Please refer to the definition file.





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Expressing a Future Event in Relation to a Point in the Past

# was/were + to infinitive

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We can use the past tense of be + to-infinitive to talk about an arranged event in the future mentioned at a certain time in the past. We can use this structure to talk about past plans.

Ex.: She was to accompany me on this trip but her mother got sick.

I was to replace him with someone else but I took pity on him.

He was to steal money when he felt guilty.

- 1. She was to bake a cake for the fair.
- 2. I was to spray water on the plants yesterday.
- 3. He was about to steal from the shop when the security noticed him.
- 4. My father was to shave his beard when my mother said it looked good.
- 5. The child was about to slide down the stairs but his pants ripped.
- 6. The prisoner was about to escape but he was caught by the police.
- 7. I was to replace the jelly I ate from the fridge but my sister already told my mum.
- 8. We were to accompany our granny to the doctor when my dad volunteered to do it.
- 9. Mum was to boil potatoes for dinner but she forgot to buy some.
- 10. I was to reserve a table in the restaurant for today but I totally forgot.
- 11. My friend was about to invest in a business when I told him it was a scam.
- 12. I was to convince my brother to come with us to the party when our mum told him to do so.

### **Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. I was about to bake.
- 2. I was about to steal.
- 3. I was about to shave.
- 4. I was about to escape.
- 5. I was about to sleep.
- 6. I was about to eat.
- 7. I was about to stand up.

### **Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. We were to spray paint on a car.
- 2. We were to slide down the pipe.
- 3. We were to replace the light bulb.
- 4. We were to accompany my mum.
- 5. We were to boil water.
- 6. We were to reserve seats.
- 7. We were to invest money.

### **Basic Sentence Expansion Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. I was to bake.
- 2. I was to bake cookies.
- 3. I was to bake cookies for her.
- 4. I was to bake cookies for her but she had an exam.
- 5. I was to bake cookies for her but she had an exam yesterday.
- 6. I was to bake cookies for her but she had an exam yesterday afternoon.

### **Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill**

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. They were to convince their mum. Repeat.
- 2. They were to convince their mum. Change: dad. --- [They were to convince their dad.]
- 3. They were to convince their dad. Change: accompany. --- [They were to accompany their dad.]
- 4. They were to accompany their dad. Change: he. --- [He was to accompany his dad.]
- 5. He was to accompany his dad. Change: dog. --- [He was to accompany his dog.]
- 6. He was to accompany his dog. Change: shave. --- [He was to shave his dog.]
- 7. He was to shave his dog. Change: replace. --- [He was to replace his dog.]
- 8. He was to replace his dog. Change: she. --- [She was to replace his dog.]

#### **Intermediate Multiple-slot Substitution Drill**

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. Michael was about to steal money from the cashier. Repeat.
- 2. Michael was about to steal money from the cashier. Change: car, garage. ---[Michael was about to steal a car from the garage.]
- Michael was about to steal a car from the garage. Change: reserve, shop. ---[Michael was about to reserve a car from the shop.]
- 4. Michael was about to reserve a car from the shop. Change: buy, bike. ---[Michael was about to buy a bike from the shop.]
- 5. Michael was about to buy a bike from the shop. Change: cake, bakery. ---[Michael was about to buy a cake from the bakery.]
- 6. Michael was about to buy a cake from the bakery. Change: bake, for. ---[Michael was about to bake a cake for the bakery.]
- 7. Michael was about to bake a cake for the bakery. Change: I, bread. --- [I was about to bake bread for the bakery.]

- 1. Ben was to slide down. Repeat.
- 2. Ben was to slide down. Add: through a hole. --- [Ben was to slide down through a hole.]
- 3. Ben was to slide down through a hole. Add: on the ground. --- [Ben was to slide down through a hole on the ground.]
- 4. Ben was to slide down through a hole on the ground. Add: to get his camera. --- [Ben was to slide down through a hole on the ground to get his camera.]
- 5. Ben was to slide down through a hole on the ground to get his camera. Add: but it was deep. --- [Ben was to slide down through a hole on the ground to get his camera, but it was deep.]
- 6. Ben was to slide down through a hole on the ground to get his camera, but it was deep. Add: too. --- [Ben was to slide down through a hole on the ground to get his camera, but it was too deep.]

### **Advanced Sentence Expansion Drill**

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. My mother was to boil water. Repeat.
- 2. Add: for tea. --- [My mother was to boil water for tea.]
- 3. Add: for her grandma. --- [My mother was to boil water for tea for her grandma.]
- 4. Add: very irritable. --- [My mother was to boil water for tea for her very irritable grandma.]
- 5. Add: 90-year-old. --- [My mother was to boil water for tea for her very irritable 90-year-old grandma.]
- 6. Add: when she asked for a soda instead. --- [My mother was to boil water for tea for her very irritable 90-year-old grandma when she asked for a soda instead.1

## **Open Questions Exercise**

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Do you invest your money?
- 2. Do you bake?
- 3. How do you convince people to believe in you?
- 4. Do you spray some oil on your hair?
- 5. Do you always reserve a table in a restaurant before going there?
- 6. What do you do when you see someone stealing something from a shop?

Please refer to the definition file.



R.E.M.S METHOD Q12

Q



- 1. His nails are dirty.
- 2. She likes testing her nerves with adventures.
- 3. The hospital patient needs assistance.
- 4. My father needs to take his pill every after meal.
- 5. Quick! Call an ambulance!
- 6. Drug abuse is one type of substance abuse.
- 7. The doctors have to put a tube in her mouth to make her breathe.
- 8. My sense of smell is quite strong.
- 9. Those who have the disease have to be separated from others.
- 10. She has been feeling under the weather for a couple of days now.

- 1. We transferred a patient.
- 2. We transferred a substance abuse patient.
- 3. We transferred a substance abuse patient with a breathing tube.
- 4. We transferred a substance abuse patient with a breathing tube to another hospital.
- 5. We transferred a substance abuse patient with a breathing tube to another hospital using the ambulance.

### **Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. She needs pills for her nerves.
- 2. She needs pills for her disease.
- 3. She needs medicine for her disease.
- 4. We need medicine for her disease.
- 5. We need medicine for her nails.
- 6. We need a substance for her nails.
- 7. We need a substance for her patient.
- 8. We need an ambulance for her patient.

#### Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. They will go to the hospital tomorrow for her fever. Repeat.
- 2. They will go to the hospital tomorrow for her fever. Change: his. --- [They will go to the hospital tomorrow for his fever.]
- They will go to the hospital tomorrow for his fever. Change: doctor. --- [They will go to the doctor tomorrow for his fever.]
- 4. They will go to the doctor tomorrow for his fever. Change: pill. --- [They will go to the doctor tomorrow for his pill.]
- 5. They will go to the doctor tomorrow for his pill. Change: illness. --- [They will go to the doctor tomorrow for his illness.]
- 6. They will go to the doctor tomorrow for his illness. Change: later. --- [They will go to the doctor later for his illness.]
- 7. They will go to the doctor later for his illness. Change: disease. --- [They will go to the doctor later for his disease.]
- 8. They will go to the doctor later for his disease. Change: we. --- [We will go to the doctor later for his disease.]

### **Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. I have a problem with my sense of smell.
- 2. I have a problem with my hearing.
- 3. I don't have a problem with my hearing.
- 4. I don't have a problem with my patient.
- 5. I don't have a problem with the ambulance.
- 6. I have a big problem with the ambulance.
- 7. I have a big problem with my senses.

### **Pronunciation Repetition Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. piercing
- 2. effect
- 3. coffee
- 4. insecticide
- 5. camera
- 6. prisoner
- 7. irritable
- 8. tube
- 9. disease
- 10. weather
- 11. breathing

### Teacher-led Minimal Pair Column Drill

Identify whether each word being read by the teacher is from column A or column B.

> A B

1. prize price

2. view few

3. beach bitch

#### 0

### **Teacher-led Minimal Pair Column Drill**

Identify whether each word being read by the teacher is from column A or column B.

> A B

4. woman women

5. steal still

6. beard bird

- 1. She is afraid to feel under the weather. Repeat.
- 2. She is afraid to feel under the weather. Add: again. --- [She is afraid to feel under the weather again.]
- 3. She is afraid to feel under the weather again. Add: after being a patient. --- [She is afraid to feel under the weather again after being a patient.]
- 4. She is afraid to feel under the weather again after being a patient. Add: for a month. --- [She is afraid to feel under the weather again after being a patient for a month.]
- 5. She is afraid to feel under the weather again after being a patient for a month. Add: with a breathing tube. --- [She is afraid to feel under the weather again after being a patient for a month with a breathing tube.]

### **Advanced Sentence Expansion Drill**

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. She needs pills. Repeat.
- 2. Add: for her nerves. --- [She needs pills for her nerves.]
- 3. Add: and to control her senses. --- [She needs pills for her nerves and to control her senses.]
- 4. Add: because she has a disease. --- [She needs pills for her nerves and to control her senses because she has a disease.]
- 5. Add: which started on her nails. --- [She needs pills for her nerves and to control her senses because she has a disease which started on her nails.]

- 1. I need to call an ambulance. Repeat.
- 2. I need to call an ambulance. Transform: who. --- [Who needs to call an ambulance?]
- 3. She has a tube for draining liquids out of her wound. Repeat.
- 4. She has a tube for draining liquids out of her wound. Transform: what. --- [What does she have for draining liquids out of her wound?]
- 5. He skipped school for he feels under the weather. Repeat.
- 6. He skipped school for he feels under the weather. Transform: why. --- [Why did he skip school?]
- 7. Rapid change of weather conditions can sometimes make you feel under the weather. Repeat.
- 8. Rapid change of weather conditions can sometimes make you feel under the weather. Transform: what. --- [What can sometimes make you feel under the weather?]

- 9. "Under the weather" means to feel physically unwell. Repeat.
- 10. "Under the weather" means to feel physically unwell. Transform: what. --- [What does "under the weather" mean?]
- 11. The child's nails were so dirty. Repeat.
- 12. The child's nails were so dirty. Transform: whose. --- [Whose nails were so dirty?]
- 13. I took a pill last night for my fever. Repeat.
- 14. I took a pill last night for my fever. Transform: when. --- [When did I take a pill for my fever?]

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- 1. What do you think about the food?
- 2. I think it is good.
- 3. Would you agree that the banana is the healthiest fruit?
- 4. Personally, I wouldn't agree that the apple is the healthiest fruit.
- 5. From your point of view, is 18 years old mature enough to have a driver's license?
- 6. From my point of view, 21 years old is the proper age to get a license.

Q

- 7. Do you have any views on child labor?
- 8. I think child labor is awful and heartless.
- 9. What's your view on online classes?
- 10. In my view, online classes are enjoyable and very helpful.
- 11. What is your opinion about social media?
- 12. In my opinion, social media is both good and evil.

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- 1. She was to bake a cake for the fair.
- 2. I was to spray water on the plants yesterday.
- 3. He was about to steal from the shop when the security noticed him.
- 4. My father was to shave his beard when my mother said it looks good.
- 5. The child was about to slide down the stairs but his pants ripped.
- 6. The prisoner was about to escape but he was caught by the police.

- Q
- 7. I was to replace the jelly I ate from the fridge but my sister already told my mum.
- 8. We were to accompany our granny to the doctor when my dad volunteered to do it.
- 9. Mum was to boil potatoes for dinner but she forgot to buy some.

- 10. I was to reserve a table in the restaurant for today but I totally forgot.
- 11. My friend was about to invest in a business when I told him it was a scam.
- 12. I was to convince my brother to come with us to the party when our mum told him to do so.

Q

- 1. His nails are dirty.
- 2. She likes testing her nerves with adventures.
- 3. The hospital patient needs assistance.
- 4. My father needs to take his pill every after meal.
- 5. Quick! Call an ambulance!

Q

- 6. Drug abuse is one type of substance abuse.
- 7. The doctors have to put a tube in her mouth to make her breathe.
- 8. My sense of smell is quite strong.
- 9. Those who have the disease have to be separated from others.
- 10. She has been feeling under the weather for a couple of days now.

- 1. I think coffee is very helpful to wake you up in the morning.
- 2. I think an alarm is very helpful to wake you up in the morning.
- 3. I think an alarm is very useful to wake you up in the morning.
- 4. I think tea is very useful to wake you up in the morning.
- 5. I think food is very useful to wake you up in the morning.
- 6. I think food is very important to wake you up in the morning.
- 7. We think food is very important to wake you up in the morning.
- 8. He thinks food is very important to wake you up in the morning.

# **Pronunciation Repetition Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. piercing
- 2. effect
- 3. coffee
- 4. insecticide
- 5. camera
- 6. prisoner
- 7. irritable
- 8. tube
- 9. disease
- 10. weather
- 11. breathing

- 1. I was to bake.
- 2. I was to bake cookies.
- 3. I was to bake cookies for her.
- 4. I was to bake cookies for her but she had an exam.
- 5. I was to bake cookies for her but she had an exam yesterday.
- 6. I was to bake cookies for her but she had an exam yesterday afternoon.

- 1. She needs pills for her nerves.
- 2. She needs pills for her disease.
- 3. She needs medicine for her disease.
- 4. We need medicine for her disease.
- 5. We need medicine for her nails.
- 6. We need a substance for her nails.
- 7. We need a substance for her patient.
- 8. We need an ambulance for her patient.

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#### Teacher-led Minimal Pair Column Drill

Identify whether each word being read by the teacher is from column A or column B.

A

B

1. prize

price

2. view

few

3. beach

bitch

#### Teacher-led Minimal Pair Column Drill

Identify whether each word being read by the teacher is from column A or column B.

A

4. woman women

B

5. steal still

6. beard bird

- 1. In my opinion, pancakes and eggs are good for breakfast. Repeat.
- 2. In my opinion, pancakes and eggs are good for breakfast. Change: lunch. --- [In my opinion, pancakes and eggs are good for lunch.]
- 3. In my opinion, pancakes and eggs are good for lunch. Change: coffee. --- [In my opinion, pancakes and coffee are good for lunch.]
- 4. In my opinion, pancakes and coffee are good for lunch. Change: view. --- [In my view, pancakes and coffee are good for lunch.]
- 5. In my view, pancakes and coffee are good for lunch. Change: not. --- [In my view, pancakes and coffee are not good for lunch.]
- 6. In my view, pancakes and coffee are not good for lunch. Change: dinner. --- [In my view, pancakes and coffee are not good for dinner.]
- 7. In my view, pancakes and coffee are not good for dinner. Change: cake. --- [In my view, cake and coffee are not good for dinner.]
- 8. In my view, cake and coffee are not good for dinner. Change: as snacks. --- [In my view, cake and coffee are not good as snacks.]

- 1. I need to call an ambulance. Repeat.
- 2. I need to call an ambulance. Transform: who. --- [Who needs to call an ambulance?]
- 3. She has a tube for draining liquids out of her wound. Repeat.
- 4. She has a tube for draining liquids out of her wound. Transform: what. --- [What does she have for draining liquids out of her wound?]
- 5. He skipped school for he feels under the weather. Repeat.
- 6. He skipped school for he feels under the weather. Transform: why. --- [Why did he skip school?]
- 7. Rapid change of weather conditions can sometimes make you feel under the weather. Repeat.
- 8. Rapid change of weather conditions can sometimes make you feel under the weather. Transform: what. ---[What can sometimes make you feel under the weather?]

- 9. "Under the weather" means to feel physically unwell. Repeat.
- 10. "Under the weather" means to feel physically unwell. Transform: what. --- [What does "under the weather" mean?]
- 11. The child's nails were so dirty. Repeat.
- 12. The child's nails were so dirty. Transform: whose. --- [Whose nails were so dirty?]
- 13. I took a pill last night for my fever. Repeat.
- 14. I took a pill last night for my fever. Transform: when. --- [When did I take a pill for my fever?]

- 1. Ben was to slide down. Repeat.
- 2. Ben was to slide down. Add: through a hole. --- [Ben was to slide down through a hole.]
- 3. Ben was to slide down through a hole. Add: in the ground. --- [Ben was to slide down through a hole in the ground.]
- 4. Ben was to slide down through a hole in the ground. Add: to get his camera. -- [Ben was to slide down through a hole in the ground to get his camera.]
- 5. Ben was to slide down through a hole in the ground to get his camera. Add: but it was deep. --- [Ben was to slide down through a hole in the ground to get his camera, but it was deep.]
- 6. Ben was to slide down through a hole in the ground to get his camera, but it was deep. Add: too. --- [Ben was to slide down through a hole in the ground to get his camera, but it was too deep.]

- 1. My mother was to boil water. Repeat.
- 2. Add: for tea. --- [My mother was to boil water for tea.]
- 3. Add: for her grandma. --- [My mother was to boil water for tea for her grandma.]
- 4. Add: very irritable. --- [My mother was to boil water for tea for her very irritable grandma.]
- 5. Add: 90-year-old. --- [My mother was to boil water for tea for her very irritable 90-year-old grandma.]
- 6. Add: when she asked for a soda instead. --- [My mother was to boil water for tea for her very irritable 90-year-old grandma when she asked for a soda instead.]

#### Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. They will go to the hospital tomorrow for her fever. Repeat.
- 2. They will go to the hospital tomorrow for her fever. Change: his. --- [They will go to the hospital tomorrow for his fever.]
- 3. They will go to the hospital tomorrow for his fever. Change: doctor. [They will go to the doctor tomorrow for his fever.]
- 4. They will go to the doctor tomorrow for his fever. Change: pill. --- [They will go to the doctor tomorrow for his pill.]
- 5. They will go to the doctor tomorrow for his pill. Change: illness. --- [They will go to the doctor tomorrow for his illness.]
- 6. They will go to the doctor tomorrow for his illness. Change: later. --- [They will go to the doctor later for his illness.]
- 7. They will go to the doctor later for his illness. Change: disease. --- [They will go to the doctor later for his disease.]
- 8. They will go to the doctor later for his disease. Change: we. --- [We will go to the doctor later for his disease.]

- 1. What do you think about the latest gadgets like cellphones and iPods?
- 2. What is your position on all countries being independent?
- 3. From your point of view, is TV news important?
- 4. Do you agree or disagree that being online most of the time is bad for the health?
- 5. Do you have any views on world politics?
- 6. What is your opinion on government aid for the unemployed?
- 7. What's your position on eating fast food every day?

- 1. I think cats are friendlier than dogs. Write. Transform: which --- [Which animal do you think is friendlier, cats or dogs?]
- 2. She has a tube for draining liquids out of her wound. Write. Transform: what -- [What does she have for draining liquids out of her wound?]
- 3. The child's nails were so dirty. Write. Transform: whose --- [Whose nails were so dirty?]
- 4. In my view, attractive people have a first impression advantage over ordinary looking people. Write. Transform: What do you think... --- [What do you think about attractive people having a first impression advantage over ordinary looking people?]
- 5. "Under the weather" means to feel physically unwell. Write. Transform: what --- [What does "under the weather" mean?]

Please refer to the definition file.





Structure: has/have + been + present participle of a verb

Words indicating duration of time such as 'for' and 'since' are not commonly used when this tense indicates a recent activity or an action has just ended.

Ex.: She has been restoring photographs.

They have been trading cooking recipes.

These sentences can be followed by 'just, lately, or recently' though to emphasize the usage.

Ex.: He has been participating in class lately.

I have just been chopping onions.

- 1. They have been dating.
- 2. I have been assisting him in teaching.
- 3. She has just been chopping onions.
- 4. We have been leaning on the wall.
- 5. My dad has been restoring a motorcycle lately.
- 6. We have been trading goods with them.
- 7. He has been participating in class recently.
- 8. The police have been chasing the criminal.
- 9. The dog has been scratching the door.
- 10. I have been preserving fruits all morning.
- 11. We have been securing the boats before the storm.
- 12. They have been investigating those people.

## **Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. We have been trading products.
- 2. We have been restoring products.
- 3. We have been chopping products.
- 4. We have been securing products.
- 5. We have been preserving products.
- 6. We have been investigating products.
- 7. We have been investigating people.
- 8. We have been assisting people.

## Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- Sheila has been dating lots of guys. Repeat.
- 2. Sheila has been dating lots of guys. Change: chase. --- [Sheila has been chasing lots of guys.]
- 3. Sheila has been chasing lots of guys. Change: Dan. --- [Dan has been chasing lots of guys.]
- 4. Dan has been chasing lots of guys. Change: investigate. --- [Dan has been investigating lots of guys.]
- 5. Dan has been investigating lots of guys. Change: businesses. --- [Dan has been investigating lots of businesses.]
- 6. Dan has been investigating lots of businesses. Change: secure. --- [Dan has been securing lots of businesses.]
- 7. Dan has been securing lots of businesses. Change: preserve. --- [Dan has been preserving lots of businesses.]
- 8. Dan has been preserving lots of businesses. Change: houses. --- [Dan has been preserving lots of houses.]

- 1. The shy kid has been participating in class activities.
- 2. The shy kid has been scratching his table in class activities.
- 3. The shy kid has been scratching the wall during class activities.
- 4. The shy kid has been leaning on the wall during class activities.
- 5. The angry kid has been leaning on the wall during class activities.
- 6. The angry kid has been participating during class discussion.
- 7. The poor kid hasn't been participating during class discussion.

- 1. Daniel and Ana have been dating each other recently. Repeat.
- 2. Daniel and Ana have been dating each other recently. Change: assisting, the teacher. --- [Daniel and Ana have been assisting the teacher recently.]
- 3. Daniel and Ana have been assisting the teacher recently. Change: they, lately. --- [They have been assisting the teacher lately.]
- 4. They have been assisting the teacher lately. Change: investigate, recently. --- [They have been investigating the teacher recently.]
- 5. They have been investigating the teacher recently. Change: we, students. --- [We have been investigating the students recently.]
- 6. We have been investigating the students recently. Change: restore, painting. --- [We have been restoring the painting recently.]
- 7. We have been restoring the painting recently. Change: John, trade. --- [John has been trading the painting recently.]

- 1. They have been chasing chickens.
- 2. They have been chasing and chopping chickens.
- 3. They have been chasing and chopping chickens into small parts.
- 4. They have been chasing and chopping chickens into small parts to sell.
- 5. They have been chasing and chopping chickens into small parts to sell in the market.

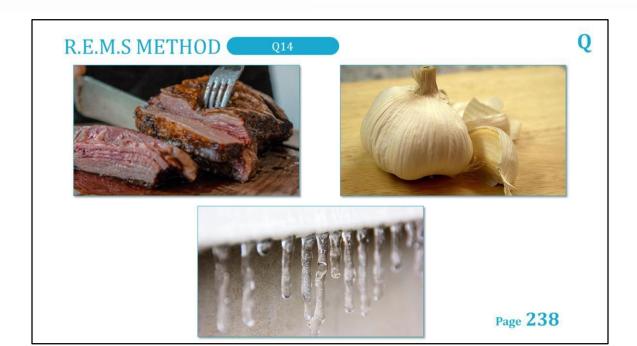
- 1. She has been leaning. Repeat.
- 2. Add: on the kitchen counter. --- [She has been leaning on the kitchen counter.]
- 3. Add: watching the cat. --- [She has been leaning on the kitchen counter watching the cat.]
- 4. Add: that has just been scratching. --- [She has been leaning on the kitchen counter watching the cat that has just been scratching.]
- 5. Add: her ear. --- [She has been leaning on the kitchen counter watching the cat that has just been scratching her ear.]

- 1. I have been eating apples. Repeat.
- 2. I have been eating apples. Transform: what. --- [What have you been doing?]
- 3. She has just been drinking coffee. Repeat.
- 4. She has just been drinking coffee. Transform: who. --- [Who has just been drinking coffee?]
- 5. Jill has been dating Jack lately. Repeat.
- 6. Jill has been dating Jack lately. Transform: who. --- [Who has Jill been dating lately?]
- 7. My dad has been chopping wood recently to prepare for winter. Repeat.
- 8. My dad has been chopping wood recently to prepare for winter. Transform: why. --- [Why has my dad been chopping wood recently?]

- 9. I've been assisting my mum with her work. Repeat.
- 10. I've been assisting my mum with her work. Transform: who. --- [Who has been assisting my mum?]
- 11. The blind sheep has been leaning on its mother for support. Repeat.
- 12. The blind sheep has been leaning on its mother for support. Transform: which. --- [Which sheep has been leaning on its mother?]
- 13. We have been restoring a house recently. Repeat.
- 14. We have been restoring a house recently. Transform: what. --- [What have we been restoring?]
- 15. They have been trading game cards. Repeat.
- 16. They have been trading game cards. Transform: what. --- [What have they been trading?]

Please refer to the definition file.





## **Repetition Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. They love pizza.
- 2. I need to cut back on eating bacon.
- 3. They are picking cherries now.
- 4. I can do without steak in my diet.
- 5. She doesn't like the smell of garlic.
- 6. You have to freeze meat to make it last.
- 7. I think I fancy a piece of cake.
- 8. We eat cereal in the morning.
- 9. They have to cut back on drinking to be healthier.
- 10. We can freeze leftover pizza for tomorrow.

## **Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. We eat pizza every day.
- 2. We eat bacon every day.
- 3. We eat cereal every day.
- 4. We don't eat cereal every day.
- 5. We don't eat garlic every day.
- 6. We don't buy garlic every day.
- 7. We don't buy cherries every day.
- 8. We don't buy steak every day.
- 9. We don't fancy steak every day.
- 10. We don't like steak every day.

- 1. I can do without pizza.
- 2. I can do without eating pizza.
- 3. I can do without eating pizza every night.
- 4. I can do without eating pizza and bacon every night.
- 5. I can do without eating pizza and bacon every night and cereal every morning.
- 6. I can do without eating pizza and bacon every night and cereal every morning because I need to cut back.
- 7. I can do without eating pizza and bacon every night and cereal every morning because I need to cut back on sugar too.

#### Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. She promises to stay away from steak with too much garlic. Repeat.
- 2. She promises to stay away from steak with too much garlic. Change: pizza. ---[She promises to stay away from pizza with too much garlic.]
- 3. She promises to stay away from pizza with too much garlic. Change: cheese.
- --- [She promises to stay away from pizza with too much cheese.]
- 4. She promises to stay away from pizza with too much cheese. Change: he. ---[He promises to stay away from pizza with too much cheese.]
- 5. He promises to stay away from pizza with too much cheese. Change: food. ---[He promises to stay away from food with too much cheese.]
- 6. He promises to stay away from food with too much cheese. Change: sugar. --
- [He promises to stay away from food with too much sugar.]
- 7. He promises to stay away from food with too much sugar. Change: do without. --- [He promises to do without food with too much sugar.]
- 8. He promises to do without food with too much sugar. Change: oil. --- [He promises to do without food with too much oil.]

- 1. I will eat some cherries. Repeat.
- 2. I will eat some cherries. Add: Mary. --- [Mary and I will eat some cherries.]
- 3. Mary and I will eat some cherries. Add: pizza. --- [Mary and I will eat some cherries and pizza.]
- 4. Mary and I will eat some cherries and pizza. Add: cut back on. --- [Mary and I will eat some cherries and cut back on pizza.]
- 5. Mary and I will eat some cherries and cut back on pizza. Add: tomorrow. --- [Mary and I will eat some cherries and cut back on pizza tomorrow.]
- 6. Mary and I will eat some cherries and cut back on pizza tomorrow. Add: evening. --- [Mary and I will eat some cherries and cut back on pizza tomorrow evening.]
- 7. Mary and I will eat some cherries and cut back on pizza tomorrow evening. Add: in Italy. --- [Mary and I will eat some cherries and cut back on pizza tomorrow evening in Italy.]

## **Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. Our favorite foods are bacon, pizza, and steak.
- 2. Our favorite foods are cereal, bread, and steak.
- 3. Their favorite foods are cereal, bread, and fruits.
- 4. Their favorite foods are cereal, cheese, and cherries.
- 5. Their favorite foods are bananas, cheese, and cherries.
- 6. Their favorite fruits are bananas, apples, and cherries.
- 7. My favorite fruits are bananas, apples, and cherries.

- 1. You have to freeze pizza dough. Repeat.
- 2. You have to freeze pizza dough. Add: don't. --- [You don't have to freeze pizza dough.]
- 3. Do you fancy steak for dinner? Change: bacon. --- [Do you fancy bacon for dinner?]
- 4. Mary was told to cut back on eating fast food. Add: and drinking soft drinks. -
- -- [Mary was told to cut back on eating fast food and drinking soft drinks.]
- 5. We eat breakfast cereal as snacks. Change: they. --- [They eat breakfast cereal as snacks.]
- 6. We pick cherries in April. Transform: when. --- [When do we pick cherries?]

- 1. He ate a lot of garlic I can smell it. Repeat.
- 2. He ate a lot of garlic I can smell it. Transform: present simple. --- [He eats a lot of garlic I can smell it.]
- 3. I will prepare the ingredients for the steak. Repeat.
- 4. I will prepare the ingredients for the steak. Transform: past simple. --- [I prepared the ingredients for the steak.]
- 5. We made pizza for dinner tonight. Repeat.
- 6. We made pizza for dinner tonight. Transform: present perfect. --- [We have made pizza for dinner tonight.]
- 7. We made pizza for dinner tonight. Transform: present perfect progressive. --- [We have been making pizza for dinner tonight.]

- 8. My dad cuts back on high-cholesterol food. Repeat.
- 9. My dad cuts back on high-cholesterol food. Transform: present progressive. -

- -- [My dad is cutting back on high-cholesterol food.]
- 10. She had frozen cherries for baking. Repeat.
- 11. She had frozen cherries for baking. Transform: past progressive. --- [She was freezing cherries for baking.]
- 12. I fancy fish for dinner tonight. Repeat.
- 13. I fancy fish for dinner tonight. Transform: past simple. --- [I fancied fish for dinner last night.]

Please refer to the definition file.





# From the Speaker's Perspective come back vs go back bring vs take

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come back and bring - require movement towards the speaker's position.

Ex.: Tell me when you come back to school.

Please bring writing materials for the lecture.

go back and take – require the opposite, which is to move away from the speaker's position.

Ex.: Take some food with you when you go back to your hometown.

NOTE: Come back and go back can be both expressed by using the word 'return'.

- 1. You need to take an umbrella with you to the convention.
- 2. She wants to go back to that fun festival.
- 3. Bring your notes when you come back to the lecture.
- 4. My mum was so mad. She told me to go back home.
- 5. Can you take strawberries to grandma?
- 6. Can you bring me that book, please?

- 7. Everybody wants the senior inspector to come back to the investigation.
- 8. I'm bored so I'm going back to the robot exhibition.
- 9. Please take as many contest flyers as you want.
- 10. A mother is asking if she can bring her toddler to the workshop.
- 11. We go back home for some family occasions.
- 12. They will come back for the session.
- 13. He told me to take his heart to heaven with me.

### **Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. They will come back for the workshop.
- 2. They will come back for the festival.
- 3. They will come back for the session.
- 4. They will come back for the convention.
- 5. They will come back for the lecture.
- 6. They will come back for the investigation.
- 7. They will come back for the exhibition.
- 8. They will come back for the contest.

R.E.M.S METHOD EXERCISE Q15.3

### **Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. We have to go back home to do our chores.
- 2. We have to go back to school to do our chores.
- 3. She has to go back to school to do her homework.
- 4. She has to go back to the session to finish her treatment.
- 5. She has to go back to the workshop to get her certificate.
- 6. I have to go back to the contest to get my certificate.
- 7. I have to go back to the lecture to get my laptop.

#### Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. He told me to take his heart to heaven with me. Repeat.
- 2. He told me to take his heart to heaven with me. Change: love. --- [He told me to take his love to heaven with me.1
- 3. He told me to take his love to heaven with me. Change: my. --- [He told me to take my love to heaven with me.]
- 4. He told me to take my love to heaven with me. Change: hell. --- [He told me to take my love to hell with me.]
- 5. He told me to take my love to hell with me. Change: bring. --- [He told me to bring my love to hell with me.]
- 6. He told me to bring my love to hell with me. Change: contest. --- [He told me to bring my love to the contest with me.]
- 7. He told me to bring my love to the contest with me. Change: pet. --- [He told me to bring my pet to the contest with me.]
- 8. He told me to bring my pet to the contest with me. Change: exhibition. --- [He told me to bring my pet to the exhibition with me.]

- 1. Grandfather likes going back to his hometown for family occasions. Repeat.
- 2. Grandfather likes going back to his hometown for family occasions. Change: mother, come back. --- [Mother likes coming back to her hometown for family occasions.]
- 3. Mother likes coming back to her hometown for family occasions. Change: not, our. --- [Mother doesn't like coming back to our hometown for family occasions.]
- 4. Mother doesn't like coming back to our hometown for family occasions. Change: I, school. --- [I don't like coming back to our hometown for school occasions.]
- 5. I don't like coming back to our hometown for school occasions. Change: go back, conventions. --- [I don't like going back to our hometown for school conventions.]
- 6. I don't like going back to our hometown for school conventions. Change: high school, festivals. --- [I don't like going back to our high school for school festivals.]
- 7. I don't like going back to our high school for school festivals. Change: city, lectures. --- [I don't like going back to our city for school lectures.]

## **Pronunciation Repetition Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. control
- 2. coffee
- 3. wood
- 4. steak
- 5. pizza
- 6. dough
- 7. toddler

## Middle Syllable Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. family
- 2. sensitive
- 3. visible
- 4. gasoline
- 5. attractive
- 6. festival
- 7. exhibition

#### Student-led Minimal Pair Column Drill

Read one word from column A or B. Then teacher will tell you which column it is from.

> A B

1. pill peel

2. well wall

3. sheep ship

#### **Advanced Single-slot Substitution Drill**

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. Take the car to the mechanic. Repeat.
- 2. Change: bike. --- [Take the bike to the mechanic.]
- 3. Change: exhibition. --- [Take the bike to the exhibition.]
- 4. Change: bring. --- [Bring the bike to the exhibition.]
- 5. Change: artwork. --- [Bring the artwork to the exhibition.]
- 6. Change: cookies. --- [Bring the cookies to the exhibition.]
- 7. Change: take. --- [Take the cookies to the exhibition.]
- 8. Change: payment. --- [Take the payment to the exhibition.]

- 1. She brought food to the hospital. Change: office. --- [She brought food to the office.]
- 2. I came back from Paris yesterday. Change: tomorrow. --- [I will come back from Paris tomorrow.]
- 3. I have to go back home to get my car. Change: keys. --- [I have to go back home to get my keys.]
- 4. We asked him to take home some food. Change: drinks. --- [We asked him to take home some drinks.]
- 5. He has to bring me clothes for tomorrow. Change: the weekend. --- [He has to bring me clothes for the weekend.]
- 6. The mailman brought some letters for us. Change: packages. --- [The mailman brought some packages for us.]
- 7. The thief took money and jewelry from our house. Change: appliances. --- [The thief took money and appliances from our house.]

- 1. Where did you go last weekend? --- [I went to... / Why did you go there? / What did you do there? / When did you come back?]
- 2. What souvenirs did you take home with you from your last holiday? --- [I went to... / Why did you go there? / What did you do there? / When did you come back?]
- 3. If you could bring a friend with you to school, who would it be? --- [I will bring... / Why? / Do you have other experiences together with this person? / Would you share memories with friends or siblings? / When will you come back for your next lesson?]

- 1. They have been dating.
- 2. I have been assisting him in teaching.
- 3. She has just been chopping onions.
- 4. We have been leaning on the wall.
- 5. My dad has been restoring a motorcycle lately.
- 6. We have been trading goods with them.

- 7. He has been participating in class recently.
- 8. The police have been chasing the criminal.
- 9. The dog has been scratching the door.
- 10. I have been preserving fruits all morning.
- 11. We have been securing the boats before the storm.
- 12. They have been investigating those people.

- Q
- 1. You need to take an umbrella with you to the convention.
- 2. She wants to go back to that fun festival.
- 3. Bring your notes when you come back to the lecture.
- 4. My mum was so mad. She told me to go back home.
- 5. Can you take strawberries to grandma?
- 6. Can you bring me that book, please?

- Q
- 7. Everybody wants the senior inspector to come back to the investigation.
- 8. I'm bored so I'm going back to the robot exhibition.
- 9. Please take as many contest flyers as you want.
- 10. A mother is asking if she can bring her toddler to the workshop.

- 11. We go back home for some family occasions.
- 12. They will come back for the session.
- 13. He told me to take his heart to heaven with me.

- 1. They love pizza.
- 2. I need to cut back on eating bacon.
- 3. They are picking cherries now.
- 4. I can do without steak in my diet.
- 5. She doesn't like the smell of garlic.

- 6. You have to freeze meat to make it last.
- 7. I think I fancy a piece of cake.
- 8. We eat cereal in the morning.
- 9. They have to cut back on drinking to be healthier.
- 10. We can freeze leftover pizza for tomorrow.

#### Student-led Minimal Pair Column Drill

Read one word from column A or B. Then teacher will tell you which column it is from.

A

B

1. pill peel

2. well wall

3. sheep ship

- 1. I can do without pizza.
- 2. I can do without eating pizza.
- 3. I can do without eating pizza every night.
- 4. I can do without eating pizza and bacon every night.
- 5. I can do without eating pizza and bacon every night and cereal every morning.
- 6. I can do without eating pizza and bacon every night and cereal every morning because I need

to cut back.

7. I can do without eating pizza and bacon every night and cereals every morning because I need

to cut back on sugar too.

## **Pronunciation Repetition Drill**

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. control
- 2. coffee
- 3. wood
- 4. steak
- 5. pizza
- 6. dough
- 7. toddler

- 1. We have been trading products.
- 2. We have been restoring products.
- 3. We have been chopping products.
- 4. We have been securing products.
- 5. We have been preserving products.
- 6. We have been investigating products.
- 7. We have been investigating people.
- 8. We have been assisting people.

- 1. We have to go back home to do our chores.
- 2. We have to go back to school to do our chores.
- 3. She has to go back to school to do her homework.
- 4. She has to go back to the session to finish her treatment.
- 5. She has to go back to the workshop to get her certificate.
- 6. I have to go back to the contest to get my certificate.
- 7. I have to go back to the lecture to get my laptop.

## Middle Syllable Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. family
- 2. sensitive
- 3. visible
- 4. gasoline
- 5. attractive
- 6. festival
- 7. exhibition

- 1. She has been leaning. Repeat.
- 2. Add: on the kitchen counter. --- [She has been leaning on the kitchen counter.]
- 3. Add: watching the cat. --- [She has been leaning on the kitchen counter watching the cat.]
- 4. Add: that has just been scratching. --- [She has been leaning on the kitchen counter watching the cat that has just been scratching.]
- 5. Add: her ear. --- [She has been leaning on the kitchen counter watching the cat that has just been scratching her ear.]

- 1. He ate a lot of garlic and I can smell it. Repeat.
- 2. He ate a lot of garlic and I can smell it. Transform: present simple. --- [He eats a lot of garlic and I can smell it.]
- 3. I will prepare the ingredients for the steak. Repeat.
- 4. I will prepare the ingredients for the steak. Transform: past simple. --- [I prepared the ingredients for the steak.]
- 5. We made pizza for dinner tonight. Repeat.
- 6. We made pizza for dinner tonight. Transform: present perfect. --- [We have made pizza for dinner tonight.]
- 7. We made pizza for dinner tonight. Transform: present perfect progressive. --- [We have been making pizza for dinner tonight.]

- 8. My dad cuts back on high-cholesterol food. Repeat.
- 9. My dad cuts back on high-cholesterol food. Transform: present progressive. -
- -- [My dad is cutting back on high-cholesterol food.]
- 10. She had frozen cherries for baking. Repeat.
- 11. She had frozen cherries for baking. Transform: past progressive. --- [She was freezing cherries for baking.]
- 12. I fancy fish for dinner tonight. Repeat.
- 13. I fancy fish for dinner tonight. Transform: past simple. --- [I fancied fish for dinner last night.]

- 1. Where did you go last weekend? --- [I went to... / Why did you go there? / What did you do there? / When did you come back?]
- 2. What souvenirs did you take home with you from your last holiday? --- [I went to... / Why did you go there? / What did you do there? / When did you come back?]
- 3. If you could bring a friend with you to school, who would it be? --- [I will bring... / Why? / Do you have other experiences together with this person? / Would you share memories with friends or siblings? / When will you come back for your next lesson?]

- 1. You have to freeze pizza dough. Repeat.
- 2. You have to freeze pizza dough. Add: don't. --- [You don't have to freeze pizza dough.]
- 3. Do you fancy steak for dinner? Change: bacon. --- [Do you fancy bacon for dinner?]
- 4. Mary was told to cut back on eating fast food. Add: and drinking soft drinks. -
- -- [Mary was told to cut back on eating fast food and drinking soft drinks.]
- 5. We eat breakfast cereals as snacks. Change: they. --- [They eat breakfast cereals as snacks.]
- 6. We pick cherries in April. Transform: when. --- [When do we pick cherries?]

## **Advanced Single-slot Substitution Drill**

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. Take the car to the mechanic. Repeat.
- 2. Change: bike. --- [Take the bike to the mechanic.]
- 3. Change: exhibition. --- [Take the bike to the exhibition.]
- 4. Change: bring. --- [Bring the bike to the exhibition.]
- 5. Change: artwork. --- [Bring the artwork to the exhibition.]
- 6. Change: cookies. --- [Bring the cookies to the exhibition.]
- 7. Change: take. --- [Take the cookies to the exhibition.]
- 8. Change: payment. --- [Take the payment to the exhibition.]

- 1. The shy kid has been participating in class activities. Write. --- [The shy kid has been participating in class activities.]
- 2. You have to freeze pizza dough. Add: don't. --- [You don't have to freeze pizza dough.]

- 3. I came back from Paris yesterday. Change: today. --- [I came back from Paris today.]
- 4. I've been assisting my mum with her work. Transform: who. --- [Who has been assisting my mum?]
- 5. Mary was told to cut back on eating fast food. Add: and drinking soft drinks. -- [Mary was told to cut back on eating fast food and drinking soft drinks.]
- 6. We pick cherries in April. Transform: when. --- [When do we pick cherries?]