Listen and fill in the blanks	(((Listen	and	fill	in	the	blanks
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Scientists a	re making	cows and sheep
scapegoats	globa	al warming. There
are new reports that		
animals burping and	flatulence	to
the environment tha	n four-wheel-	drive cars. Experts
claim cows are response	onsible for ab	out three per cent
of Britain's greenhous	se gases. Mich	ael Abberton of the
Institute of Grasslar	nd and Enviro	onmental Research
said the average	cow or	
100 to 200 litres of		
damaging than the ca	arbon	•
Methane emissions		
quarter of the gas i	n our air. In	Britain, cows and
sheep	c	of methane - a gas
that is 23 times mo		
	_ global warn	ning.
		burping and
farting in cows and	8	
this, it could help		
under the Kyoto agr		
to find a new way t		
	_ produced.	The key seems to
be in developing nev	w types of fo	ood that are easier
for farm animals to d	igest. Scienti:	sts in Wales believe



outting garlic in their food or
lobal warming by cutting the amount of gas produced
y up to 50 per cent. Project leader Professor Jamie
lewbold said: "Garlic directly attacks the organisms
methane." He is conducting
ests to see if the garlic gives
r, more specifically, if it lead to garlic flavoured mill
nd meat.

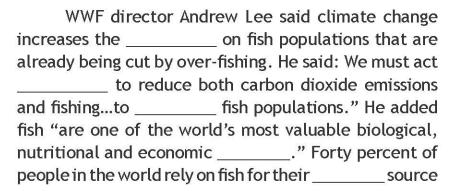
Give the synonyms of the following words:

- 1. flatulence
- 2. hazardous
- 3. commitments
- 4. impact
- 5. gut

- 1. Do you think animals pose a threat to our environment?
- 2. Do you think scientists will win the race to reduce methane?
- 3. If Britain reduces levels of cow and sheep emissions, do you think it can relax on cutting down on industrial pollution?
- 4. What action do you think government should take to reduce the levels of burping and flatulence in cows and sheep?
- 5. What other ways do animals harm the environment?
- 6. Do you think bodily gases from people also need reducing?
- 7. Do you think we could use the methane from cows and sheep to solve some energy problems?
- 8. Should there be ads to make people aware of this problem?
- 9. Would you drink garlic flavored milk if it helped protect the environment?
- 10. Would you change your diet if it helped protect the environment?



A new report from the World Wildlife Fund
(WWF) how fish populations are in serious
danger from global warming. The report "Are we
putting our fish in hot water?" describes how
change is increasing the water temperature in rivers,
lakes and seas. This means there is less food and
oxygen available for fish. It also means the fish may
not grow and may have offspring.
Some fish cannot reproduce if winter temperatures
are not cold enough. Warmer water means fish could
migrate to cooler areas. Some species will
become extinct if temperatures even by one
or two degrees.





of protein. Dr. Richard Dixon of WWF Scotland said: "If we fail to ______ deeper reductions in greenhouse gas emissions we will increase the pressures on fish and the billions of people that _____ on them."

Give the synonyms of the following words:

- 1. offspring
- 2. migrate
- 3. extinct
- 4. depend
- 5. assets

- 1. What do you think about what you read?
- 2. What do you think about fish being in danger of extinction?
- 3. Is it true that due to climate change we are putting our fish in hot water?
- 4. Are you interested in new reports on climate change?
- 5. Do you think we still have time to save the fish population?
- 6. How bad would it be if all salmon disappeared from the world?
- 7. What would it mean for your country's economy if some fish species became extinct?
- 8. Do you think governments are more worried about losing votes from the fishing industry than losing the fish populations?
- 9. Which do you think is more important, the car industry or the survival of catfish and salmon?
- 10. What would happen if a few fish species became extinct?

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London may soon
shoppers in the city and helping the environment by
banning the use of the ubiquitous plastic shopping
bag Londoners and tourists
use 1.6 billion plastic bags each year, many of which
are thrown Shoppers may
soon have to buy reusable bags in an attempt to
reduce the strain on landfill sites, where the bags
take 400 Local authorities
have asked the British government to ban retailers
from giving away free plastic bags. A spokesman said
bags and pass the money
raised on to environmental projects. "As a society,
we need to do far more to
waste we are sending to landfill and London as a city
is determined to take an ambitious lead on this issue,"
he said.
Retailers idea and
have promised to fight the government to stop the ban
from going ahead. The British Retail Consortium said
there was would simply cause
inconvenience to shoppers. Aspokesman told reporters:
"We think it's excessive and misguided [because]
committed to reducing the
environmental impact of bags by 25 per cent by the end



of next year." He	_affect sales,
saying: "If somebody is going to go into a	supermarket
or convenience store,	
practical terms, unless they have bro	ought a bag
with them, how they will be able to bu	ly more than
a few items."	22 percent of
Londoners supported a total ban on plas	stic bags or a
tax on them.	

Give the synonyms of the following words:

- 1. habits
- 2. estimates
- 3. strain
- 4 excessive
- 5. impact

- 1. What are your feelings after reading the article?
- 2. Are there too many plastic bags in your country?
- 3. Does your country have any campaigns to recycle plastic?
- 4. Do you think shops need to give plastic (or any) bags to customers?
- 5. Do you think our throwaway society has gone too far?
- 6. Do you think retailers are right to be up in arms over this issue?
- 7. Would people really buy less if there were no free plastic bags?
- 8. Do you think no free plastic bags would give inconvenience to shoppers?
- 9. What do you think of the idea of selling reusable bags and giving the money to environmental projects?
- 10. Could you easily live without bags?

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Scientists have found that taking a shower
for you. New research
from the University of Colorado has found there
can be harmful bacteria
in showerheads. Researchers said the very first jets
of water from the shower are the most dangerous.
The shower acts like an aerosol, spraying the
This means having a daily
shower may we think.
Scientists tested 50 different showers across nine
US cities. They discovered that a third of these had
bacteria that can cause lung
damage. Researcher Laura Baumgartner advised: "For
most people, the answer is simple. Don't stand in
front of the shower comes
out."
The research project
that is looking at our daily environment. In particular,
the research team is looking
of water and air in schools, homes and public
buildings. Research into the bathroom environment
Ms. Baumgartner said
showers were more dangerous than baths because
sprays. Showerheads are



much harder to clean than baths because they are
enclosed. Furthermore, it
inhale the bacteria into our lungs because of the
steam in the shower. Baumgartner did say we should
about her discovery: "I take
showers every day, and I'm not at all worried," she
said.

Give the synonyms of the following words:

- 1. found
- 2. hygienic
- 3. inhale
- 4 results
- 5. wider

- 1. Do you prefer showers or baths?
- 2. What do you think of the findings in this article?
- 3. Will this article make you shower differently?
- 4. What other dangers do you think there might be in taking a shower?
- 5. Taking a shower too often washes away the skin's necessary oils. Is this bad for us?
- 6. Do you prefer to take a shower in the morning or evening? Why?
- 7. What do you think the microbiology of your kitchen and bathroom is like?
- 8. Will you now go home and clean the inside of your shower-head? Why?
- 9. What would life be like without baths and showers?
- 10. Do you think there are too many studies that tell us what is bad for us?

Listen and fill in the blanks	(((Listen	and	fill	in	the	blanks
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Road pollution to
children's health. That's the worrying conclusion of
the longest and largest study* ever undertaken into
the effects of traffic fumes on
Researchers from the University of Southern
California spent 13 years studying children who lived
within 500 meters of busy highways. They found
3,600 children in the study had
significantly weakened lungs. Researchers said this
meant the children could have breathing problems
for the The main author
of the study W. James Gauderman said: "Someone
suffering a pollution-related deficit in lung function
as a child will probably have less than healthy lungs
all of" He added: "If you live in a
high-pollution area and live near a busy road, you get
damage."
damage.
Gauderman and his team on
youngsters who lived near busy roads. Once a year,
the team measured the children's lung power. It
checked how much air the children could release in
how quickly it could be released. The
team found that by their 18th birthday, children who
of a highway exhaled three per
cent less air compared with children who lived one-and-
a-half kilometers away. Further, the highway children's



lung power was seve	en per cent	rate at
which they could ex	hale. Gauderma	n said that: "Even
if you are in a relat	ively low region	al pollution area,
living near a road p	roduces lung pr	oblems." About a
H	moved away	from busy roads
during the study but	stayed near the	same community.
Their	health	ily.

Give the synonyms of the following words:

- 1. fumes
- 2. deficit
- 3. exhale
- 4. further
- 5. pollution

- 1. What do you think of road pollution?
- 2. When do you think roads will become less polluted?
- 3. Do you live or have you lived near a busy road?
- 4. Is there a lot of road pollution near where you live?
- 5. Have you ever suffered any forms of lung complaint?
- 6. What is the worst pollution you have encountered?
- 7. Do you think children with damaged lungs should sue their government for damages?
- 8. Can we consider drivers criminals if they use busy roads and pollute the air which eventually damage children's lungs?
- 9. What does your government do about road pollution?
- 10. Should vehicles with high emissions be banned from the roads?

Listen and fi	ll in	the	blanks
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A United Nations committee on climate change
control global warming. The panel,
made up of representatives from over 120 countries,
believes harm greenhouse gases
do to the atmosphere. Its report concluded the
picture of Armageddon painted by many scientists
use technology and have the
right strategies to protect the ozone layer. Rajendra
Pachauri, chairman of the panel, told reporters in
Bangkok a "remarkable step
forward". The panel indicated that we can keep our
Earth safe by changing energy
around the world. Most important is to introduce
more fuel-efficient vehicles and household goods.
For this to happen, individuals
lifestyles and spending patterns.



R	eport	co-autho	or Pete	Sn	nith	said:	"	We
	W.14	to	address	ing	this	proble	m	at
relative	ely low	costs				options	."	Не
calcula [.]	ted tha	at it would	d cost le	ss th	an tl	ree pe	rce	ent
of world	d econ	omic outp	ut by 20	30. F	le ad	ded: "\	We	've
got a bi	ig	***	[bu	t] th	is rep	ort pro	ovio	des
governr	ments	with a wa	y out."	The	"big	proble	m"	' is
the da	mage	rising ten	nperatur	es _				

Ear	th. Increa	ased f	loods,	dro	oughts	i,		,
mor	e violen	t and	destr	ucti	ive st	orms and	d extinct	ions
of	species	are	just	a	few	things	threate	ning
,	*100*		_ plar	net.	The	report	stressed	the
urge	ent need	for in	ntrodu	icin	g		c	lean
tecl	nnologies	. Har	lan Wa	atso	n, he	ad of th	e U.S. te	am,
war	ned: "If	we c	ontinu	ue t	ob o	what w	e are do	oing,
			deer	tro	ouble.	"		

Give the synonyms of the following words:

- 1. strategies
- 2. indicated
- 3. threatening
- 4. range
- 5. limit

- 1. When did you first hear about climate change?
- 2. Do you think cost is important in saving our planet?
- 3. Do you agree with people who say global warming is not man made?
- 4. What do you think global warming will do to the Earth?
- 5. Has global warming changed the weather in your country?
- 6. What are the most dangerous weather phenomena that happen in your country?
- 7. What can we do to protect species from becoming extinct?
- 8. What does your government do to slow down the rate of climate change?
- 9. Do you think scientists and your country's government can control climate change?
- 10. What do you do to help save our environment?

Listen and fill in the blanks	(((Listen	and	fill	in	the	blanks.
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A solar-powered cooker made from a cardboard international environment award.
The Kyoto Box, the brainchild of designer John
Bohmer, beat 300 other inventions. Mr. Bohmer
\$75,000 in the Financial Times
Climate Change Challenge. The simple Kyoto Box
costs just \$5 to make. People,
bake bread and boil water. It is
design. It is made from two boxes, one inside the
other. The boxes are covered with black paint and
silver foil, which trap the sun's heat. The Kyoto Box
beat another the environment - a
food additive that stops cows passing wind. Scientists
from animals makes up 20% of all
greenhouse gasses.



Mr. Bohmer was d	elighted	with h	nis priz	e. He told
reporters: "This is	the			find."
He added that hi	s "straig	htforwa	ard sol	ution" was
actually "discovere	ed 240 ye	ears ag	o." Boh	mer hopes
UN R	help th	ree bill	ion of	the world's
poorest people. He	said: "We	e're sav	ing lives	and saving
trees.		is any	other	technology
that can make so r	much imp	oact for	r so litt	le money."

His invention really should	_ in poor
countries. Millions of children die every y	ear from
drinking dirty water. The Kyoto Box will mean	they can
now drink boiled water and so	
It should also halve the amount of firewood	d people
need for cooking. This will save two tones	of carbon

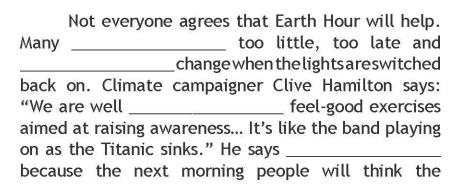
Give the synonyms of the following words:

- 1. brainchild
- 2. extremely
- 3. delighted
- 4. straightforward
- 5. halve

- 1. What do you think of the solar cooker idea?
- 2. Do you think the simplest ideas are always the best?
- 3. Why do you think this idea took so long to be turned into something practical?
- 4. Do you think \$75,000 is a good prize for this invention?
- 5. Do you think this idea will really help three billion people?
- 6. What was the last brainchild you had?
- 7. Do you think this idea will really help three billion people?
- 8. Why do you think this invention is called the Kyoto Box?
- 9. Do you have any cool ideas to help save the environment?
- 10. What biggest environmental problem are we experiencing now?



Millions of buildings around the globe
hour on Saturday, March 28 as the third Earth Hour takes place. The event is organized by the World Wildlife Fund. It started in attention to the dangers of
climate change. The Earth Hour website says: "For history, people of all ages, nationalities,
race and background have the opportunity switch as their vote - Switching off
your lights is a vote for Earth, or leaving them on is a vote for global warming." Organizers hope their message people. UN Secretary-
General Ban Ki-moon said Earth Hour promises to be "the largest demonstration about climate change ever attempted".





climate has recovered a little. "Symbolism is powerful _______, but dangerous if it substitutes for it," he says. Environmentalist Mark Alexander-Warne agrees. He stresses ______ our daily energy consumption, rather than simply "sitting around in the dark" for an hour.

Give the synonyms of the following words:

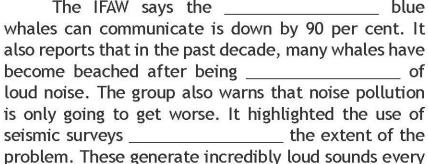
- 1. takes place
- 2. drawing attention to
- 3. switched
- 4. leads to
- 5. opportunity

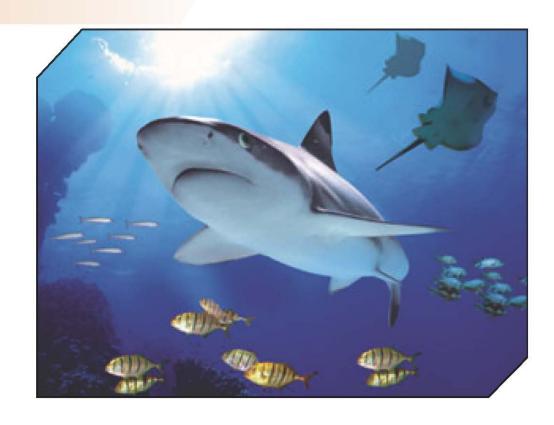
- 1. What difference do you think Earth Hour will make to the world?
- 2. Do you think Earth Hour is a good idea?
- 3. Will / Did you turn off the lights for Earth Hour?
- 4. What do you think of the idea of turning off your lights for an hour being a vote for Earth?
- 5. What did Clive Hamilton mean when he mentioned the Titanic?
- 6. Do you think it's possible for everyone to reduce their daily energy consumption?
- 7. Do you think there should be even Earth 12 Hours and that people should turn off their lights for a lot longer?
- 8. Do you think people around the world are actually concerned about climate change?
- 9. Has your life been affected by climate change?
- 10. What do you do every day to help save energy or save the planet?

Listen and fill in the blan	ks.
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oceans and a serious threat
to marine wildlife. Scientists report that there
is hardly an underwater place left where marine
mammals can quiet. Dozens of
species of whale, dolphin, turtle and other creatures
communicate, find mates and
hunt for food. Their increasingly noisy environment
more difficult to lead a
normal life. This is according to a report from the
International Fund for Animal Welfare (IFAW), called
"Ocean Noise: Turn it Down". The environmental
group, military sonar, oil and
gas surveys, offshore construction and marine sports
has reached dangerous
The IFAW says the blue
whales can communicate is down by 90 per cent. It

Human-made noise pollution in the Earth's





ten seconds that can travel 3,000 km. There are 90 survey ships ______ today. In addition, the number of ships sailing the seas will double by 2025. Mark Simmonds, a conservation spokesman, said, "man-made noise is already triggering a kind _____," and called for a "______ pollution in the underwater world".

Give the synonyms of the following words:

- 1. threat
- 2. marine
- 3. disorientated
- 4. response
- 5. rely

- 1. What springs to mind when you hear the term 'noise pollution'?
- 2. What do you think of the concept of noise pollution in the oceans?
- 3. What do you think will happen to whales if they cannot communicate?
- 4. How do you think we can reverse noise pollution in the oceans?
- 5. What would your government do if all whales and dolphins were in danger of becoming extinct because of noise pollution?
- 6. What will happen to marine mammals if noise pollution gets worse?
- 7. Do you think human activity will eventually kill the oceans?
- 8. What would life be like without human-made noises?
- 9. What do you think "acoustic fog" is?
- 10. What other kinds of pollution are you worried about?

((Listen	and	fill	in	the	blanks
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(WWF) warns that the current rate of climate change
is putting many of world's great
drying up. The report, "WWF's Top 10 Rivers at Risk",
was World Water Day (March
22nd). It is Among the endangered
rivers are the Rio Grande, U.S
Mexico border; the Yangtze, Mekong and Ganges rivers
in Asia; the Danube in Europe; and Africa's mighty
River Nile. The WWF says these waterways, which
provide fresh water to millions of people, are "facing
WWF, issued a dire warning: "The world's freshwater
ecosystems, and the rivers in this
report are the front lines," he says.
The Rio Grande makes the list, says the report,
"because threatened by water
diversions," coming from a "widespread alteration

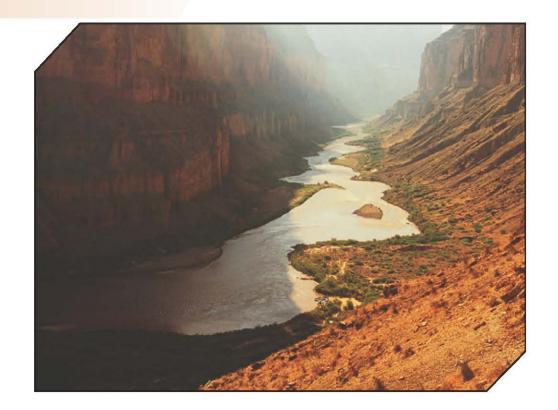
of the floodplain". Dams and pollution _____ putting the river in danger. A combination of drought

and people taking too much water out of the river

is ______. This is endangering a unique

desert river ecosystem, which might damage the

A report released by the World Wildlife Fund



economic growth of communities along the U.S.-Mexico border. The WWF is working ______ conserve fish stocks. It also hopes farmers can maintain a sustainable supply of water and live in harmony with the rivers. Another _____ establishment of more protected areas _____ rivers most important for wildlife.

Give the synonyms of the following words:

- 1. coincide
- 2. endangering
- 3. sustainable
- 4 alteration
- 5. coincide

- 1. Do you have a favorite world river?
- 2. Do you think these rivers can really dry up?
- 3. Do you think governments should stop diverting the flow of rivers and building dams?
- 4. Are there many dams in your country? Are they essential
- 5. How polluted are the rivers in your country?
- 6. What should people around the world do on World Water Day?
- 7. Do you think governments can act together to save rivers that run through many different countries?
- 8. Do you think climate change is to blame for the rivers being at risk?
- 9. What would happen if water became as expensive as gasoline?
- 10. What will happen when the word's freshwater supplies are threatened?