
- 2. Nobody wants coffee. →
- 3. Is anybody here going to the mall? ightharpoonup
- 4. Yes, somebody here is going to the mall. →
- 5. No, nobody here is going to the mall. >

Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. She is somebody's lover. Repeat.
- 2. She is somebody's lover. Change: he. --- [He is somebody's lover.]
- 3. He is somebody's lover. Change: friend. --- [He is somebody's friend.]
- 4. He is somebody's friend. Change: they. --- [They are somebody's friends.]

- 1. Nobody provides us with the form.
- 2. Nobody provides us with the form and the pen.
- 3. Nobody provides us with the form and the pen in the office.
- 4. Nobody provides us with the form and the pen in the office this morning.

- 1. Is anybody in your family married? --- [Yes, somebody in my family is married./ No, nobody in my family is married.]
- 2. Does anybody work in an office? --- [Yes, somebody works in an office/ No, nobody works in an office.]
- 3. Does anybody work in the business field? --- [Yes, somebody works in the business build/ No, nobody works in the business build.]
- 4. Does anybody provide you with the form? [Yes, somebody provides me with the form.]

Open Questions Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Do you know anybody in your family who is married?
- 2. Do parents in your country read stories to their children?
- 3. Do you live with your parents?
- 4. Are you an animal lover?
- 5. Do you know anybody in your family who is an animal lover?
- 6. Do you know anybody who is in the business field?
- 7. Do you go out with your friends for dinner?

Fill in the Blanks Exercise

Listen and fill in the correct indefinite pronoun.

1. I went to Gemma's house this morning but there washome [nobody]	-
2. I put my books on the table but touched them [somebody]	
3. Doesin your family work in the office? [anybody]	
4. Isin your family married? [anybody]	
5. I called the office many times butanswered [nobody]	
6. Clearly opened the forms in my computer [somebody]	
7. I don't know at the party [anybody]	