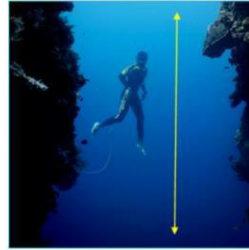


**VOCABULARY**

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Page **73**

**Please refer to the definition file.**





**1 ton = about 907 kg**

## Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 76

1. The dog never showed signs of aging.
2. He owns a chain of stores.
3. He regularly drinks a pint of beer.
4. We don't know the extent of the damage to the car yet.
5. They remove tons of garbage from the dumping site.
6. Feet and meters are units of length.

## Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 77

7. A section of the air conditioner is not working.
8. The police want to know the sequence of events.
9. We are watching a show about a series of crimes.
10. I have to finish the remaining chapters of this book.
11. You have to wear layers of clothes when it is cold.
12. He has to know the depth of the hole before he goes down to it.

## Backward Build-up Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 78

1. to act quickly
2. have to act quickly
3. but they have to act quickly
4. crisis but they have to act quickly
5. depth of the crisis but they have to act quickly
6. the depth of the crisis but they have to act quickly
7. They don't know the depth of the crisis but they have to act quickly.

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 79

1. A unit of the town's fire station was at the big public meeting.
2. A section of the town's fire station was at the big public meeting.
3. A section of the town's police station was at the big public meeting.
4. A section of the town's hospital was at the big public meeting.
5. A section of the town's hospital was at the big public rally.
6. Two sections of the town's hospital were at the big public rally.
7. Two sections of the town's school were at the big public rally.

## Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 80

1. Scientists found signs of life on Mars.
2. Scientists found tons of animals on Mars.
3. Scientists found tons of rock in the volcano.
4. Researchers found layers of rock in the volcano.
5. Researchers found a series of hot springs in the volcano.
6. Adventurers discovered a series of hot springs in the volcano.
7. Adventurers discovered a chain of hot springs near the volcano.



## Controlled Open Question Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

Page 81

1. How many signs and symptoms of fever can you list?
2. Can you drink a pint of wine?
3. Can you see the full extent of your city?
4. Do you keep a ton of food at home?
5. Can you read a whole chapter in an hour?

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 82

1. He can finish a pint.
2. He can finish half a pint.
3. He can finish half a pint of beer.
4. He can finish half a pint of beer while reading.
5. He can finish half a pint of beer while reading a chapter of the book.

## Mixed Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 83

1. We were telling our mum the chain of events. Repeat.
2. We were telling our mum the chain of events. Change: sister. --- [We were telling our sister the chain of events.]
3. We were telling our sister the chain of events. Add: at the party. --- [We were telling our sister the chain of events at the party.]
4. We were telling our sister the chain of events at the party. Change: holiday. -- - [We were telling our sister the chain of events at the holiday.]
5. We were telling our sister the chain of events at the holiday. Change: performance. --- [We were telling our sister the chain of performances at the holiday.]
6. We were telling our sister the chain of performances at the holiday. Transform: present progressive. --- [We are telling our sister the chain of performances at the holiday.]
7. We are telling our sister the chain of performances at the holiday. Change: concert. --- [We are telling our sister the chain of performances at the concert.]
8. We are telling our sister the chain of performances at the concert. Transform: what. --- [What are we telling our sister?]

## Question with Follow-up Questions Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

Page 84

1. Can you bake a cake? How many layers of cake do you like? If you can buy two layers of cake, do you want them to be of different flavors? What do you eat with your coffee or tea?
2. Can you tell me the sequence of instructions on how to make coffee? Do you always follow instructions from the instruction manual? Are you good at putting furniture together? Have you tried repairing an electronic device by yourself?
3. Do you put up a series of lights at Christmas time? What other decorations do people put up during Christmas? What traditions do you have in your family?

- 1. I use both paper and computer, with the latter allowing me to save more time.**
- 2. Suzy and Andrea do not get along, with the former being so bossy.**
- 3. The house and the car are old, but the latter is older.**
- 4. I like both gin and vodka, but I am allergic to the former.**
- 5. Pear and apple taste similar, but the latter is preferred.**

6. Tina and Anthony went to town, with the former driving their car.
7. I bring my laptop and cellphone with me, the latter being used the whole day.
8. Writing and reading are enjoyable activities, but Suzy prefers the former.
9. Most people need pillows and blankets when they sleep, but I don't use the latter.
10. We drink tea and coffee at home, but my father only drinks the former.

- 1. Lemons need to be squeezed to get the juice out.**
- 2. You are not supposed to shove people into the train.**
- 3. He ripped the paper into two.**
- 4. I bumped into my high school classmate at the airport.**
- 5. He was sent to the office for striking a student.**
- 6. Pencils don't bend.**

- 7. Danny chucked away the pen to the bin.**
- 8. You need to seal the envelope before sending it.**
- 9. The worker undertook the job his boss gave him.**
- 10. She gets out of participating in class by faking a fever.**
- 11. My grandmother got rid of our old clothes.**
- 12. We want a prison where prisoners can't break out.**



- 1. The dog never showed signs of aging.**
- 2. He owns a chain of stores.**
- 3. He regularly drinks a pint of beer.**
- 4. We don't know the extent of the damage to the car yet.**
- 5. They remove tons of garbage from the dumping site.**
- 6. Feet and meters are units of length.**

- 7. A section of the air conditioner is not working.**
- 8. The police want to know the sequence of events.**
- 9. We are watching a show about a series of crimes.**
- 10. I have to finish the remaining chapters of this book.**
- 11. You have to wear layers of clothes when it is cold.**
- 12. He has to know the depth of the hole before he goes  
down to it.**

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 91

1. A unit of the town's fire station was at the big public meeting.
2. A section of the town's fire station was at the big public meeting.
3. A section of the town's police station was at the big public meeting.
4. A section of the town's hospital was at the big public meeting.
5. A section of the town's hospital was at the big public rally.
6. Two sections of the town's hospital were at the big public rally.
7. Two sections of the town's school were at the big public rally.

## Word Stress Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

Page 92

1. nervous
2. conduct
3. criterion
4. statue
5. indication
6. representation
7. presumably
8. automatically
9. virtually
10. gradually

## Inflection Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 93

1. Jude and Matt were arrested, the former being so drunk. Change: fighting. --- [Jude and Matt were fighting, the former being so drunk.]
2. Gloves and socks make you warm, but most people just wear the latter. Change: use. --- [Gloves and socks make you warm, but most people just use the latter.]
3. Jamie hates pickles and onions, although he sometimes eats the former. Change: tomato. --- [Jamie hates pickles and tomatoes, although he sometimes eats the former.]
4. I swim and run, but I often do the latter rather than the former. Change: jog. -- - [I swim and jog, but I often do the latter than the former.]
5. My mum cooks breakfast and lunch, but she eats the former by herself. Change: latter. --- [My mum cooks breakfast and lunch, but she eats the latter by herself.]
6. My dad collects cars and bottle tops, the latter, I think, is a waste of time. Change: money. --- [My dad collects cars and bottle tops, the latter, I think, is a waste of money.]
7. Dan is a licensed nurse and teacher, the latter of which is not being practiced. Change: active. --- [Dan is a licensed nurse and teacher, the latter of which is not active.]
8. Mia takes baking and cooking lessons, but she isn't too keen on the latter. Change: interested in. --- [Mia takes baking and cooking lessons, but she isn't too interested in the latter.]

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 94

1. Strike the iron.
2. Strike the iron while it is hot.
3. Strike the iron while it is hot is an idiom.
4. Strike the iron while it is hot is an idiom which means grab the opportunity.
5. Strike the iron while it is hot is an idiom which means grab the opportunity before you lose it.

## Intermediate Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 95

1. Get rid of the building. Repeat.
2. Get rid of the building. Add: old. --- [Get rid of the old building.]
3. Get rid of the old building. Add: you own. --- [Get rid of the old building you own.]
4. Get rid of the old building you own. Add: near the city. --- [Get rid of the old building you own near the city.]
5. Get rid of the old building you own near the city. Add: before July. --- [Get rid of the old building you own near the city before July.]

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 96

1. I had a car and a motorbike but the former was stolen.
2. I had a car and a motorbike but the latter was stolen.
3. She had a car and a motorbike but the latter was stolen.
4. She had a car and a bicycle but the latter was stolen.
5. He had a car and a bicycle but the latter was stolen.
6. He had a truck and a bicycle but the latter was stolen.
7. He had a truck and a bicycle but the former was stolen.
8. He had a truck and a bicycle but the former was taken away.



## Mixed Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 97

1. We were telling our mum the chain of events. Repeat.
2. We were telling our mum the chain of events. Change: sister. --- [We were telling our sister the chain of events.]
3. We were telling our sister the chain of events. Add: at the party. --- [We were telling our sister the chain of events at the party.]
4. We were telling our sister the chain of events at the party. Change: holiday. -- - [We were telling our sister the chain of events at the holiday.]
5. We were telling our sister the chain of events at the holiday. Change: performance. --- [We were telling our sister the chain of performances at the holiday.]
6. We were telling our sister the chain of performances at the holiday. Transform: present progressive. --- [We are telling our sister the chain of performances at the holiday.]
7. We are telling our sister the chain of performances at the holiday. Change: concert. --- [We are telling our sister the chain of performances at the concert.]
8. We are telling our sister the chain of performances at the concert. Transform: what. --- [What are we telling our sister?]

## Why and Because Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

Page 98

1. Why do we squeeze fruits? --- [We squeeze fruits because ... .]
2. Why do we chuck things away? --- [We chuck things away because ....]
3. Why do we seal documents? --- [We seal documents because ... .]
4. Why do we get rid of unwanted plants in our garden? --- [We get rid of unwanted plants in our garden because ... .]
5. Why can some clothes be easily ripped? --- [Some clothes can be easily ripped because ... .]
6. Why is it not allowed to shove people? --- [It is not allowed to shove people because ... .]
7. Why do blacksmiths strike iron with a hammer? --- [Blacksmiths strike iron with a hammer because ... .]
8. Why do animals break out of their cages? --- [Animals break out of their cages because ... .]

## Transformation Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 99

1. My nephew bumped his bike into a bush. Repeat.
2. My nephew bumped his bike into a bush. Transform: who. --- [Who bumped his bike into a bush?]
3. The report says a prisoner broke out of jail last night. Repeat.
4. The report says a prisoner broke out of jail last night. Transform: when. --- [When did the prisoner break out of jail?]
5. The girl squeezed her cute toy bunny. Repeat.
6. The girl squeezed her cute toy bunny. Transform: what. --- [What did the girl squeeze?]
7. The old woman was shoved to the ground in the market. Repeat.

## Transformation Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 100

8. The old woman was shoved to the ground in the market. Transform: where. --  
- [Where was the old woman shoved to the ground?]
9. We need to change the shower curtain because it was ripped. Repeat.
10. We need to change the shower curtain because it was ripped. Transform:  
why. --- [Why do we need to change the shower curtain?]
11. Children love this pencil that bends. Repeat.
12. Children love this pencil that bends. Transform: what. --- [What do children  
love?]
13. My dad doesn't want to undertake the new project. Repeat.
14. My dad doesn't want to undertake the new project. Transform: who. --- [Who  
doesn't want to undertake the new project?]
15. I have to get out of doing the research this summer. Repeat.
16. I have to get out of doing the research this summer. Transform: when. ---  
[When do you have to get out of doing the research?]

## Controlled Open Question Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

Page 101

1. How many signs and symptoms of fever can you list?
2. Can you drink a pint of wine?
3. Can you see the full extent of your city?
4. Do you keep a ton of food at home?
5. Can you read a whole chapter in an hour?

**Intermediate Student asks the Teacher Exercise**

Ask the teacher the following questions.

1. Chocolate and candy are both sweet, but which one is also considered healthy?
2. Vegetables and fruits are healthy, but which of the two do you like?
3. It's windy in the mountains and on the beach, but which is more enjoyable?
4. Where would you go on holiday if Scotland and France were your choices?
5. Swimming and jogging are good exercises, but which do you prefer?

## Mixed Writing Exercise

Listen, follow the instructions, and write the sentences.

Page 103

1. I use both paper and computer, with the latter allowing me to save more time. Write. --- [I use both paper and computer, with the latter allowing me to save more time.]
2. The report says a prisoner broke out of jail last night. Transform: when. --- [When did the report say a prisoner broke out of jail?]
3. We were telling our sister about the chain of events at the party. Change: holiday. --- [We were telling our sister the chain of events at the holiday.]
4. Mia takes baking and cooking lessons, but she isn't too keen on the latter. Change: interested in. --- [Mia takes baking and cooking lessons but she isn't too interested in the latter.]
5. My nephew bumped his bike into a bush. Transform: who. --- [Who bumped his bike into a bush?]

# 'Since' as a Conjunction

Page 104

Since can be used to introduce a clause. The since-clause can either be the past tense or perfect. Present, past, and present perfect tenses are all possible for the main clause depending on what you mean in the sentence.

Examples: I feel a lot better since I went to the doctor last week.

It has been a year since I have seen my niece.

She improved a lot since she started taking English lessons.



## Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 105

1. It has been quite a long time since we went to a theme park.
2. She has been writing books since she was eleven.
3. We have been selling our furniture since we moved to a smaller house.
4. It has only been a week since my sister gave birth.
5. He has gone to the grocery store since he ran out of food in the fridge.
6. Tina is a lot worse since she stopped receiving therapy.
7. They've been shopping in that supermarket since they were children.
8. She hasn't stopped playing with that doll since it was given to her.
9. Erika is drinking more water since she got dehydrated last month.
10. I have been eating regularly since I recovered from an illness.

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 106

1. I am a lot taller since the last time you saw me.
2. I am a lot thinner since the last time you saw me.
3. She is a lot thinner since the last time you saw her.
4. She is a lot happier since the last time you saw her.
5. She is a lot worse since the last time you saw her.
6. He is a lot worse since the last time you saw him.
7. He is a lot worse since the last time you talked to him.
8. He is a lot better since the last time you talked to him.

## Advanced Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 107

1. My mother has been cleaning since I left this morning. Repeat.
2. Change: grandmother, cooking. --- [My grandmother has been cooking since I left this morning.]
3. Change: her, cleaning. --- [Her grandmother has been cleaning since she left this morning.]
4. Change: brother, complaining. --- [Her brother has been complaining since she left this morning.]
5. Change: playing, arrived. --- [Her brother has been playing since she arrived this morning.]
6. Change: sleeping, afternoon. --- [Her brother has been sleeping since she arrived this afternoon.]
7. Change: father, reading. --- [Her father has been reading since she arrived this afternoon.]
8. Change: sister, singing. --- [Her sister has been singing since she arrived this afternoon.]

## Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 108

1. The plant has grown taller since the last time I watered it. Repeat.
2. The plant has grown taller since the last time I watered it. Change: looked at. -  
-- [The plant has grown taller since the last time I looked at it.]
3. The plant has grown taller since the last time I looked at it. Change: tree. ---  
[The tree has grown taller since the last time I looked at it.]
4. The tree has grown taller since the last time I looked at it. Change: bigger. ---  
[The tree has grown bigger since the last time I looked at it.]
5. The tree has grown bigger since the last time I looked at it. Change: hill. ---  
[The hill has grown bigger since the last time I looked at it.]
6. The hill has grown bigger since the last time I looked at it. Change: bird. ---  
[The bird has grown bigger since the last time I looked at it.]
7. The bird has grown bigger since the last time I looked at it. Change: fed. ---  
[The bird has grown bigger since the last time I fed it.]
8. The bird has grown bigger since the last time I fed it. Change: dog. --- [The  
dog has grown bigger since the last time I fed it.]

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 109

1. I am still looking for a place.
2. I am still looking for a place to stay.
3. I am still looking for a place to stay since I was thrown out.
4. I am still looking for a place to stay since I was thrown out by my landlord.
5. I am still looking for a place to stay since I was thrown out by my landlord last week.

## Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 110

1. We have been arguing since we came home from our vacation.
2. They have been arguing since they came back from their vacation.
3. They have been debating since they came back from their holiday.
4. They have been fighting since they returned from their holiday.
5. They have been quarreling since they got back from their holiday.
6. They have been disagreeing since they got back from their holiday.

## Jumbled Sentences Exercise

Reorder the words to make a grammatical sentence.

1. Eve / Keith / her / since / better / feeling / left / is.
2. have / morning / driving / town / next / they / they / been / to / since / left / this / the.
3. since / guitar / been / I / got / new / I / have / practicing / my.
4. twelve / she / was / hair / own / her / she / has / cutting / been / since.

Page 111

- [1. Eve is feeling better since Keith left her.]
- [2. They have been driving to the next town since they left this morning.]
- [3. I have been practicing since I got my new guitar.]
- [4. She has been cutting her own hair since she was twelve.]

## Jumbled Sentences Exercise

Reorder the words to make a grammatical sentence.

5. since / they / married / celebrating / gotten / have / every /  
been / they / have / anniversary.
6. moved / three / department / months / to / since / I / has / it /  
this / been.
7. abroad / been / decade / since / have / we / has / it / been / a.
8. family / days / visited / since / it / two / my / has / I / been.

Page 112

[5. They have been celebrating every anniversary since they have gotten married.]

[6. It has been three months since I moved to this department.]

[7. It has been a decade since we have been abroad.]

[8. It has been two days since I visited my family.]



## Open Question Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

Page 113

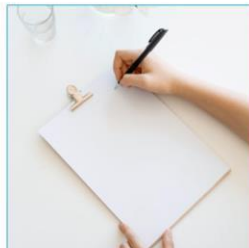
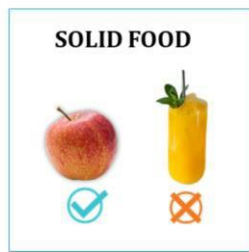
1. How long has it been since you last drank alcohol?
2. Have you been feeling ill since you had your last class?
3. How long has it been since you changed your computer?
4. Do you feel better since you have eaten your lunch?
5. Which places have you visited since you moved to that city?

**VOCABULARY**

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Page **114**

**Please refer to the definition file.**





## Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 117

1. Many coins around the world are flat silver discs.
2. He keeps a pad of paper with him.
3. The secretary checked the calendar for the schedule.
4. I need to ask a favor of my mum.
5. The builders request the owner to buy more materials.
6. They ask for more steel sheets.

## Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page **118**

7. A 4-month-old baby can already eat solids.
8. You have to switch your phone to airplane mode.
9. Children just want to watch the cartoon channel.
10. My cousins want to play on the slide.
11. A billionaire has much wealth.
12. Your shadow appears when you stand in front of a light.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 119

1. He has problems.
2. He has problems with people.
3. He has problems with people because of his wealth.
4. He has problems with people because of his wealth and popularity.
5. He has problems with people because of his wealth and lack of popularity.

## Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 120

1. The employees ask a favor to improve their mode of transportation.
2. The workers asked a favor to improve their mode of transportation.
3. The workers will ask a favor to improve their mode of communication.
4. The manager will ask a favor to change his mode of communication.
5. The manager should ask a favor to enhance his mode of communication.
6. I should ask a favor to enhance their mode of operation.
7. We should ask a favor to upgrade their mode of operation.



## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 121

1. Jenna has a calendar at home.
2. Jenna has a pad at home.
3. Jenna has some materials at home.
4. Jenna has some steel at home.
5. We have some steel at home.
6. We have some steel at the office.
7. We had some steel at the office.
8. We had some steel at the park.
9. We had a slide at the park.

## Inflection Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 122

1. She bought a pad of paper. Change: three. --- [She bought three pads of paper.]
2. Toby ran out of favor due to his tardiness. Change: laziness. --- [Toby ran out of favor due to his laziness.]
3. They use steel for buildings. Change: houses. --- [They use steel for houses.]
4. We often do channel surfing when we are bored. Change: free. --- [We often do channel surfing when we are free.]
5. My nieces love playing on their slide. Change: nephews. --- [My nephews love playing on their slide.]
6. Damian's wealth grew because of his international investment. Change: due to. --- [Damian's wealth grew due to his international investment.]
7. The shadow of the building gave us shade. Change: them. --- [The shadow of the building gave them shade.]
8. A child saw a small flat disc on the ground. Change: sees. --- [A child sees a small flat disc on the ground.]

**Teacher-led Minimal Pair Column Drill**

Identify whether each word being read by the teacher is from column A or column B.

**A**

1. mode
2. ton
3. steal
4. bump
5. rip
6. rid

**B**

- mood
- tone
- still
- bomb
- reap
- red

## Advanced Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 124

1. I need some materials. Repeat.
2. Add: like steel. --- [I need some materials like steel.]
3. Add: and a pad of cloth. --- [I need some materials like steel and a pad of cloth.]
4. Add: a metal disc. --- [I need some materials like steel, a metal disc, and a pad of cloth.]
5. Add: for my school project. --- [I need some materials like steel, a metal disc, and a pad of cloth for my school project.]

## Correct or Incorrect Exercise

Listen and tell whether the sentence is correct or incorrect.

Page 125

1. We look at a calendar for dates. --- [correct]
2. He wouldn't just give anyone a favor. -- [correct]
3. Don't disturb the manager when he is in that mode. --- [incorrect – Don't disturb the manager when he is in that mood.]
4. We watch the news channel every night. --- [correct]
5. We eat solid. --- [incorrect – We eat solid. ]
6. Kids likes the big slide in the park. --- [incorrect – Kids like the big slide in the park. ]
7. Great wealth make people happy. --- [incorrect – Great wealth makes people happy.]
8. Your shadow goes with you everywhere. --- [correct]

## Open Question Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

Page 126

1. What kind of material do you need to make a warm blanket?
2. What do you use a calendar for?
3. What mode of transportation do you use to go home?
4. Do you think the shape of the compact disc is practical? Why or why not?
5. Are solids better than liquids as food?

**VOCABULARY**

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Page 127

**Please refer to the definition file.**

## Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 128

1. The new law excludes retirees from paying the additional tax.
2. They dismissed the report as unimportant.
3. The dish she cooked consisted of carrots, potatoes, and beans.
4. The bath and the bedroom constitute my flat.
5. The athletes represented the country well.
6. A private business funded the show.



## Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 129

7. Being a citizen of a country entitles you to certain rights.
8. She deserves to win an award for being a great actress.
9. He proposes that we change some rules at work.
10. The officials rank the players to know who is the best.
11. I got up to the part of the movie where it got boring.
12. My mother told me to go after my dreams.

## Backward Build-up Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 130

1. in my report
2. basketball team in my report
3. local basketball team in my report
4. fund a local basketball team in my report
5. request to fund a local basketball team in my report
6. excluded the request to fund a local basketball team in my report
7. I have excluded the request to fund a local basketball team in my report.

## Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 131

1. He deserves to know his personal information.
2. He deserved to know important information.
3. I deserved to ask for important information.
4. I am entitled to get important information.
5. I was entitled to learn important information.
6. She was entitled to see important information.
7. They were entitled to dismiss important information.

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 132

1. Jonathan proposed to rank the students.
2. Jonathan proposed to go after the students.
3. Jonathan proposed to go after the thieves.
4. Jonathan suggested going after the thieves.
5. Jonathan wanted to go after the thieves.
6. Jonathan wanted to go after the killers.
7. David wanted to go after the killers.
8. David wished to go after the killers.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 133

1. She represents us.
2. She represents us and our business.
3. She represents us and our business as our lawyer.
4. She has represented us and our business as our lawyer from the beginning.
5. She has represented us and our business as our lawyer from the beginning until now.

## Question and Answer with Prompt Drill (Positive)

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

Page 134

1. Can a sandwich just consist of bread and butter? --- Yes, a sandwich can just consist ... [Yes, a sandwich can just consist of bread and butter.]
2. Does a hard-working man deserve a good rest? --- Yes, a hard-working man ... [Yes, a hard-working man deserves a good rest.]
3. Have you gotten up to the end of the book you are reading? --- Yes, I have ... [Yes, I have gotten up to the end of the book I am reading.]
4. Do policemen go after criminals? --- Yes, policemen ... [Yes, policemen go after criminals.]

## Question with Follow-up Questions Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

Page 135

- 1. Do private organizations sometimes fund charities? Do you know of any charitable organizations? Have you visited one before? Do you think charities are useful?**
- 2. Who represented your country in a popular sport? Do you watch sports competitions? Do you play any sports? What sport? Why do people enjoy sports?**
- 3. What constitutes a good breakfast? Do you eat breakfast? Why is breakfast considered the most important meal of the day? What do you drink with your breakfast?**

**Intermediate Student asks the Teacher Exercise**

Ask the teacher the following questions.

1. Would you exclude reporting your friend if he was involved in a crime?
2. What kind of news would you dismiss as unimportant?
3. Are you entitled to vote in a national election? Why or why not?
4. Can you rank three actresses according to beauty?
5. What can you propose I do after work?



- 1. It has been quite a long time since we went to a theme park.**
- 2. She has been writing books since she was eleven.**
- 3. We have been selling our furniture since we moved to a smaller house.**
- 4. It has only been a week since my sister gave birth.**
- 5. He has gone to the grocery store since he ran out of food in the fridge.**

6. Tina is a lot worse since she stopped receiving therapy.
7. They've been shopping in that supermarket since they were children.
8. She hasn't stopped playing with that doll since it was given to her.
9. Erika is drinking more water since she got dehydrated last month.
10. I have been eating regularly since I recovered from an illness.

- 1. Many coins around the world are flat silver discs.**
- 2. He keeps a pad of paper with him.**
- 3. The secretary checked the calendar for the schedule.**
- 4. I need to ask a favor of my mum.**
- 5. The builders request the owner to buy more materials.**
- 6. They ask for more steel sheets.**

- 7. A 4-month-old baby can already eat solids.**
- 8. You have to switch your phone to airplane mode.**
- 9. Children just want to watch the cartoon channel.**
- 10. My cousins want to play on the slide.**
- 11. A billionaire has much wealth.**
- 12. Your shadow appears when you stand in front of a light.**

1. The new law excludes retirees from paying the additional tax.
2. They dismissed the report as unimportant.
3. The dish she cooked consisted of carrots, potatoes, and beans.
4. The bath and the bedroom constitute my flat.
5. The athletes represented the country well.
6. A private business funded the show.

7. Being a citizen of a country entitles you to certain rights.
8. She deserves to win an award for being a great actress.
9. He proposes that we change some rules at work.
10. The officials rank the players to know who is the best.
11. I got up to the part of the movie where it got boring.
12. My mother told me to go after my dreams.

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 143

1. I am a lot taller since the last time you saw me.
2. I am a lot thinner since the last time you saw me.
3. She is a lot thinner since the last time you saw her.
4. She is a lot happier since the last time you saw her.
5. She is a lot worse since the last time you saw her.
6. He is a lot worse since the last time you saw him.
7. He is a lot worse since the last time you talked to him.
8. He is a lot better since the last time you talked to him.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 144

1. He has problems.
2. He has problems with people.
3. He has problems with people because of his wealth.
4. He has problems with people because of his wealth and popularity.
5. He has problems with people because of his wealth and lack of popularity.



## Advanced Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 145

1. My mother has been cleaning since I left this morning. Repeat.
2. Change: grandmother, cooking. --- My grandmother has been cooking since I left this morning.]
3. Change: her, cleaning. --- [Her grandmother has been cleaning since she left this morning.]
4. Change: brother, complaining. --- [Her brother has been complaining since she left this morning.]
5. Change: playing, arrived. --- [Her brother has been playing since she arrived this morning.]
6. Change: sleeping, afternoon. --- [Her brother has been sleeping since she arrived this afternoon.]
7. Change: father, reading. --- [Her father has been reading since she arrived this afternoon.]
8. Change: sister, singing. --- [Her sister has been singing since she arrived this afternoon.]

## Question and Answer with Prompt Drill (Positive)

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

Page 146

1. Can a sandwich just consist of bread and butter? Yes, a sandwich can just consist ... ---[Yes, a sandwich can just consist of bread and butter.]
2. Does a hard-working man deserve a good rest? Yes, a hard-working man ... --  
-[Yes, a hard-working man deserves a good rest.]
3. Have you gotten up to the end of the book you are reading? Yes, I have ... ----  
[Yes, I have gotten up to the end of the book I am reading.]
4. Do policemen go after criminals? Yes, policemen ... ----[Yes, policemen go after criminals.]

## Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 147

1. He deserves to know his personal information.
2. He deserved to know important information.
3. I deserved to ask for important information.
4. I am entitled to get important information.
5. I was entitled to learn important information.
6. She was entitled to see important information.
7. They were entitled to dismiss important information.

## Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 148

1. The plant has grown taller since the last time I watered it. Repeat.
2. The plant has grown taller since the last time I watered it. Change: looked at. -  
-- [The plant has grown taller since the last time I looked at it.]
3. The plant has grown taller since the last time I looked at it. Change: tree. ---  
[The tree has grown taller since the last time I looked at it.]
4. The tree has grown taller since the last time I looked at it. Change: bigger. ---  
[The tree has grown bigger since the last time I looked at it.]
5. The tree has grown bigger since the last time I looked at it. Change: hill. ---  
[The hill has grown bigger since the last time I looked at it.]
6. The hill has grown bigger since the last time I looked at it. Change: bird. ---  
[The bird has grown bigger since the last time I looked at it.]
7. The bird has grown bigger since the last time I looked at it. Change: fed. ---  
[The bird has grown bigger since the last time I fed it.]
8. The bird has grown bigger since the last time I fed it. Change: dog. --- [The  
dog has grown bigger since the last time I fed it.]

**Teacher-led Minimal Pair Column Drill**

Identify whether each word being read by the teacher is from column A or column B.

**A**

1. mode
2. ton
3. steal
4. bump
5. rip
6. rid

**B**

- mood
- tone
- still
- bomb
- reap
- red

## Inflection Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 150

1. She bought a pad of paper. Change: three. --- [She bought three pads of paper.]
2. Toby ran out of favor due to his tardiness. Change: laziness. --- [Toby ran out of favor due to his laziness.]
3. They use steel for buildings. Change: houses. --- [They use steel for houses.]
4. We often do channel surfing when we are bored. Change: free. -- -[We often do channel surfing when we are free.]
5. My nieces love playing on their slide. Change: nephews. -- [My nephews love playing on their slide.]
6. Damian's wealth grew because of his international investment. Change: due to. --- [Damian's wealth grew due to his international investment.]
7. The shadow of the building gave us shade. Change: them. --- [The shadow of the building gave them shade.]
8. A child saw a small flat disc on the ground. Change: sees. --- [A child sees a small flat disc on the ground.]

## Backward Build-up Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 151

1. in my report
2. basketball team in my report
3. local basketball team in my report
4. fund a local basketball team in my report
5. request to fund a local basketball team in my report
6. excluded the request to fund a local basketball team in my report
7. I have excluded the request to fund a local basketball team in my report.

## Advanced Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 152

1. I need some materials. Repeat.
2. Add: like steel. --- [I need some materials like steel.]
3. Add: and a pad of cloth. --- [I need some materials like steel and a pad of cloth.]
4. Add: a metal disc. --- [I need some materials like steel, a metal disc, and a pad of cloth.]
5. Add: for my school project. --- [I need some materials like steel, a metal disc, and a pad of cloth for my school project.]



## Intermediate Student asks the Teacher Exercise

Ask the teacher the following questions.

1. Would you exclude reporting your friend if he was involved in a crime?
2. What kind of news would you dismiss as unimportant?
3. Are you entitled to vote in a national election? Why or why not?
4. Can you rank three actresses according to beauty?
5. What can you propose I do after work?

## Mixed Writing Exercise

Listen, follow the instructions, and write the sentences.

Page 154

1. It has been quite a long time since we went to a theme park. Write. --- [It has been quite a long time since we went to a theme park.]
2. I need some materials like steel. Add: and a pad of cloth. --- [I need some materials like steel and a pad of cloth.]
3. Jonathan proposed to rank the students. Change: teachers. --- [Jonathan proposed to rank the teachers.]
4. The bird has grown bigger since the last time I looked at it. Change: fed. --- [The bird has grown bigger since the last time I fed it.]
5. I need some materials like steel, a metal disc and a pad of cloth. Add: for my school project. --- [I need some materials like steel, a metal disc, and a pad of cloth for my school project.]

## Communicating General Beliefs

# It is known that...

Page 155

We commonly use the phrases “it is known that..”, “it is said that..”, “it is believed that...” and “it is commonly known that ...” to communicate common beliefs and knowledge.

Examples: It is known that exercise helps your body get stronger.

It is said that chocolate can cause happiness.

It is believed that tobacco causes cancer.

## Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 156

1. It is known that the Philippines has beautiful beaches.
2. It is said that cold weather can get you sick.
3. It is commonly known that cockroaches are dirty.
4. It is believed that you shouldn't eat the food you dropped.
5. It is known that water is healthy.
6. It is said that oceans have many animals.
7. It is believed that wood is a tough material.
8. It is commonly known that London is the capital of England.
9. It is known that Greeks used to believe in gods.
10. It is said that humans cannot live alone.

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 157

1. It is said that vegetables are good for the body.
2. It is known that vegetables are good for the body.
3. It is believed that vegetables are good for the body.
4. It is believed that bread is good for the body.
5. It is believed that nuts are good for the body.
6. It is believed that bananas are good for the brain.
7. It is believed that carrots are good for the brain.
8. It is believed that carrots are good for the skin.

## Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

Page 158

1. It is commonly known that it is not very easy to drive.
2. It is commonly known that it is not very hard to walk.
3. It is commonly known that it is very hard to do nothing.
4. It is commonly known that it is hard to paint.
5. It is commonly known that it is easy to boil an egg.
6. It is commonly known that it is easy to cook a potato.
7. It is commonly known that it is not easy to cook chicken.

## Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 159

1. It is known that Canada is a cold country. Repeat.
2. It is known that Canada is a cold country. Change: Scotland. --- [It is known that Scotland is a cold country.]
3. It is known that Scotland is a cold country. Change: beautiful. --- [It is known that Scotland is a beautiful country.]
4. It is known that Scotland is a beautiful country. Change: Spain. --- [It is known that Spain is a beautiful country.]
5. It is known that Spain is a beautiful country. Change: European. --- [It is known that Spain is a European country.]
6. It is known that Spain is a European country. Change: England. --- [It is known that England is a European country.]
7. It is known that England is a European country. Change: rainy. --- [It is known that England is a rainy country.]
8. It is known that England is a rainy country. Change: place. --- [It is known that England is a rainy place.]

## Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 160

1. It is believed that medicine helps you feel better. Repeat.
2. It is believed that medicine helps you feel better. Change: food. --- [It is believed that food helps you feel better.]
3. It is believed that food helps you feel better. Change: drinks. --- [It is believed that drinks help you feel better.]
4. It is believed that drinks help you feel better. Change: soup. --- [It is believed that soup helps you feel better.]
5. It is believed that soup helps you feel better. Change: resting. --- [It is believed that resting helps you feel better.]
6. It is believed that resting helps you feel better. Change: alcohol. --- [It is believed that alcohol helps you feel better.]
7. It is believed that alcohol helps you feel better. Change: makes. --- [It is believed that alcohol makes you feel better.]
8. It is believed that alcohol makes you feel better. Change: worse. --- [It is believed that alcohol makes you feel worse.]



## Advanced Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

Page 161

1. It is said that food is hard to find in some countries. Repeat.
2. Change: water, places. --- [It is said that water is hard to find in some places.]
3. Change: animals, cities. --- [It is said that animals are hard to find in some cities.]
4. Change: easy, catch. --- [It is said that animals are easy to catch in some cities.]
5. Change: monkeys, forests. --- [It is said that monkeys are easy to catch in some forests.]
6. Change: birds, see. --- [It is said that birds are easy to see in some forests.]
7. Change: gold, discover. --- [It is said that gold is easy to discover in some forests.]

## Jumbled Sentences Exercise

Reorder the words to make a grammatical sentence.

1. believed / save / it / that / is / computers / information.
2. it / known / some / cure / commonly / that / plants / can / sickness / is.
3. is / coffee / known / that / it / up / wakes / you.
4. body / needed / it / vitamins / is / said / that / in / are /the.

Page 162

[1. It is believed that computers save information.]

[2. It is commonly known that some plants can cure sickness.]

[3. It is known that coffee wakes you up.]

[4. It is said that vitamins are needed in the body.]

## Jumbled Sentences Exercise

Reorder the words to make a grammatical sentence.

5. body / it / needs / hot / water / more / is / the / when / it / that / believed / is.
6. made / paper / commonly / from / is / known / it / wood / that / is.
7. plastic / it / for / environment / bad / is / that / known / is / the.
8. world / the / said / mountain / Nepal / highest / is / in / it / that / the / has.

Page 163

- [5. It is believed that the body needs more water when it is hot.]
- [6. It is commonly known that paper is made from wood.]
- [7. It is known that plastic is bad for the environment.]
- [8. It is said that Nepal has the highest mountain in the world.]

## Correct or Incorrect Exercise

Listen and tell whether the sentence is correct or incorrect.

Page 164

1. It is commonly known that China has the biggest population in the world. --- [correct]
2. It is believed that night is for sleeping. --- [incorrect – It is believed that the night is for sleeping.]
3. It is said that cell phones is used to calling. --- [incorrect – It is said that cell phones are used for calling.]
4. It is known that Japanese has their own language. --- [incorrect – It is known that Japan has their own language.]
5. It is said that thieves come at night. --- [correct]
6. It is believed that fruits are good sources of vitamin C. --- [correct]
7. It is commonly known that village streets are smaller. --- [correct]
8. It is known that city life can busy. --- [incorrect – It is known that city life can be busy.]