Please refer to the definition file.



- 1. The man running naked in front of the school was arrested.
- 2. An aggressive businessman won the award.
- 3. The man went into the store armed with a baseball bat.
- 4. They say blonde people have more fun.
- 5. My teacher is strict.
- 6. She shares an office with a foreign lady.
- 7. He is an intelligent man.
- 8. The dog looked so keen to have a walk.
- 9. It wasn't a big apartment but it was decent for her.
- 10. It was a dumb decision to drive after drinking.
- 11. The victim was really angry with the thief.
- 12. I had a normal childhood.

- 1. The children are scared.
- 2. The children are scared because of a man.
- 3. The children are scared because of a man who came to school.
- 4. The children are scared because of a man who came to school naked.
- 5. The children are scared because of a man who came to school naked and armed.
- 6. The children are scared because of a man who came to school naked, armed, and aggressive.

- 1. The girl has hair. Repeat.
- 2. The girl has hair. Add: blonde. --- [The girl has blonde hair.]
- 3. The girl has blonde hair. Add: brown eyes. --- [The girl has blonde hair and brown eyes.]
- 4. The girl has blonde hair and brown eyes. Add: is intelligent. --- [The girl has blonde hair, brown eyes and is intelligent.]
- 5. The girl has blonde hair, brown eyes and is intelligent. Add: keen. --- [The girl has blonde hair, brown eyes and is intelligent and keen.]
- 6. The girl has blonde hair, brown eyes and is intelligent and keen. Add: to work. --- [The girl has blonde hair, brown eyes, is intelligent and keen to work.]
- 7. The girl has blonde hair, brown eyes and is intelligent and keen to work. Add: at the center. --- [The girl has blonde hair, brown eyes, is intelligent and keen to work at the center.]

- 1. I'm scared of strict professors. Add: not. --- [I'm not scared of strict professors.]
- 2. There was a foreign object in her stomach. Change: objects. --- [There were foreign objects in her stomach.]
- 3. Animals are dumb. Add: some. --- [Some animals are dumb.]
- 4. Somebody stole her wallet so the victim went to the police station. Change: bag. --- [Somebody stole her bag so the victim went to the police station.]
- 5. I ate a decent meal at home yesterday. Change: restaurant. --- [I ate a decent meal at a restaurant yesterday.]
- 6. It was my childhood dream to become a doctor. Change: nurse. --- [It was my childhood dream to become a nurse.]
- 7. She badly wanted to be blonde. Change: an actress. --- [She badly wanted to be an actress.]
- 8. You have to study to be intelligent. Change: wise. --- [You have to study to be wise.]

- 1. There is an aggressive gorilla in the zoo. Repeat.
- 2. Change: are, dumb. --- [There are dumb gorillas in the zoo.]
- 3. Change: signs, store. --- [There are dumb signs in the store.]
- 4. Change: foreign, train station. --- [There are foreign signs in the train station.]
- 5. Change: guy, supermarket. --- [There is a foreign guy in the supermarket.]
- 6. Change: blonde, hospital. --- [There is a blonde guy in the hospital.]
- 7. Change: some, aggressive. --- [There are some aggressive guys in the hospital.]

Sentence Intonation Drill

Listen and practice the intonation of these sentences.

- 1. The radio my dad owns blew up because it had been placed near the stove.
- 2. What did he do with my computer files?
- 3. The carpenters built a wooden fence around the cottage.
- 4. She was a marvelous but incredibly dull girl when she was young.

- [1. The radio my dad owns blew up because it had been placed near the stove.]
- [2. What did he do with my computer files? →]
- [3. The carpenters built a wooden fence around the cottage. →]
- [4. She was a marvelous but incredible dull girl when she was young. 7]

Sentence Intonation Drill

Listen and practice the intonation of these sentences.

- 5. The children are scared because of a man who came to school naked, armed, and aggressive.
- 6. Luckily, my panic attack at the law firm was not very bad so I was able to ride my motorbike.
- 7. Henry takes care of his sister the most frequently and the most gently. Stella does it too, although more rarely and only when grandpa isn't there.

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- [5. The children are scared because of a man who came to school naked, armed, and aggressive. ¬]
- [6. Luckily, my panic attack at the law firm was not very bad so I was able to ride my motorbike. 飞1
- [7. Henry takes care of his sister the most frequently and the most gently.

Stella does it too, although more rarely and only when grandpa isn't there.]

- 1. An aggressive person is very scary. Repeat.
- 2. An aggressive person is very scary. Transform: past simple. --- [An aggressive person was very scary.]
- 3. An aggressive person was very scary. Add: armed. --- [An aggressive, armed person was very scary.]
- 4. An aggressive, armed person was very scary. Change: intelligent. --- [An intelligent, armed person was very scary.]
- 5. An intelligent, armed person was very scary. Change: criminal. --- [An intelligent, armed criminal was very scary.]
- 6. An intelligent, armed criminal was very scary. Change: dumb. --- [A dumb, armed criminal was very scary.]
- 7. A dumb, armed criminal was very scary. Change: even more. --- [A dumb, armed criminal was even more scary.]
- 8. A dumb, armed criminal was even more scary. Transform: present simple. [A dumb, armed criminal is even more scary.]

- 1. I watched a foreign news program last night. Repeat.
- 2. I watched a foreign news program last night. Transform: when. --- [When did I watch a foreign news program?]
- 3. Our mother was scary when we were little because she was so strict. Repeat.
- 4. Our mother was scary when we were little because she was so strict. Transform: why. --- [Why was our mother scary when we were little?]
- 5. She learns fast by being a keen observer. Repeat.
- 6. She learns fast by being a keen observer. Transform: how. ---[How does she learn fast?]
- 7. I feel sorry for the victim. Repeat.
- 8. I feel sorry for the victim. Transform: who. --- [Who do I feel sorry for?]

- 9. I armed myself with a stick. Repeat.
- 10. I armed myself with a stick. Transform: what. --- [What did I arm myself with?]
- 11. The half-naked model is on the billboard. Repeat.
- 12. The half-naked model is on the billboard. Transform: where. --- [Where is the half-naked model?]
- 13. She put bleach in her hair to make it blonde. Repeat.
- 14. She put bleach in her hair to make it blonde. Transform: how. --- [How did she make her hair blonde?]
- 15. The price of the furniture is decent enough for its quality. Repeat.
- 16. The price of the furniture is decent enough for its quality. Transform: what. -- [What is decent enough for its quality?]

- 1. Do you think dogs are intelligent?
- 2. Was your mother strict?
- 3. Have you seen an armed man?
- 4. Why are some animals aggressive?
- 5. Describe your childhood.
- 6. Do all crime victims go to the police station?
- 7. Do you have a foreign friend?

Q

- 1. I would like to visit a nature reserve in Africa.
- 2. If only I could go to a beach resort today.
- 3. He consulted a law firm to know more about his legal case.
- 4. It was his dream to study at a famous film institute.
- 5. I asked the receptionist where my mother's hospital ward was.
- 6. That picture frame was a gift from my grandmother.

- Q
- 7. He had to talk to the product manufacturer to sort the problem out.
- 8. The health department has some big problems because of the virus.
- 9. I want to eat carrot cake but she bought some gingerbread instead.
- 10. She suffers from panic attacks.
- 11. I was able to ride my motorbike.
- 12. That apple pie was bad.

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- 1. Jackie had a marvelous time at the museum.
- 2. The scenes in the movie are so unbelievable.
- 3. I was very unfortunate not to see the art exhibit.
- 4. The remarkable paintings were displayed in our local museum last week.
- 5. The ticket price was ridiculous.
- 6. She has an intense hatred for anything made of animal skin.

- 7. The problem was more complex than I thought.
- 8. That very detailed cake decoration made it stand out.
- 9. Nobody wants to attend a dull party.
- 10. We went to a fancy restaurant for dinner.
- 11. The place was fantastic and the food was very delicious.
- 12. The kids enjoyed a fascinating school tour.

- 1. The man running naked in front of the school was arrested.
- 2. An aggressive businessman won the award.
- 3. The man went into the store armed with a baseball bat.
- 4. They say blonde people have more fun.
- 5. My teacher is strict.
- 6. She shares an office with a foreign lady

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Q

- 7. He is an intelligent man.
- 8. The dog looked so keen to have a walk.
- 9. It wasn't a big apartment but it was decent for her.
- 10. It was a dumb decision to drive after drinking.
- 11. The victim was really angry with the thief.
- 12. I had a normal childhood.

Sentence Intonation Drill

Listen and practice the intonation of these sentences.

- 1. The radio my dad owns blew up because it had been placed near the stove.
- 2. What did he do with my computer files?
- 3. The carpenters built a wooden fence around the cottage.
- 4. She was a marvelous but incredibly dull girl when she was young.

- [1. The radio my dad owns blew up | because it had been placed near the stove. ¬1
- [2. What did he do with my computer files? ¬]
- [3. The carpenters built a wooden fence around the cottage.]
- [4. She was a marvelous | but incredibly dull girl when she was young.]

Sentence Intonation Drill

Listen and practice the intonation of these sentences.

- 5. The children are scared because of a man who came to school naked, armed, and aggressive.
- 6. Luckily, my panic attack at the law firm was not very bad so I was able to ride my motorbike.
- 7. Henry takes care of his sister the most frequently and the most gently. Stella does it too, although more rarely and only when grandpa isn't there.

- [5. The children are scared | because of a man who came to school naked, | armed | and aggressive. ¬]
- [6. Luckily, | my panic attack at the law firm was not very bad | so I was able to ride my motorbike.¬]
- [7. Henry takes care of his sister the most frequently and the most gently.] Stella does it too, | although more rarely | and only when grandpa isn't there. →]

Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. She just came back from the nature reserve.
- 2. She just came back from the animal reserve.
- 3. She just came back from the beach resort.
- 4. They just came back from the beach resort.
- 5. They just came back from the film institute.
- 6. They visited the hospital wing.
- 7. We visited the health department.
- 8. We visited the law firm.
- 9. We called the law firm.
- 10. We called the product manufacturer.

Intermediate Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. Marie owns a fancy car. Repeat.
- 2. Marie owns a fancy car. Change: Ana, house. --- [Ana owns a fancy house.]
- 3. Ana owns a fancy house. Change: made, cake. --- [Ana made a fancy cake.]
- 4. Ana made a fancy cake. Change: Sheila, marvelous. --- [Sheila made a marvelous cake.]
- 5. Sheila made a marvelous cake. Change: bought, dresser. --- [Sheila bought a marvelous dresser]
- 6. Sheila bought a marvelous dresser. Change: saw, movie. --- [Sheila saw a marvelous movie.]
- 7. Sheila saw a marvelous movie. Change: watched, fantastic. --- [Sheila watched a fantastic movie.]

- 1. I was given a fancy toy.
- 2. I was given a fancy and very detailed toy.
- 3. I was given a fancy, very detailed, but complex toy.
- 4. I was given a fancy, very detailed, but complex toy by my older brother.
- 5. I was given a fancy, very detailed, but complex toy by my unbelievable older brother.

- 1. The health department needs a new employee. Repeat.
- 2. The health department needs a new employee. Change: manager. --- [The health department needs a new manager.]
- 3. The health department needs a new manager. Change: sports. --- [The sports department needs a new manager.]
- 4. The sports department needs a new manager. Change: athlete. --- [The sports department needs a new athlete.]
- 5. The sports department needs a new athlete. Change: institute. --- [The sports institute needs a new athlete.]
- 6. The sports institute needs a new athlete. Change: teacher. --- [The sports institute needs a new teacher.]

Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 7. The sports institute needs a new teacher. Change: language. --- [The language institute needs a new teacher.]
- 8. The language institute needs a new teacher. Change: law. --- [The law institute needs a new teacher.]
- 9. The law institute needs a new teacher. Change: lawyer. --- [The law institute needs a new lawyer.]
- 10. The law institute needs a new lawyer. Change: rule. --- [The law institute needs a new rule.]
- 11. The law institute needs a new rule. Change: has. --- [The law institute has a new rule.]
- 12. The law institute has a new rule. Change: firm. --- [The law firm has a new rule.]
- 13. The law firm has a new rule. Change: partner. --- [The law firm has a new partner.]

- 1. I don't know what hospital ward she is in. Repeat.
- 2. Change: she, works. --- [She doesn't know what hospital ward she works in.]
- 3. Change: he, knows. --- [He knows what hospital ward she works in.]
- 4. Change: they, nature reserve. --- [They know what nature reserve she works in.]
- 5. Change: animal, volunteers. --- [They know what animal reserve she volunteers in.]
- 6. Change: Alma, shelter. --- [Alma knows what animal shelter she volunteers in.]
- 7. Change: learned, homeless. --- [Alma learned what homeless shelter she volunteers in.]

- 1. The children are scared.
- 2. The children are scared because of a man.
- 3. The children are scared because of a man who came to school.
- 4. The children are scared because of a man who came to school naked.
- 5. The children are scared because of a man who came to school naked and armed.
- 6. The children are scared because of a man who came to school naked, armed, and aggressive.

Inflection Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. I'm scared of strict professors. Add: not. --- [I'm not scared of strict professors.]
- There was a foreign object in her stomach. Change: objects. --- [There were foreign objects in her stomach.]
- 3. Animals are dumb. Add: some. [Some animals are dumb.]
- 4. Somebody stole her wallet so the victim went to the police station. Change: bag. --- [Somebody stole her bag so the victim went to the police station.]
- 5. I ate a decent meal at home yesterday. Change: restaurant. --- [I ate a decent meal at a restaurant yesterday.]
- 6. It was my childhood dream to become a doctor. Change: nurse. --- [It was my childhood dream to become a nurse.]
- 7. She badly wanted to be blonde. Change: an actress. --- [She badly wanted to be an actress.]
- 8. You have to study to be intelligent. Change: wise. --- [You have to study to be wise.]

- 1. I watched a foreign news program last night. Repeat.
- 2. I watched a foreign news program last night. Transform: when. --- [When did I watch a foreign news program?]
- 3. Our mother was scary when we were little because she was so strict. Repeat.
- 4. Our mother was scary when we were little because she was so strict. Transform: why. --- [Why was our mother scary when we were little?]
- 5. She learns fast by being a keen observer. Repeat.
- 6. She learns fast by being a keen observer. Transform: how. --- [How does she learn fast?]
- 7. I feel sorry for the victim. Repeat.
- 8. I feel sorry for the victim. Transform: who. --- [Who do I feel sorry for?]

- 9. I armed myself with a stick. Repeat.
- 10. I armed myself with a stick. Transform: what. --- [What did I arm myself with?]
- 11. The half-naked model is on the billboard. Repeat.
- 12. The half-naked model is on the billboard. Transform: where. --- [Where is the half-naked model?]
- 13. She put bleach in her hair to make it blonde. Repeat.
- 14. She put bleach in her hair to make it blonde. Transform: how. --- [How did she make her hair blonde?]

Open Questions Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Do you think dogs are intelligent?
- 2. Was your mother strict?
- 3. Have you seen an armed man?
- 4. Why are some animals aggressive?
- 5. Describe your childhood.
- 6. Do all crime victims go to the police station?
- 7. Do you have a foreign friend?

Advanced Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. The complex house design was impressive. Repeat.
- 2. Change: detailed, building. --- [The detailed building design was impressive.]
- 3. Change: road, confusing. --- [The detailed road design was confusing.]
- 4. Change: is, fascinating. --- [The detailed road design is fascinating.]
- 5. Change: plan, remarkable. --- [The detailed road plan is remarkable.]
- 6. Change: unfortunate, ridiculed. --- [The unfortunate road plan is ridiculed.]
- 7. Change: complex, rubbish. --- [The complex road plan is rubbish.]

Writing Substitution Exercise

Listen, write the sentences, and follow the instructions.

- 1. He left the beach resort yesterday. Change: today --- [He left the beach resort today.]
- 2. She was a marvelous but unfortunately dull girl. Change: incredibly --- [She was a marvelous but incredibly dull girl.]
- 3. An aggressive armed person was very scary. Change: intelligent --- [An intelligent armed person was very scary.]
- 4. The film institute building is huge and elegant. Change: language --- [The language institute building is huge and elegant.]
- 5. She was a complex but incredibly dull girl when she was young. Change: intense --- [She was a complex but incredibly intense girl when she was young.]
- 6. She badly wanted to be blonde. Change: an actress --- [She badly wanted to be an actress.]

Describing People

the + adjective = noun

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Some adjectives can be used as nouns when used with the article 'the'. This happens when a phrase like 'the deaf people' simply becomes 'the deaf', the adjective becomes a noun. These adjectives used as nouns are plural in form and take plural verbs.

Ex.: The deaf have their own special language to communicate. / The rich pay a big tax to the government.

American, English and Canadian can be both nouns and adjectives. Their plural form is always a noun but their singular form can be either an adjective or a noun.

Ex.: The Koreans have colorful national costumes. The

Korean dishes in the restaurant are spicy. Other cases:

the + adjective

Ex.: The more, the merrier. / The more, the better. / My brother is the youngest and I'm the oldest.

- 1. The blind use canes to safely walk the streets.
- 2. Many people in many countries do not like the wealthy.
- 3. The meek are easily bullied.
- 4. The young are the future of the nation.
- 5. The local government should do something for the unemployed.
- 6. Hospitals should take care of the sick properly.
- 7. The poor are said to be happier than the rich.
- 8. He can speak to the deaf because he knows sign language.
- 9. The Americans will climb the mountain.
- 10. We want to sit with the Koreans.

- 1. The blind cannot play.
- 2. The blind cannot play with the deaf.
- 3. The blind cannot play with the deaf and the injured.
- 4. The blind cannot play with the deaf, the injured, and the sick.
- 5. The blind cannot play with the deaf, the injured, and the sick but can talk.
- 6. The blind cannot play with the deaf, the injured, and the sick but can talk with the meek.
- 7. The blind cannot play with the deaf, the injured, and the sick but can talk with the meek and the old.

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. I looked after the sick.
- 2. I looked after the injured.
- 4. I looked after the disabled.
- 5. We looked after the disabled.
- 6. We looked after the old.
- 7. We looked after the deaf.
- 8. We ran after the deaf.
- 9. We ran after the young.
- 10. We ran after the meek.

Intermediate Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. The elderly need assistance from the government. Repeat.
- 2. The elderly need assistance from the government. Change: jobless, want. ---[The jobless want assistance from the government.]
- The jobless want assistance from the government. Change: sick, help. ---[The sick want help from the government.]
- 4. The sick want help from the government. Change: deaf, school. --- [The deaf want help from the school.]
- 5. The deaf want help from the school. Change: rich, demand. --- [The rich demand help from the school.]
- 6. The rich demand help from the school. Change: Koreans, embassy. --- [The Koreans demand help from the embassy.]
- 7. The Koreans demand help from the embassy. Change: Chinese, answers. ---[The Chinese demand answers from the embassy.]

Advanced Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. The poor have very simple lives. Repeat.
- 2. Change: rich, extravagant. --- [The rich have very extravagant lives.]
- 3. Change: intelligent, creative. --- [The intelligent have very creative lives.]
- 4. Change: unemployed, hard. --- [The unemployed have very hard lives.]
- 5. Change: old, relaxed. --- [The old have very relaxed lives.]
- 6. Change: young, carefree. --- [The young have very carefree lives.]
- 7. Change: injured, careful. --- [The injured have very careful lives.]

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. frames
- 2. ward
- 3. law firm
- 4. film
- 5. clothes shop
- 6. prison
- 7. ridiculous
- 8. fur
- 9. dumb
- 10. deceased
- 11. orchestra
- 12. accused

- 1. They visited the old and the young in the hospital. Change: we. --- [We visited the old and the young in the hospital.]
- 2. The Americans ate at the restaurant. Change: Japanese. --- [The Japanese ate at the restaurant.]
- 3. We immediately buried the deceased. Change: reported. --- [We immediately reported the deceased.]
- 4. The unemployed are very eager to apply. Change: jobless. --- [The jobless are very eager to apply.]
- 5. The blind form an orchestra. Change: band. --- [The blind form a band.]
- 6. The rich shop in this mall. Change: supermarket. --- [The rich shop in this supermarket.]
- 7. The accused appealed in court for another trial. Change: chance. --- [The accused appealed in court for another chance.]
- 8. We have to be careful in transporting the injured. Change: transferring. --- [We have to be careful in transferring the injured.]

Question and Answer Drill

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Are the Americans in America? --- [Yes, the Americans are in America.]
- 2. Are the Japanese Asians? --- [Yes, the Japanese are Asians.]
- 3. Is the Korean fair? --- [Yes, the Korean is fair.]
- 4. Are the Koreans fair? --- [Yes, the Koreans are fair.]
- 5. Are the Canadians nice? --- [Yes, the Canadians are nice.]
- 6. Do the rich have a lot of money? --- [Yes, the rich have a lot of money.]
- 7. Is the deceased alive? --- [No, the deceased isn't alive.]
- 8. Do the unemployed work? --- [No, the unemployed don't work.]

Q

Jumbled Sentences Exercise

Reorder the following words to make a grammatical sentence.

- 1. is/youngest / the /gorilla / the / the / oldest / alpha / while / baby / is / the /.
- 2. take / train /the / second /first / you / the/ will / I / take / .
- 3. food / the / better / more / the / .
- 4. smallest / the / milk / in / fridge / the / cake / the / is / biggest / box / carton / package / the / while / is / the /.

- [1. The alpha gorilla is the oldest while the baby is the youngest.]
- [2. You take the first train, I'll take the second.]
- [3. The more food, the better.]
- [4. The milk carton is the smallest package in the fridge while the cake box is the biggest.]

Please refer to the definition file.







- 1. Everybody wants to have long-term relationships with other people.
- 2. He inherited a substantial amount of money from his grandpa.
- 3. We had a technical problem at work today.
- 4. An unknown person sent her a package.
- 5. His explanation was vague so we didn't totally understand it.
- 6. My sister thought her new ear piercing was not visible.
- 7. Those who suffer from severe psychological conditions have to be admitted.
- 8. He has a rare skin condition.
- 9. Annie doesn't go out a lot because she has sensitive skin.
- 10. Kids have such genuine laughter.
- 11. The inner part of the jacket has to be replaced.
- 12. We studied the internal organs of the human body.

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. The problem has a long-term effect.
- 2. The problem has a substantial effect.
- 3. The problem has a visible effect.
- 4. The medicine has a visible effect.
- 5. The medicine has a vague effect.
- 6. The medicine has a psychological effect.
- 7. The accident has a psychological effect.
- 8. The accident has a psychological result.

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- 1. She said we are going to talk about a sensitive issue.
- 2. She said we are going to meet about a technical issue.
- 3. My boss said we are going to meet about a technical issue.
- 4. My boss said we are going to meet about an internal issue.
- 5. My mum said we have to talk about an internal issue.
- 6. My dad said we have to talk about a genuine concern.
- 7. My counselor said I have to talk about my concerns.

- 1. It is rare for her to be late. Repeat.
- 2. It is rare for her to be late. Transform: what. --- [What is rare for her to do?]
- 3. I had to stop taking medicine because it has long-term side effects. Repeat.
- 4. I had to stop taking medicine because it has long-term side effects. Transform: why. --- [Why did I have to stop taking medicine?]
- 5. The lawyer has substantial evidence against the accused. Repeat.
- 6. The lawyer has substantial evidence against the accused. Transform: who. --- [Who has substantial evidence against the accused?]
- 7. She doesn't know how to solve a technical problem. Repeat.
- 8. She doesn't know how to solve a technical problem. Transform: who. --- [Who doesn't know how to solve a technical problem?]

- 9. It is hard to solve this issue because the cause is unknown. Repeat.
- 10. It is hard to solve this issue because the cause is unknown. Transform: why. --- [Why is it hard to solve this issue?]
- 11. She felt a vague feeling of happiness when she saw him yesterday. Repeat.
- 12. She felt a vague feeling of happiness when she saw him yesterday. Transform: what. --- [What did she feel when she saw him yesterday?]
- 13. I got visible scars from a car accident. Repeat.
- 14. I got visible scars from a car accident. Transform: where. --- [Where did she get visible scars?]
- 15. My skin started to become overly sensitive last month. Repeat.
- 16. My skin started to become overly sensitive last month. Transform: when. --- [When did my skin start to become overly sensitive?]

- 1. It started with a vague matter. Repeat.
- 2. It started with a vague matter. Add: but visible. --- [It started with a vague but visible matter.]
- 3. It started with a vague but visible matter. Add: substantial. --- [It started with a vague but visible substantial matter.]
- 4. It started with a vague but visible substantial matter. Add: which is psychological. --- [It started with a vague but visible substantial matter which is psychological.]
- 5. It started with a vague but visible substantial matter which is psychological. Add: in origin. --- [It started with a vague but visible substantial matter which is psychological in origin.]

- 1. Jenna has some inner struggles. Change: no. --- [Jenna has no inner struggles.]
- 2. I was touched by their genuine concern. Change: they. --- [They were touched by their genuine concern.]

- 3. She likes to wear rare jewelry. Change: gold. --- [She likes to wear gold jewelry.]
- 4. The manager wants to keep the internal conflicts a secret. Change: president. --- [The president wants to keep the internal conflicts a secret.]
- 5. I have to make a long-term goal. Change: short. --- [I have to make a short-term goal.]
- 6. We often use technical terms. Add: non-. --- [We often use non-technical terms.]
- 7. The story was set in an unknown country. Change: movie. --- [The movie was set in an unknown country.]

Question and Answer with Prompt Drill

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Is it rare to feel cold in summer? Yes, it's ... --- [Yes, it's rare to feel cold in summer.]
- 2. Are you sensitive to the smell of food? Yes/No, I'm ... --- [Yes/No, I'm sensitive to the smell of food.]
- 3. Is genuine leather expensive? Yes, ... --- [Yes, genuine leather is expensive.]
- 4. Can you touch your inner ear? No, I can't ... --- [No, I can't touch my inner ear.]
- 5. Do you wash the internal part of your bag? Yes/No, I ... --- [Yes/No, I wash the internal part of my bag.]
- 6. Is it hard to cure psychological disorders? Yes, it's... --- [Yes, it's... hard to cure psychological disorders.]

- 1. Do you accept gifts from an unknown person?
- 2. Do you have sensitive skin?
- 3. Do you like genuine people?
- 4. Do you agree that drinking medicine has a psychological effect?
- 5. Is it rare for you to be late?
- 6. Do you have a long-term goal?

Please refer to the definition file.



- 1. You need to be patient when baking.
- 2. She was ashamed of her behavior last night.
- 3. I am a professional baseball player.
- 4. The dog was frightened of the noise.
- 5. We were grateful to be alive after that storm.
- 6. You need to buy a sensible pair of shoes because you will be standing a lot.
- 7. He finally reported his violent father to the authorities.
- 8. You should feel guilty for not going to the reunion.
- 9. It is normal to feel nervous on your first day of work.
- 10. I was awake the whole night.
- 11. She felt a sharp pain in her side while jogging.
- 12. We are fortunate to have lovely parents.

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. I am patient.
- 2. I am ashamed.
- 4. I was ashamed.
- 5. He was ashamed.
- 6. He was professional.
- 7. He was frightened.
- 8. They were frightened.
- 9. They were violent.
- 10. We were violent.
- 11. We were guilty.

- 1. I was awake.
- 2. I was awake the whole night.
- 3. I was awake the whole night because I was nervous.
- 4. I was awake the whole night because I was nervous about the program.
- 5. I was awake the whole night because I was nervous about the program today.

- 1. He was a sensible and sharp student. Repeat.
- 2. He was a sensible and sharp student. Change: she, police officer. [She was a sensible and sharp police officer.]
- 3. She was a sensible and sharp police officer. Change: patient, dog. [She was a patient and sharp dog.]
- 4. She was a patient and sharp dog. Change: violent, nervous. [She was a violent and nervous dog.]
- 5. She was a violent and nervous dog. Change: they, robbers. [They were violent and nervous robbers.]
- 6. They were violent and nervous robbers. Change: awake, kids. [They were awake and nervous kids.]
- 7. They were awake and nervous kids. Change: we, frightened. [We were awake and frightened kids.]

Word Stress Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. reserve
- 2. manufacturer
- 3. unbelievable
- 4. institute
- 5. extravagant
- 6. psychological
- 7. substantial
- 8. ashamed

- 1. I am grateful. Repeat.
- 2. Add: for the help. --- [I am grateful for the help.]
- 3. Add: because I was very nervous. --- [I am grateful for the help because I was very nervous.]
- 4. Add: and I'm fortunate. --- [I am grateful for the help because I was very nervous and I'm fortunate.]
- 5. Add: to have professional people. --- [I am grateful for the help because I was very nervous and I'm fortunate to have professional people.]
- 6. Add: to help me. --- [I am grateful for the help because I was very nervous and I'm fortunate to have professional people to help]me.

- 1. I am ashamed to admit my mistake. Add: not. --- [I am not ashamed to admit my mistake.]
- 2. I ate a lot of chocolates and now I feel guilty. Change: dizzy. --- [I ate lots of chocolate and now I feel dizzy.]
- 3. You need to take a sharp turn to the left after one kilometer. Change: two. --[You need to take a sharp turn to the left after two kilometers.]
- 4. She was fortunate to have them as friends. Change: unfortunate. --- [She was unfortunate to have them as friends.]
- 5. I have to buy sensible clothes for winter. Change: need. --- [I need to buy sensible clothes for winter.]
- 6. I'm fully awake now after drinking a cup of coffee. Change: two. --- [I'm fully awake now after drinking two cups of coffee.]
- 7. Drunk people can be violent. Change: dangerous. --- [Drunk people can be dangerous.]

- 1. John is grateful to those who helped him. Repeat.
- 2. John is grateful to those who helped him. Transform: who. [Who is grateful to those who helped him?]
- 3. The thunder frightened the dog. Repeat.
- 4. The thunder frightened the dog. Transform: what. [What frightened the dog?]
- 5. I know the pictures are good for I hired a professional photographer. Repeat.
- 6. I know the pictures are good for I hired a professional photographer. Transform: why. [Why are the pictures good?]
- 7. He was patient at the hospital yesterday. Repeat.
- 8. He was patient at the hospital yesterday. Transform: when. [When was he patient at the hospital?]

- 9. She is guilty of a crime. Repeat.
- 10. She is guilty of a crime. Transform: not. [She is not guilty of a crime.]
- 11. The girl is ashamed to use her old bag at school. Repeat.
- 12. The girl is ashamed to use her old bag at school. Transform: what. [What is the girl ashamed of using at school?]
- 13. We feel fortunate to be able to go to the Olympics. Repeat.
- 14. We feel fortunate to be able to go to the Olympics. Transform: where. [Where do we feel fortunate to be able to go?]

- 1. Are you still awake at 12 midnight?
- 2. What are you grateful for?
- 3. Are you patient?
- 4. Is it sensible to buy winter clothes in summer? Why or why not?
- 5. Do you feel guilty if you're late for work? If yes, why?
- 6. Have you witnessed a man being violent?
- 7. What makes you nervous?
- 8. Can you name me a professional athlete?

Q

- 1. The blind use canes to safely walk the streets.
- 2. Many people in many countries do not like the wealthy.
- 3. The meek are easily bullied.
- 4. The young are the future of the nation.
- 5. The local government should do something for the unemployed.

- 6. Hospitals should take care of the sick properly.
- 7. The poor are said to be happier than the rich.
- 8. He can speak to the deaf because he knows sign language.
- 9. The Americans will climb the mountain.
- 10. We want to sit with the Korean.

- 1. Everybody wants to have long-term relationships with other people.
- 2. He inherited a substantial amount of money from his grandpa.
- 3. We had a technical problem at work today.
- 4. An unknown person sent her a package.
- 5. His explanation was vague so we didn't totally understand it.
- 6. My sister thought her new ear piercing is not visible

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- Q
- 7. Those who suffer from severe psychological conditions have to be admitted.
- 8. He has a rare skin condition.
- 9. Annie doesn't go out a lot because she has sensitive skin.
- 10. Kids have such genuine laughter.
- 11. The inner part of the jacket has to be replaced.
- 12. We studied the internal organs of the human body

- 1. You need to be patient when baking.
- 2. She was ashamed of her behavior last night.
- 3. I am a professional baseball player.
- 4. The dog was frightened of the noise.
- 5. We were grateful to be alive after that storm.
- 6. You need to buy a sensible pair of shoes because you will be standing a lot.

Q

- Q
- 7. He finally reported his violent father to the authorities.
- 8. You should feel guilty for not going to the reunion.
- 9. It is normal to feel nervous on your first day of work.
- 10. I was awake the whole night.
- 11. She felt a sharp pain in her side while jogging.
- 12. We are fortunate to have lovely parents.

- 1. The blind cannot play.
- 2. The blind cannot play with the deaf.
- 3. The blind cannot play with the deaf and the injured.
- 4. The blind cannot play with the deaf, the injured and the sick.
- 5. The blind cannot play with the deaf, the injured and the sick but can talk.
- 6. The blind cannot play with the deaf, the injured and the sick but can talk with the meek.
- 7. The blind cannot play with the deaf, the injured and the sick but can talk with the meek and the old.

- 1. They visited the old and the young in the hospital. Change: we. --- [We visited the old and the young in the hospital.]
- 2. The Americans ate at the restaurant. Change: Japanese. --- [The Japanese ate at the restaurant.]
- 3. We immediately buried the deceased. Change: reported. --- [We immediately reported the deceased.]
- 4. The unemployed are very eager to apply. Change: jobless. --- [The jobless are very eager to apply.]
- 5. The blind form an orchestra. Change: band. --- [The blind form a band.]
- 6. The rich shop in this mall. Change: supermarket. --- [The rich shop in this supermarket.]
- 7. The accused appealed in court for another trial. Change: chance. --- [The accused appealed in court for another chance.]
- 8. We have to be careful in transporting the injured. Change: transferring. --- [We have to be careful in transferring the injured.]

Word Stress Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. reserve
- 2. manufacturer
- 3. unbelievable
- 4. institute
- 5. extravagant
- 6. psychological
- 7. substantial
- 8. ashamed

- 1. The problem has a long-term effect.
- 2. The problem has a substantial effect.
- 3. The problem has a visible effect.
- 4. The medicine has a visible effect.
- 5. The medicine has a vague effect.
- 6. The medicine has a psychological effect.
- 7. The accident has a psychological effect.
- 8. The accident has a psychological result.

- 1. It started with a vague matter. Repeat.
- 2. It started with a vague matter. Add: but visible --- [It started with a vague but visible matter.]
- 3. It started with a vague but visible matter. Add: substantial. --- [It started with a vague but visible substantial matter.]
- 4. It started with a vague but visible substantial matter. Add: which is psychological. --- [It started with a vague but visible substantial matter which is psychological.]
- 5. It started with a vague but visible substantial matter which is psychological. Add: in origin. --- [It started with a vague but visible substantial matter which is psychological in origin.]

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. frames
- 2. ward
- 3. law firm
- 4. film
- 5. clothes shop
- 6. prison
- 7. ridiculous
- 8. fur
- 9. dumb
- 10. deceased
- 11. orchestra
- 12. accused

Advanced Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. The poor have very simple lives. Repeat.
- 2. Change: rich, extravagant. --- [The rich have very extravagant lives.]
- 3. Change: intelligent, creative. --- [The intelligent have very creative lives.]
- 4. Change: unemployed, hard. --- [The unemployed have very hard lives.]
- 5. Change: old, relaxed. --- [The old have very relaxed lives.]
- 6. Change: young, carefree. --- [The young have very carefree lives.]
- 7. Change: injured, careful. --- [The injured have very careful lives.]

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. I am patient.
- 2. I am ashamed.
- 3. I was ashamed.
- 4. He was ashamed.
- 5. He was professional.
- 6. He was frightened.
- 7. They were frightened.
- 8. They were violent.
- 9. We were violent.
- 10. We were guilty.

Advanced Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

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- 1. I am grateful. Repeat.
- 2. Add: for the help. --- [I am grateful for the help.]

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- 3. Add: because I was very nervous. --- [I am grateful for the help because I was very nervous.]
- 4. Add: and I'm fortunate. --- [I am grateful for the help because I was very nervous and I'm fortunate.]
- 5. Add: to have professional people. --- [I am grateful for the help because I was very nervous and I'm fortunate to have professional people.]
- 5. Add: to help me. --- [I am grateful for the help because I was very nervous and I'm fortunate to have professional people to help me.]

- 1. Do you accept gifts from an unknown person?
- 2. Do you have sensitive skin?
- 3. Do you like genuine people?
- 4. Do you agree that drinking medicine has a psychological effect?
- 5. Is it rare for you to be late?
- 6. Do you have a long-term goal?

- 1. John is grateful to those who helped him. Repeat.
- 2. John is grateful to those who helped him. Transform: who. --- [Who is grateful to those who helped him?]
- 3. The thunder frightened the dog. Repeat.
- 4. The thunder frightened the dog. Transform: what. --- [What frightened the dog?]
- 5. I know the pictures are good for I hired a professional photographer. Repeat.
- 6. I know the pictures are good for I hired a professional photographer. Transform: why. --- [Why are the pictures good?]
- 7. He was patient at the hospital yesterday. Repeat.
- 8. He was patient at the hospital yesterday. Transform: when. --- [When was he patient at the hospital?]

- 9. She is guilty of a crime. Repeat.
- 10. She is guilty of a crime. Transform: not. --- [She is not guilty of a crime.]
- 11. The girl is ashamed to use her old bag at school. Repeat.
- 12. The girl is ashamed to use her old bag at school. Transform: what. --- [What is the girl ashamed to use at school?]
- 13. We feel fortunate to be able to go to the Olympics. Repeat.
- 14. We feel fortunate to be able to go to the Olympics. Transform: where. --- [Where do we feel fortunate to be able to go?]

Mixed Writing Exercise

Listen to the teacher and type the sentences in the chat box.

- 1. The poor have very simple lives. Write. --- [The poor have very simple lives.]
- 2. They visited the old and the young in the hospital. Change: we. --- [We visited the old and the young in the hospital.]
- 3. The thunder frightened the dog. Transform: what. --- [What frightened the dog?]
- 4. It started with a vague but visible matter. Add: substantial. --- [It started with a vague but visible substantial matter.]
- 5. Jenna has some inner struggles. Change: no. --- [Jenna has no inner struggles.]
- 6. I ate a lot of chocolates and now I feel guilty. Change: dizzy. --- [I ate a lot of chocolates and now I feel dizzy.]
- 7. We feel fortunate to be able to go to the Olympics. Transform: where. ---[Where do we feel fortunate to be able to go?]

Giving and Asking for Opinions

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The following phrases are commonly used to start asking for opinions:

What do you think about ... ? I From your point of view, ... ?

Would you agree/disagree that ... ? / Do you have any views on ... ?

What's your view on ...? / What's your opinion of ...? / What's your position on...?

We commonly use the following phrases to express opinions:

I think... / If you ask me... / In my opinion, / In my view/ From my point of view, / Personally,

Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. What do you think about the food?
- 2. I think it is good.
- 3. Would you agree that banana is the healthiest fruit?
- 4. Personally, I wouldn't agree that apple is the healthiest fruit.
- 5. From your point of view, is 18 years old mature enough to have a driver's license?
- 6. From my point of view, 21 years old is the proper age to get a license.
- 7. Do you have any views on child labor?
- 8. I think child labor is awful and heartless.
- 9. What's your view on online classes?
- 10. In my view, online classes are enjoyable and very helpful.
- 11. What is your opinion about social media?
- 12. In my opinion, social media is both good and evil.

- 1. I think coffee is very helpful to wake you up in the morning.
- 2. I think an alarm is very helpful to wake you up in the morning.
- 3. I think an alarm is very useful to wake you up in the morning.
- 4. I think tea is very useful to wake you up in the morning.
- 5. I think food is very useful to wake you up in the morning.
- 6. I think food is very important to wake you up in the morning.
- 7. We think food is very important to wake you up in the morning.
- 8. He thinks food is very important to wake you up in the morning.

Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- In my opinion, pancakes and eggs are good for breakfast. Repeat.
- 2. In my opinion, pancakes and eggs are good for breakfast. Change: lunch. --- [. In my opinion, pancakes and eggs are good for lunch.]
- 3. In my opinion, pancakes and eggs are good for lunch. Change: coffee. --- [In my opinion, pancakes and coffee are good for lunch.]
- 4. In my opinion, pancakes and coffee are good for lunch. Change: view. --- [In my view, pancakes and coffee are good for lunch.]
- 5. In my view, pancakes and coffee are good for lunch. Change: not. --- [In my view, pancakes and coffee are not good for lunch.]
- 6. In my view, pancakes and coffee are not good for lunch. Change: dinner. ---[In my view, pancakes and coffee are not good for dinner.]
- 7. In my view, pancakes and coffee are not good for dinner. Change: cake. --- [In my view, cake and coffee are not good for dinner.]
- 8. In my view, cake and coffee are not good for dinner. Change: as snacks. ---[In my view, cake and coffee are not good as snacks.]

Advanced Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. Would you agree that soccer is a dangerous sport? Repeat.
- 2. Change: basketball. --- [Would you agree that basketball is a dangerous sport?]
- 3. Change: disagree. --- [Would you disagree that basketball is a dangerous sport?]
- 4. Change: fencing. --- [Would you disagree that fencing is a dangerous sport?]
- 5. Change: karate. --- [Would you disagree that karate is a dangerous sport?]
- 6. Change: agree. --- [Would you agree that karate is a dangerous sport?]
- 7. Change: interesting. --- [Would you agree that karate is an interesting sport?]
- 8. Change: intense. . --- [Would you agree that karate is an intense sport?]

- 1. Do you have any views on the increase of food prices around the world?
- 2. What's your opinion on the increase of food prices around the world?
- 3. What do you think about the increase of food prices around the world?
- 4. What's your view on the increase of food prices around the world?
- 5. What's your view on the increase of gasoline prices around the world?
- 6. Do you have any views on the increase of gasoline prices around the world?
- 7. What do you think about the increase of gasoline prices around the world?
- 8. What's your opinion on the increase of gasoline prices around the world?

- 1. I personally think that the beach is more relaxing than the mountain. Repeat.
- 2. I personally think that the beach is more relaxing than the mountain. Change: swimming, running. --- [I personally think that swimming is more relaxing than running.]
- 3. I personally think that swimming is more relaxing than running. Change: tiring, hiking. --- [I personally think that swimming is more tiring than hiking.]
- 4. I personally think that swimming is more tiring than hiking. Change: less, biking. --- [I personally think that swimming is less tiring than biking.]
- 5. I personally think that swimming is less tiring than biking. Change: walking, effective. --- [I personally think that walking is less effective than biking.]
- 6. I personally think that walking is less effective than biking. Change: don't, enjoyable. --- [I personally don't think that walking is less enjoyable than biking.]
- 7. I personally don't think that walking is less enjoyable than biking. Change: reading, partying. --- [I personally don't think that reading is less enjoyable than partying.]

- 1. I think cats are friendlier than dogs. Repeat.
- 2. I think cats are friendlier than dogs. Transform: which. --- [Which do you think are friendlier, cats or dogs?]
- 3. If you ask me, I think books are better than movies. Repeat.
- 4. If you ask me, I think books are better than movies. Transform: what's your view. --- [I think/ In my opinion, ... are better than ... What's your view?]
- 5. In my opinion, women work as well as men. Repeat.
- 6. In my opinion, women work as well as men. Transform: what's your opinion. -
- -- [What's your opinion on how well women work?]
- 7. I agree that eating well and exercising are good for the body. Repeat.
- 8. I agree that eating well and exercising are good for the body. Transform: Would you agree. --- [Would you agree that eating well and exercising are good for the body?]
- 9. In my view, attractive people have a first impression advantage over ordinary-looking people. Repeat.
- 10. In my view, attractive people have a first impression advantage over ordinary-looking people. Transform: What do you think. --- [What do you think attractive people have over ordinary-looking people?]
- 11. Personally, Christmas is not the biggest holiday of the year. Repeat.
- 12. Personally, Christmas is not the biggest holiday of the year. Transform: From your point of view. --- [From your point of view, is Christmas the biggest

- 1. What do you think about the latest gadgets like cellphones and iPods?
- 2. What is your position on all countries being independent?
- 3. From your point of view, is TV news important?
- 4. Do you agree or disagree that being online most of the time is bad for the health?
- 5. Do you have any views on world politics?
- 6. What is your opinion on government aid for the unemployed?
- 7. What's your position on eating fast food every day?