



# SMART JUNIORS **3**

Exploring the World and Its Diverse Cultures

## Lesson 42 Grammar Station



Students often  
make mistakes with...

**in, on, and at**  
to express location



I saw you **on** the bus yesterday.  
Where did you go?



Really? I was **in** Tokyo to  
see a film **at** the theatre.



## Preposition 'in'

### **in** + country/city/limited area



**In** Japan, taking the train is common.  
Grandma likes to grow plants **in** the garden.

### **in** + inside a building/room/container



Chinese serve rice **in** bowls.  
They pray **in** the temple.

### **in** + small vehicle



Larry likes singing **in** the car.

- Leah's family lives in \_\_\_\_\_ *(city)*.
- Put your phone in the \_\_\_\_\_ *(container)*.
- Jack felt dizzy in the \_\_\_\_\_ *(small vehicle)*.

Have a try!



## Preposition 'on'

### on + point on a fixed line

Traveling **on** the road is never boring with friends.



### on + surface

Dining **on** the floor is a traditional Japanese practice.



### on + big vehicle

I like how passengers are quiet **on** the bus.



- Walking on the \_\_\_\_\_ (*point on a fixed line*) is fun.
- The map is on the \_\_\_\_\_ (*surface*).
- It is rude to talk loudly on the \_\_\_\_\_ (*big vehicle*).

Have a try!



## Preposition 'at'

### at + meeting place

Let's meet **at** the park before our trip.



### at + place in terms of its use

Our visitors are now **at** the conference hall.



### at + event

**At** the festival, we tried food from around the world.



- John will wait for his friends at the \_\_\_\_\_ *(meeting place)*.
- The team is practicing football at the \_\_\_\_\_ *(place in terms of its use)*.
- We had a great time at the \_\_\_\_\_ *(event)* last night.

Have a try!



- Read the text below and fill in the blanks with **in**, **on**, or **at**.

## Moving Around in Different Cities

\_\_\_\_\_ Tokyo, people hurry to catch trains \_\_\_\_\_ the station, where being on time is very important. \_\_\_\_\_ Paris, locals meet \_\_\_\_\_ sidewalk cafes, enjoying the city's lively atmosphere. \_\_\_\_\_ New York City, taxis honk loudly \_\_\_\_\_ busy streets, and visitors explore famous landmarks. These places show how people move around differently in cities, reflecting diverse cultures.



Students often make mistakes with the...

**Passive Voice**



Have the train tickets **been purchased** yet?

Yes. They **were bought** online yesterday.



## Passive Voice

It is formed with 'be' + past participle.

*examples:*

Maps **are provided** for tourists in Rome.  
passive

Our luggage **was checked** before boarding the plane.  
passive

The Tokyo subway **is known** for its efficiency.  
passive

- Street vendors \_\_\_\_\_ (see) selling food in Bangkok.
- The Eiffel Tower \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) by millions of people every year.

Have a try!





## Passive: Have/Get Something Done

It is used when we ask someone else to do something for us.

passive



London visitors **have tours organized** by local companies.

*(Local companies organize tours for London visitors.)*

passive



Tourists in Rome **have their photos taken** by street photographers.

*(Street photographers take photos of tourists in Rome.)*

- We \_\_\_\_\_ (have) our passports \_\_\_\_\_ (check) by customs officials at airports.
- You can \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a traditional Korean hanbok attire \_\_\_\_\_ (rent) for special events.

Have a try!



## It + Passive + That

It is used when we report what **people in general say or believe**.



passive

It **is said** that Japanese people are polite.

*(People say that Japanese people are polite.)*



passive

It **is known** that this hotel's chefs are exceptional.

*(Many people know that the hotel's chefs are exceptional.)*

- It \_\_\_\_\_ (believe) that traveling promotes personal growth and self-discovery.
- It \_\_\_\_\_ (report) last year that Singapore's public transportation is one of the best.

Have a try!



- Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence using the given word.

Example: Everyone thinks Italian food is delicious. **[thought]**

It is thought that Italian food is delicious.

1. Residents drive cars to travel between cities in the US. **[driven]**

\_\_\_\_\_ to travel between cities in the US.

2. People say that using buses is the best way to move around Taipei. **[said]**

\_\_\_\_\_ is the best way to move around Taipei.

3. A famous chef cooks our dinner at the hotel. **[cooked]**

\_\_\_\_\_ by a famous chef at the hotel.





## Prepositions of Place

**in**

- country/city/limited area
- + inside a building/room/container
- small vehicle

**on**

- point on a fixed line
- + surface
- big vehicle

**at**

- meeting place
- + place in terms of its use
- event

## Passive Voice

- It is formed with 'be' + past participle.

The Tokyo subway **is known** for its efficiency.  
passive

- We use **have/get something done** when we ask someone else to do something for us.

We **have our things prepared** by mom.  
passive

- We use **It + Passive + That** to report what people in general say or believe.

It is known that London is a beautiful city.  
passive



# WHAT'S NEXT...

In the next lesson, we're going to start a new unit.

See you next class!