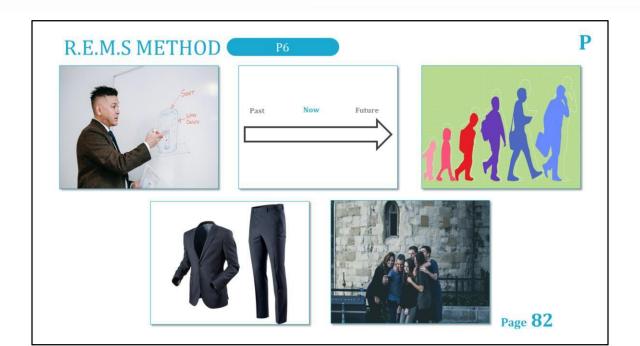
Please refer to the definition file.



- 1. The class has a dance presentation this afternoon.
- 2. The class will present a dance this afternoon.
- 3. I think the past is more peaceful than the present.
- 4. My friend gave me a watch as a birthday present.
- 5. The tree's growth was fast.
- 6. I have nowhere to sleep.
- 7. My little son will have a brief dance presentation at school.

- 8. Do not involve yourself in anything dangerous.
- 9. My brother controls the bicycle very well and drives fast.
- 10. I attended a formal dinner last night.
- 11. The growth of the music industry is good.
- 12. The current status of the company is not good.
- 13. She wants to improve her social status.

- 1. We are going to have a short presentation. Repeat.
- 2. We are going to have a short presentation. Change: they. --- [They are going to have a short presentation.]
- 3. They are going to have a short presentation. Change: brief. --- [They are going to have a brief presentation.]
- 4. They are going to have a brief presentation. Change: present. --- [They are going to present a brief presentation.]
- 5. They are going to present a brief presentation. Change: show. --- [They are going to present a brief show.]
- 6. They are going to present a brief show. Change: conduct. --- [They are going to conduct a brief show.]
- 7. They are going to conduct a brief show. Change: interview. --- [They are going to conduct a brief interview.]
- 8. They are going to conduct a brief interview. Change: formal. --- [They are going to conduct a formal interview.]
- 9. They are going to conduct a formal interview. Change: meeting. --- [They are going to conduct a formal meeting.]

- 1. Who controls the growth of the music industry?
- 2. Who decides the growth of the business industry?
- 3. Who knows the growth of the fashion industry?
- 4. Who knows the status of the fashion show?
- 5. Who knows the status of the current situation?

- 1. My sister is in this city. Repeat.
- 2. My sister is in this city. Add: older. --- [My older sister is in this city.]
- 3. My older sister is in this city. Add: nowhere. --- [My older sister is nowhere in this city.]
- 4. My older sister is nowhere in this city. Add: little. --- [My older sister is nowhere in this little city.]

- 1. at school.
- 2. song presentation at school.
- 3. a brief song presentation at school.
- 4. will have a brief song presentation at school.
- 5. My little girl will have a brief song presentation at school.

R.E.M.S METHOD EXERCISE P6.P1

Sentence Chunking Drill

Practice the proper chunking of the following sentences.

- 1. The battle between the countries of Europe happened centuries ago.
- 2. Our leaders declared battles with other countries in the past.
- 3. A man asked me where the pet shop was.
- 4. "Would you mind singing tonight?", my brother asked.
- 5. They are going to conduct a brief interview.

- [1. The battle between the countries of Europe | happened centuries ago.]
- [2. Our leaders declared battles | with other countries in the past.]
- [3. A man asked me | where the pet shop was.]
- [4. "Would you mind singing tonight?", | my brother asked.]
- [5. They are going to conduct | a brief interview.]

- 1. You have a life. Repeat.
- 2. Add: here. --- [You have a life here.]
- 3. Add: social. --- [You have a social life here.]
- 4. Add: don't. --- [You don't have a social life here.]

- 1. I want a car as my Christmas present. Repeat.
- 2. I want a car as my Christmas present. Transform: what. --- [What do I want as my Christmas present?]
- 3. He involved famous people in the story. Repeat.
- 4. He involved famous people in the story. Transform: who. --- [Who did he involve in the story?]
- 5. He will give his brief speech tonight. Repeat.
- 6. He will give his brief speech tonight. Transform: when. --- [When will he give his brief speech?]
- 7. The government cannot control the people in the present. Repeat.
- 8. The government cannot control the people in the present. Transform: when. -
- -- [When can't the government control the people?]
- 9. There is nowhere to sit. Repeat.
- 10. There is nowhere to sit. Transform: where. --- [Where is there to sit?]

- 1. He is involved in the crime. Change: they. --- [They are involved in the crime.]
- 2. She presented herself well during the presentation. Add: didn't. --- [She didn't present herself well during the presentation.]
- 3. I think they are happy with their status now. Change: her. --- [I think she is happy with her status now.]
- 4. I am ready for my business presentation. Change: he. --- [He is ready for his business presentation.]

- 1. I will study in England soon.
- 2. One century is one hundred years.
- 3. Ten years is one decade.
- 4. The actress will be on tour in Europe.
- 5. We enjoyed our trip to Singapore last year.

- 1. Ask the student to read the sentences.
- 2. Correct the student's pronunciation.

- 6. She knows the history of every country in Asia.
- 7. The battle between the countries of Europe happened centuries ago.
- 8. English is a global language.
- 9. He works in an industrial factory.
- 10. I don't trust them to conduct a business.

- 1. Ask the student to read the sentences.
- 2. Correct the student's pronunciation.

- 1. "What is your name?" he asked.
- 2. He asked me what my name was.
- 3. She asked, "Do you like dogs?"
- 4. She asked if I liked dogs.
- 5. He asked, "Do you live here?"

- 1. Ask the student to read the sentences.
- 2. Correct the student's pronunciation.

R.E.M.S METHOD REV 2.2

- 6. He asked if I lived here.
- 7. The girl asked, "Please close the window."
- 8. The girl asked me to close the window.
- 9. "Could you carry this for me, please?" he asked.
- 10. He asked me to carry that for him.

- 1. Ask the student to read the sentences.
- 2. Correct the student's pronunciation.

- 1. The class has a dance presentation this afternoon.
- 2. The class will present a dance this afternoon.
- 3. I think the past is more peaceful than the present.
- 4. My friend gave me a watch as a birthday present.
- 5. The tree's growth was fast.
- 6. I have nowhere to sleep.

- 1. Ask the student to read the sentences.
- 2. Correct the student's pronunciation.

- 7. My little son will have a brief dance presentation at school.
- 8. Do not involve yourself in anything dangerous.
- 9. My brother controls the bicycle very well and rides fast.
- 10. I attended a formal dinner last night.
- 11. The growth of the music industry is good.
- 12. The current status of the company is not good.

- 1. Ask the student to read the sentences.
- 2. Correct the student's pronunciation.

- 1. tour
- 2. pure
- 3. sure
- 4. global
- 5. industrial
- 6. mainly

- 1. A man asked me where the pet shop was. Repeat.
- 2. A man asked me where the pet shop was. Change: woman. --- [A woman asked me where the pet shop was.]
- 3. A woman asked me where the pet shop was. Change: coffee. --- [A woman asked me where the coffee shop was.]
- 4. A woman asked me where the coffee shop was. Change: stranger. --- [A stranger asked me where the coffee shop was.]
- 5. A stranger asked me where the coffee shop was. Change: him. --- [A stranger asked him where the coffee shop was.]
- 6. A stranger asked him where the coffee shop was. Change: girl. --- [A girl asked him where the coffee shop was.]
- 7. A girl asked him where the coffee shop was. Change: table. --- [A girl asked him where the coffee table was.]
- 8. A girl asked him where the coffee table was. Change: round. --- [A girl asked him where the round table was.]
- 9. A girl asked him where the round table was. Change: her. --- [A girl asked her where the round table was.]
- 10. A girl asked her where the round table was. Change: mirror. --- [A girl asked her where the round mirror was.]

- 1. My sister is in this city. Repeat.
- 2. My sister is in this city. Add: older. --- [My older sister is in this city.]
- 3. My older sister is in this city. Add: nowhere. --- [My older sister is nowhere in this city.]
- 4. My older sister is nowhere in this city. Add: little. --- [My older sister is nowhere in this little city.]

Question Intonation Drill

Listen and practice the intonation of these questions.

- 1. Could you carry this for me, please?
- 2. Could you get that hat?
- 3. What is your name?
- 4. Do you like tea?
- 5. Which way is to the library?

- [1. Could you carry this for me, please? -] [2. Could you get that hat? -]
- [3. What is your name? →] [4. Do you like tea? →]
- [5. Which way is to the library? →]

- 1. The president of the company will arrive soon. Repeat.
- 2. Change: owner. --- [The owner of the company will arrive soon.]
- 3. Change: later. --- [The owner of the company will arrive later.]
- 4. Change: eat. --- [The owner of the company will eat later.]
- 5. Change: early. --- [The owner of the company will eat early.]
- 6. Change: shop. --- [The owner of the shop will eat early.]
- 7. Change: staff. --- [The staff of the shop will eat early.]
- 8. Change: clean. --- [The staff of the shop will clean early.]
- 9. Change: late. --- [The staff of the shop will clean late.]
- 10. Change: leave. --- [The staff of the shop will leave late.]

- 1. Maria asked, "Do you like to live here?" Repeat.
- 2. Maria asked, "Do you like to live here?" Transform: indirect speech. --- [Maria asked me if I liked to live here.]
- 3. She asked me if I was ok. Repeat.
- 4. She asked me if I was ok. Transform: direct speech. --- [She asked, "Are you ok?"]
- 5. They asked, "Which way is to the library?" Repeat.
- 6. They asked, "Which way is to the library?" Transform: indirect speech. --- [They asked which way to the library was.]
- 7. "Does he hate me?" I asked. Repeat.
- 8. "Does he hate me?" I asked. Transform: indirect speech. --- [I asked if he hated me.]
- 9. He asked me why I was sad. Repeat.
- 10. He asked me why I was sad. Transform: direct speech. --- ["Why are you sad?", he asked.]
- 11. She asked what that was. Repeat.
- 12. She asked what that was. Transform: direct speech. --- [She asked, "What is that?"]

- 1. He is involved in the crime. Change: they. --- [They are involved in the crime.]
- 2. She presented herself well during the presentation. Add: didn't. --- [She didn't present herself well during the presentation.]
- 3. I think they are happy with their status now. Change: her. --- [I think she is happy with her status now.]
- 4. I am ready for my business presentation. Change: he. --- [He is ready for his business presentation.]

R.E.M.S METHOD REV 2.11

Sentence Chunking Drill

Practice the proper chunking of the following sentences.

- 1. The battle between the countries of Europe happened centuries ago.
- 2. Our leaders declared battles with other countries in the past.
- 3. A man asked me where the pet shop was.
- 4. "Would you mind singing tonight?", my brother asked.
- 5. They are going to conduct a brief interview.

- [1. The battle between the countries of Europe | happened centuries ago.]
- [2. Our leaders declared battles | with other countries in the past.]
- [3. A man asked me | where the pet shop was.]
- [4. "Would you mind singing tonight?", | my brother asked.]
- [5. They are going to conduct | a brief interview.]

- 1. I want a car as my Christmas present. Repeat.
- 2. I want a car as my Christmas present. Transform: what. --- [What do I want as my Christmas present?]
- 3. He involved famous people in the story. Repeat.
- 4. He involved famous people in the story. Transform: who. --- [Who did he involve in the story?]
- 5. He will give his brief speech tonight. Repeat.
- 6. He will give his brief speech tonight. Transform: when. --- [When will he give his brief speech?]
- 7. The government cannot control the people in the present. Repeat.
- 8. The government cannot control the people in the present. Transform: when. -
- -- [When can't the government control the people?]
- 9. There is nowhere to sit. Repeat.
- 10. There is nowhere to sit. Transform: where. --- [Where is there to sit?]

- 1. We had a trip to the towns. Repeat.
- 2. We had a trip to the towns. Add: of Europe. --- [We had a trip to the towns of Europe.]

- 3. We had a trip to the towns of Europe. Add: fun. --- [We had a fun trip to the towns of Europe.]
- 4. We had a fun trip to the towns of Europe. Add: industrial. --- [We had a fun trip to the industrial towns of Europe.]

Advanced Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

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- 1. Dad told me to run. Repeat.
- 2. Add: my. --- [My dad told me to run.]
- 3. Add: fast. --- [My dad told me to run fast.]
- 4. Add: not. --- [My dad told me not to run fast.]

Transformation Writing Exercise

Listen, type the sentences, and follow the instructions.

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1. The students will go on an international tour this summer. Write.

Transform: when --- [When will the students go on an international tour?]

2. Maria will be busy conducting interviews tomorrow. Write.

Transform: who --- [Who will be busy conducting interviews tomorrow?]

3. That church has existed for a decade now. Write.

Transform: what --- [What has existed for a decade now?]

4. My favorite singer will have her world tour soon. Write.

Transform: when --- [When will my favorite singer have her world tour?]

5. The people are glad because their town is now an industrial town. Write.

Transform: why --- [Why are the people glad?]

6. He involved famous people in the story. Write.

Transform: who --- [Who did he involve in the story?]

7. He will give his brief speech tonight. Write.

Transform: when --- [When will he give his brief speech?]

8. The government cannot control the people in the present. Write.

Transform: when --- [When can't the government control the people?]

Please refer to the definition file.





- 1. Her involvement with the company's issue is important.
- 2. I forced the door to open.
- 3. She forced her dad to buy her a dress.
- 4. The judgment of the officers is final.
- 5. There is a conflict in my schedule. My English subject and math subject are at the same time.
- 6. The soldiers attack the enemy.
- 7. The attack killed many of the enemies.

- 8. I don't care what other people are doing. I don't mind their business.
- 9. Mind your own business! It's their life.
- 10. Police have guns.
- 11. All people should have insurance.
- 12. The judgment will be announced after the trial.
- 13. Parents should make sure that their children are protected from harm.
- 14. He was cruel to plants and animals.

- 1. Everybody is talking about his involvement in the attack. Repeat.
- 2. Everybody is talking about his involvement in the attack. Change: nobody. --- [Nobody is talking about his involvement in the attack.]
- 3. Nobody is talking about his involvement in the attack. Change: opinion of. --- [Nobody is talking about his opinion of the attack.]
- 4. Nobody is talking about his opinion of the attack. Change: trial. --- [Nobody is talking about his opinion of the trial.]
- 5. Nobody is talking about his opinion of the trial. Change: somebody. --- [Somebody is talking about his opinion of the trial.]

- 1. The judgment is not fair but cruel. Repeat.
- 2. The judgment is not fair but cruel. Change: decision. --- [The decision is not fair but cruel.]
- 3. The decision is not fair but cruel. Change: strange. --- [The decision is not fair but strange.]
- 4. The decision is not fair but strange. Change: good. --- [The decision is not good but strange.]
- 5. The decision is not good but strange. Change: assumption. --- [The assumption is not good but strange.]

- 1. The dog attacked the young man in the street. Repeat.
- 2. The dog attacked the young man in the street. Change: our, park. --- [Our dog attacked the young man in the park.]
- 3. Our dog attacked the young man in the park. Change: identified, old. --- [Our dog identified the old man in the park.]
- 4. Our dog identified the old man in the park. Change: my, woman. --- [My dog identified the old woman in the park.]
- 5. My dog identified the old woman in the park. Change: mom, tree. --- [My mom identified the old tree in the park.]
- 6. My mom identified the old tree in the park. Change: climbed, garden. --- [My mom climbed the old tree in the garden.]
- 7. My mom climbed the old tree in the garden. Change: her, big. --- [Her mom climbed the big tree in the garden.]
- 8. Her mom climbed the big tree in the garden. Change: cat, yard. --- [Her cat climbed the big tree in the yard.]
- 9. Her cat climbed the big tree in the yard. Change: window, house. --- [Her cat climbed the big window in the house.]
- 10. Her cat climbed the big window in the house. Change: opened, kitchen. --- [Her cat opened the big window in the kitchen.]

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Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. Let them do that. Mind your own business!
- 2. Let Fiona do that. Mind your own business!
- 3. Let Fiona do this. Mind your own business!
- 4. Let me do this. Mind your own business!
- 5. Let me try this. Mind your own business!

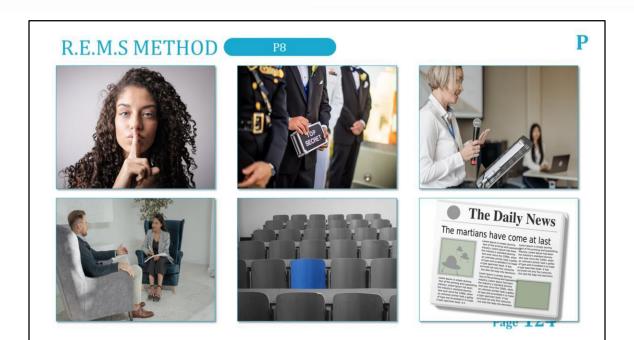
- 1. There were conflicts with my insurance. Repeat.
- 2. There were conflicts with my insurance. Add: health. --- [There were conflicts with my health insurance.]
- 3. There were conflicts with my health insurance. Add: no. --- [There were no conflicts with my health insurance.]
- 4. There were no conflicts with my health insurance. Add: other. --- [There were no other conflicts with my health insurance.]

- 1. The force opened the gate. Repeat.
- 2. The force opened the gate. Add: man's. --- [The man's force opened the gate.]

- 3. The man's force opened the gate. Add: outside. --- [The man's force opened the gate outside.]
- 4. The man's force opened the gate outside. Add: wooden. --- [The man's force opened the wooden gate outside.]

- 1. The police are carrying guns. Repeat.
- 2. The police are carrying guns. Transform: who. --- [Who is carrying guns?]
- 3. Those men attacked us at the train station. Repeat.
- 4. Those men attacked us at the train station. Transform: where. --- [Where did those men attack us?]
- 5. His trial will start this afternoon. Repeat.
- 6. His trial will start this afternoon. Transform: what. --- [What will start this afternoon?]
- 7. The conflict between the two families did not end well. Repeat.
- 8. The conflict between the two families did not end well. Transform: what. --- [What did not end well?]
- 9. There was an attack at the mall last night. Repeat.
- 10. There was an attack at the mall last night. Transform: where. --- [Where was there an attack last night?]

Please refer to the definition file.



- 1. Best friends have secrets.
- 2. My grandfather's garden has secret doors.
- 3. My father called off my sister's wedding!
- 4. My mom did not want me to go to Paris but I insisted.
- 5. The news came from a good source.
- 6. These facts are hidden from the people.
- 7. A lawyer should gather facts first before going to the court of law.
- 8. I like this newspaper article because it states facts.

- 9. We encountered some problems while doing our task.
- 10. The famous singer gave a short and simple statement.
- 11. The 10 chairs are arranged into two columns.
- 12. Each column has 5 chairs.
- 13. I only read the sports column of a newspaper.
- 14. In my opinion, I think the government is not doing well.
- 15. I enjoy reading and listening to other people's opinions about politics.
- 16. She wanted to be a TV journalist when she was a child.

- 1. A good journalist writes facts in his article. Repeat.
- 2. A good journalist writes facts in his article. Change: column. --- [A good journalist writes facts in his column.]
- 3. A good journalist writes facts in his column. Change: states. --- [A good journalist states facts in his column.]
- 4. A good journalist states facts in his column. Change: report. --- [A good journalist states facts in his report.]
- 5. A good journalist states facts in his report. Change: reporter. --- [A good reporter states facts in his report.]

- 1. They insist that they know the secret source of the statement. Repeat.
- 2. They insist that they know the secret source of the statement. Change: we. --- [We insist that they know the secret source of the statement.]
- 3. We insist that they know the secret source of the statement. Change: believe.
- --- [We believe that they know the secret source of the statement.]
- 4. We believe that they know the secret source of the statement. Change: meaning. --- [We believe that they know the secret meaning of the statement.]
- 5. We believe that they know the secret meaning of the statement. Change: poem. --- [We believe that they know the secret meaning of the poem.]
- 6. We believe that they know the secret meaning of the poem. Change: real. --- [We believe that they know the real meaning of the poem.]

- 1. They called off the show because of the bad weather. Repeat.
- 2. They called off the show because of the bad weather. Change: we, arrangement. --- [We called off the show because of the bad arrangement.]
- 3. We called off the show because of the bad arrangement. Change: event, horrible. --- [We called off the event because of the horrible arrangement.]
- 4. We called off the event because of the horrible arrangement. Change: canceled, accident. --- [We canceled the event because of the horrible accident.]
- 5. We canceled the event because of the horrible accident. Change: conference, news. --- [We canceled the conference because of the horrible news.]

3. formal

4. observe

5. factory

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- 1. involve [/v/]
- 2. brief [/f/]
- 3. formal [/f/]
- 4. observe [/v/]
- 5. factory [/f/]

- 1. They discover secrets.
- 2. They discover secrets in the organization.
- 3. They will discover secrets in the organization.
- 4. They will discover many secrets in the organization.

- 1. We encountered many people with opinions. Repeat.
- 2. Add: intelligent. --- [We encountered many intelligent people with opinions.]
- 3. Add: crucial. --- [We encountered many intelligent people with crucial opinions.]
- 4. Add: yesterday. --- [We encountered many intelligent people with crucial opinions yesterday.]

- 1. Their opinions matter to the business. Repeat.
- 2. Their opinions matter to the business. Transform: what. --- [What matters to the business?]
- 3. The team has encountered many problems before. Repeat.
- 4. The team has encountered many problems before. Transform: who. --- [Who encountered many problems before?]
- 5. They called the conference off yesterday. Repeat.
- 6. They called the conference off yesterday. Transform: when. --- [When did they call the conference off?]
- 7. The lady insists that she came into the shop first. Repeat.
- 8. The lady insists that she came into the shop first. Transform: where. --- [Where does the lady insist that she came into first?]
- 9. Write your family name in the second column. Repeat.
- 10. Write your family name in the second column. Transform: where. --- [Where do you write your family name?]

- 1. I am going to tell you a secret. Change: we. --- [We are going to tell you a secret.]
- 2. Some journalists give wrong information. Change: a. --- [A journalist gives wrong information.]
- 3. She called off the meeting with the boss. Add: didn't. --- [She didn't call off the meeting with the boss.]
- 4. The secretary made a false statement. Change: some. --- [The secretary made some false statements.]
- 5. She has a secret affair. Add: doesn't. --- [She doesn't have a secret affair.]

Please refer to the definition file.





Short Answers

SO and NOT

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In informal spoken English, we sometimes don't answer questions in complete sentences.

For example, If I say "Have you seen Maria today?" and you reply "I think so."

We use this short reply when we are fairly certain but not 100% sure. In that example, you were not 100% sure if you did see Maria.

Another use of short answers is when we are asked about our opinion on something.

For example, Do you think we have a class? - I don't think so.

We also use this when we just give our opinion or belief about a statement and are not 100% sure about it.

For example, We will get there in time. - I hope so.

- 1. Do you think the beat of the song is good? I think so.
- 2. I think our team can beat their team. I don't think so.
- 3. I guess this man was beaten to death. I guess so.
- 4. I hope the wind will not blow hard. I hope so too.
- 5. That was a hard blow on the head! I believe so.
- 6. Their defeat was very emotional. I don't think so.
- 7. I hope we can defeat them. I hope so too.

- 8. Your schedule is fixed, right? I believe so.
- 9. Do they have the necessary evidence? I don't think so.
- 10. I think the show will be horrible. I hope not.
- 11. The impact of the blow was horrible! Yeah, I think so.
- 12. We have higher odds of beating them. I hope so!
- 13. I think it is crucial for us to win. I think so.

Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. I think the movie is horrible. I think so too. Repeat.
- 2. I think the movie is horrible. I think so too. Change: show. --- [I think the show is horrible. I think so too.]
- 3. I think the show is horrible. I think so too. Change: good. --- [I think the show is good. I think so too.]
- 4. I think the show is good. I think so too. Change: food. --- [I think the food is good. I think so too.]
- 5. I think the food is good. I think so too. Change: isn't. --- [I think the food isn't good. I think so too.]

- 1. He can't change anything because the price is already fixed. I hope so. Repeat.
- 2. He can't change anything because the price is already fixed. I hope so. Change: she. --- [She can't change anything because the price is already fixed. I hope so.]

- 3. She can't change anything because the price is already fixed. I hope so. Change: didn't. --- [She didn't change anything because the price is already fixed. I hope so.]
- 4. She didn't change anything because the price is already fixed. I hope so. Change: schedule. --- [She didn't change anything because the schedule is already fixed. I hope so.]
- 5. She didn't change anything because the schedule is already fixed. I hope so. Change: guess. --- [She didn't change anything because the schedule is already fixed. I guess so.]

- Page **143**
- 1. They can defeat the other basketball team. I don't think so. Repeat.
- 2. They can defeat the other basketball team. I don't think so. Change: we, tennis. --- [We can defeat the other tennis team. I don't think so.]
- 3. We can defeat the other tennis team. I don't think so. Change: beat, believe. --- [We can beat the other tennis team. I don't believe so.]
- 4. We can beat the other tennis team. I don't believe so. Change: famous, suppose. --- [We can beat the famous tennis team. I don't suppose so.]
- 5. We can beat the famous tennis team. I don't suppose so. Change: soccer, player. --- [We can beat the famous soccer player. I don't suppose so.]

- 1. Do you think my little girl can blow out her birthday candle? I suppose so. Repeat.
- 2. Do you think my little girl can blow out her birthday candle? I suppose so. Change: boy, his. --- [Do you think my little boy can blow out his birthday candle? I suppose so.]
- 3. Do you think my little boy can blow out his birthday candle? I suppose so. Change: suppose, kid. --- [Do you suppose my little kid can blow out his birthday candle? I suppose so.]
- 4. Do you suppose my little kid can blow out his birthday candle? I suppose so. Change: eat, cake. --- [Do you suppose my little kid can eat his birthday cake? I suppose so.]
- 5. Do you suppose my little kid can eat his birthday cake? I suppose so. Change: children, their. --- [Do you suppose my little children can eat their birthday cake? I suppose so.]

- 1. Do you like the beat of the song? I think so. Repeat.
- 2. Do you like the beat of the song? I think so. Change: love. --- [Do you love the beat of the song? I think so.]
- 3. Do you love the beat of the song? I think so. Add: loud. --- [Do you love the loud beat of the song? I think so.]
- 4. Do you love the loud beat of the song? I think so. Change: remember. --- [Do you remember the loud beat of the song? I think so.]
- 5. Do you remember the loud beat of the song? I think so. Change: crucial. --- [Do you remember the crucial beat of the song? I think so.]
- 6. Do you remember the crucial beat of the song? I think so. Add: don't. --- [Do you remember the crucial beat of the song? I don't think so.]
- 7. Do you remember the crucial beat of the song? I don't think so. Change: believe. --- [Do you remember the crucial beat of the song? I don't believe so.]

Word Stress Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. presentation
- 2. involvement
- 3. judgment
- 4. insurance
- 5. journalist
- 6. opinion
- 7. evidence
- 8. horrible
- 9. encounter
- 10. article

- 1. Do you think a hard blow on the head will kill someone?
- 2. Do you believe that the government can defeat the terrorists?
- 3. Does English have an impact on your life?
- 4. Do you think the odds of getting a job are higher if you know how to speak English?
- 5. Do we still need evidence to put someone in prison even if everybody knows he did it?

Controlled Open Question Exercise

Listen to the teacher and answer the questions.

- 1. Do you suppose you will see your friend tonight? --- [I suppose so/not. Yes/No, I]
- 2. Do you think it will rain later? --- [I ... Yes/No, I...]
- 3. Do you believe your president can solve some of the problems in your country? --- [I .. Yes /No, I ...]
- 4. I hope today is fun. --- [I ... Yes/No, I...]
- 5. I guess tomorrow will be exciting. --- [I guess ... Yes/No, I...]

- 1. Her involvement with the company's issue is important.
- 2. I forced the door to open.
- 3. She forced her dad to buy her a dress.
- 4. The judgment of the officers is final.
- 5. There is a conflict in my schedule. My English subject and math subject are at the same time.

- 1. Ask the student to read the sentences.
- 2. Correct the student's pronunciation.

- 6. The soldiers attack the enemy.
- 7. The attack killed many of the enemies.
- 8. I don't care what other people are doing.

I don't mind their business.

- 9. Mind your own business! It's their life.
- 10. Police have guns.

- 1. Ask the student to read the sentences.
- 2. Correct the student's pronunciation.

- 1. Best friends have secrets.
- 2. My grandfather's garden has secret doors.
- 3. My father called off my sister's wedding!
- 4. My mom did not want me to go to Paris but I insisted.
- 5. The news came from a good source.

- 1. Ask the student to read the sentences.
- 2. Correct the student's pronunciation.

- 6. These facts are hidden from the people.
- 7. A lawyer should gather facts first before going to the court of law.
- 8. I like this newspaper article because it states facts.
- 9. We encountered some problems while doing our task.
- 10. The famous singer gave a short and simple statement.

- 1. Ask the student to read the sentences.
- 2. Correct the student's pronunciation.

- 1. Do you think the beat of the song is good? I think so.
- 2. I think our team can beat their team. I don't think so.
- 3. I guess this man was beaten to death. I guess so.
- 4. I hope the wind will not blow hard. I hope so too.
- 5. That was a hard blow on the head! I believe so.

- 1. Ask the student to read the sentences.
- 2. Correct the student's pronunciation.

R.E.M.S METHOD REV 3.3

- 6. Their defeat was very emotional. I don't think so.
- 7. I hope we can defeat them. I hope so too.
- 8. Your schedule is fixed, right? I believe so.
- 9. Do they have the necessary evidence? I don't think so.
- 10. I think the show will be horrible. I hope not.

- 1. Ask the student to read the sentences.
- 2. Correct the student's pronunciation.

- 1. Everybody is talking about his involvement in the attack. Repeat.
- 2. Everybody is talking about his involvement in the attack. Change: nobody. --- [Nobody is talking about his involvement in the attack.]
- 3. Nobody is talking about his involvement in the attack. Change: opinion of. --- [Nobody is talking about his opinion of the attack.]
- 4. Nobody is talking about his opinion of the attack. Change: trial. --- [Nobody is talking about his opinion of the trial.]
- 5. Nobody is talking about his opinion of the trial. Change: somebody. --- [Somebody is talking about his opinion of the trial.]

- 1. They called off the show because of the bad weather. Repeat.
- 2. They called off the show because of the bad weather. Change: we, arrangement. --- [We called off the show because of the bad arrangement.]
- 3. We called off the show because of the bad arrangement. Change: event, horrible. --- [We called off the event because of the horrible arrangement.]
- 4. We called off the event because of the horrible arrangement. Change: canceled, accident. --- [We canceled the event because of the horrible accident.]
- 5. We canceled the event because of the horrible accident. Change: conference, news. --- [We canceled the conference because of the horrible news.]

- 1. He can't change anything because the price is already fixed. I hope so. Repeat.
- 2. He can't change anything because the price is already fixed. I hope so. Change: she. --- [She can't change anything because the price is already fixed. I hope so.]
- 3. She can't change anything because the price is already fixed. I hope so. Change: didn't. --- [She didn't change anything because the price is already fixed. I hope so.]
- 4. She didn't change anything because the price is already fixed. I hope so. Change: schedule. --- [She didn't change anything because the schedule is already fixed. I hope so.]
- 5. She didn't change anything because the schedule is already fixed. I hope so. Change: guess. --- [She didn't change anything because the schedule is already fixed. I guess so.]

P

Sound (Phoneme) Identification Drill

Listen to the teacher, repeat, and tick the correct sound.

	/f/	/v/
1. in <u>v</u> ol <u>v</u> e		
2. brie <u>f</u>		
3. <u>f</u> ormal		
4. obser <u>v</u> e		
5. <u>f</u> actory		

- 1. involve [/v/]
- 2. brief [/f/]
- 3. formal [/f/]
- 4. observe [/v/]
- 5. factory [/f/]

- 1. Let them do that. Mind your own business!
- 2. Let Fiona do that. Mind your own business!
- 3. Let Fiona do this. Mind your own business!
- 4. Let me do this. Mind your own business!
- 5. Let me try this. Mind your own business!

- 1. We encountered many people with opinions. Repeat.
- 2. Add: intelligent. --- [We encountered many intelligent people with opinions.]
- 3. Add: crucial. --- [We encountered many intelligent people with crucial opinions.]
- 4. Add: yesterday. --- [We encountered many intelligent people with crucial opinions yesterday.]

- 1. Do you like the beat of the song? I think so. Repeat.
- 2. Do you like the beat of the song? I think so. Change: love. --- [Do you love the beat of the song? I think so.]
- 3. Do you love the beat of the song? I think so. Add: loud. --- [Do you love the loud beat of the song? I think so.]
- 4. Do you love the loud beat of the song? I think so. Change: remember. --- [Do you remember the loud beat of the song? I think so.]
- 5. Do you remember the loud beat of the song? I think so. Change: crucial. --- [Do you remember the crucial beat of the song? I think so.]
- 6. Do you remember the crucial beat of the song? I think so. Add: don't. --- [Do you remember the crucial beat of the song? I don't think so.]
- 7. Do you remember the crucial beat of the song? I don't think so. Change: believe. --- [Do you remember the crucial beat of the song? I don't believe so.]

- 1. Their opinions matter to the business. Repeat.
- 2. Their opinions matter to the business. Transform: what. --- [What matters to the business?]
- 3. The team has encountered many problems before. Repeat.
- 4. The team has encountered many problems before. Transform: who. --- [Who encountered many problems before?]
- 5. They called the conference off yesterday. Repeat.
- 6. They called the conference off yesterday. Transform: when. --- [When did they call the conference off?]
- 7. The lady insists that she came into the shop first. Repeat.
- 8. The lady insists that she came into the shop first. Transform: where. --- [Where does the lady insist she came into first?]
- 9. Write your family name in the second column. Repeat.
- 10. Write your family name in the second column. Transform: where. --- [Where do you write your family name?]

Word Stress Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. presentation
- 2. involvement
- 3. judgment
- 4. insurance
- 5. journalist
- 6. opinion
- 7. evidence
- 8. horrible
- 9. encounter
- 10. article

- 1. There were conflicts with my insurance. Repeat.
- 2. There were conflicts with my insurance. Add: health. --- [There were conflicts with my health insurance.]
- 3. There were conflicts with my health insurance. Add: no. --- [There were no conflicts with my health insurance.]
- 4. There were no conflicts with my health insurance. Add: other. --- [There were no other conflicts with my health insurance.]

- 1. I am going to tell you a secret. Change: we. --- [We are going to tell you a secret.]
- 2. Some journalists give wrong information. Change: a. --- [A journalist gives wrong information.]
- 3. She called off the meeting with the boss. Add: didn't. --- [She didn't call off the meeting with the boss.]
- 4. The secretary made a false statement. Change: some. --- [The secretary made some false statements.]
- 5. She has a secret affair. Add: doesn't. --- [She doesn't have a secret affair.]

Transformation Writing Exercise

Listen, type the sentences, and follow the instructions.

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1. Everybody is talking about his involvement in the attack. Write.

Change: nobody --- Nobody is talking about his involvement in the attack.

2. The decision is not fair but cruel. Write.

Change: strange --- The decision is not fair but strange.

3. A good journalist writes facts in his article. Write.

Change: column --- A good journalist writes facts in his column.

4. We insist that they know the secret source of the statement. Write.

Change: believe --- We believe that they know the secret source of the statement.

5. They called off the show because of the bad weather. Write.

Change: we --- We called off the show because of the bad weather.

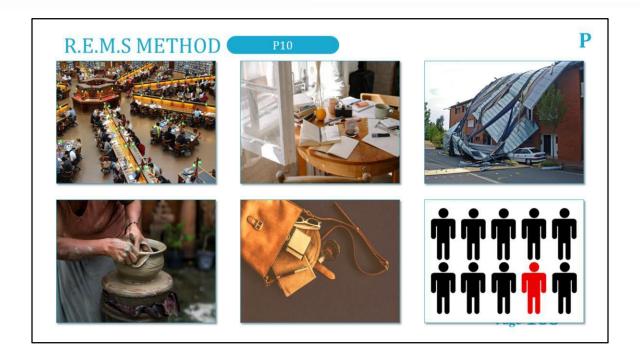
6. Do you think my little girl can blow out her birthday candle? Write.

Change: boy --- Do you think my little boy can blow out his birthday candle?

7. We believe that they know the secret source of the statement. Write.

Change: meaning --- We believe that they know the secret meaning of the statement.

Please refer to the definition file.



- 1. There are numerous students who joined the organization.
- 2. The minimum height they accept is 165 inches.
- 3. Her mom is cleaning up the mess of my brother at home.
- 4. He messed up my room!
- 5. He can't fix the damage of my car.
- 6. She damaged her hair.
- 7. I have my parent's consent first.
- 8. There is a clear contrast of color there.
- 9. The police checked the contents of my bag.
- 10. We lost control of the car.
- 11. Her craft in acting is really great!
- 12. We have coped with all the problems we have encountered in the company.

- 1. My parents should give their consent for numerous reasons. Repeat.
- 2. My parents should give their consent for numerous reasons. Change: teachers. --- [My teachers should give their consent for numerous reasons.]
- 3. My teachers should give their consent for numerous reasons. Change: approval. --- [My teachers should give their approval for numerous reasons.]
- 4. My teachers should give their approval for numerous reasons. Change: many. --- [My teachers should give their approval for many reasons.]
- 5. My teachers should give their approval for many reasons. Change: lectures. -
- -- [My teachers should give their lectures for many reasons.]
- 6. My teachers should give their lectures for many reasons. Change: will. --- [My teachers will give their lectures for many reasons.]

- 1. They must cope with the minimum damage to their business. Repeat.
- 2. They must cope with the minimum damage to their business. Change: plan. --

- [They must cope with the minimum damage to their plan.]
- 3. They must cope with the minimum damage to their plan. Change: huge. --- [They must cope with the huge damage to their plan.]
- 4. They must cope with the huge damage to their plan. Change: work. --- [They must cope with the huge damage to their work.]
- 5. They must cope with the huge damage to their work. Change: changes. --- [They must cope with the huge changes to their work.]
- 6. They must cope with the huge changes to their work. Change: should. --- [They should cope with the huge changes to their work.]
- 7. They should cope with the huge changes to their work. Change: sudden. --- [They should cope with the sudden changes to their work.]

Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. We must clean our mess before leaving.
- 2. You must clean our mess before sleeping.
- 3. You must clean your mess after sleeping.
- 4. You must arrange your room after sleeping.
- 5. I must arrange my room after sleeping.
- 6. I mustn't mess up my room after sleeping.
- 7. I mustn't mess up my hair after work.
- 8. I mustn't mess up my hair in summer.
- 9. I mustn't damage my hair during summer.
- 10. I shouldn't damage my hair during the show.

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- 1. The young actress is really good at her craft. Repeat.
- 2. The young actress is really good at her craft. Change: model, so. --- [The young model is so good at her craft.]
- 3. The young model is so good at her craft. Change: handsome, his. --- [The handsome model is so good at his craft.]
- 4. The handsome model is so good at his craft. Change: actor, job. --- [The handsome actor is so good at his job.]
- 5. The handsome actor is so good at his job. Change: serious in, movie. --- [The handsome actor is so serious in his movie.]

- 1. We should check the contents of your purse. Repeat.
- 2. We should check the contents of your purse. Change: they. --- [They should check the contents of your purse.]
- 3. They should check the contents of your purse. Add: red. --- [They should check the contents of your red purse.]
- 4. They should check the contents of your red purse. Change: bag. --- [They should check the contents of your red bag.]
- 5. They should check the contents of your red bag. Change: damage, to. --- [They should check the damage to your red bag.]
- 6. They should check the damage to your red bag. Change: know. --- [They should know the damage to your red bag.]
- 7. They should know the damage to your red bag. Change: expensive. [They should know the damage to your expensive bag.]
- 8. They should know the damage to your expensive bag. Add: serious. --- [They should know the serious damage to your expensive bag.]
- 9. They should know the serious damage to your expensive bag. Change: fix. --[They should fix the serious damage to your expensive bag.]
- 10. They should fix the serious damage to your expensive bag. Change: car. --[They should fix the serious damage to your expensive car.]

Word Stress Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. numerous
- 2. minimum
- 3. damage
- 4. consent
- 5. approval
- 6. politicians
- 7. sudden
- 8. organization

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- 1. The politicians have a contrast of opinions. Repeat.
- 2. The politicians have a contrast of opinions. Transform: who. --- [Who has a contrast of opinions?
- 3. The teacher's control of the class is not bad. Repeat.
- 4. The teacher's control of the class is not bad. Transform: how. --- [How is the teacher's control of the class?]
- 5. There are numerous people in the conference hall this week. Repeat.
- 6. There are numerous people in the conference hall this week. Transform: when. --- [When are there numerous people in the conference hall?]
- 7. The minimum size they need is medium. Repeat.
- 8. The minimum size they need is medium. Transform: what. --- [What is the minimum size they need?]
- 9. Her dress and her shoes contrast. Repeat.
- 10. Her dress and her shoes contrast. Transform: what. --- [What contrasts with what?]